# AMATEUR RADIO

Vol. 53. No. 3 Mary 1985

Vol. 54. No. 3 Mary 1985

Vol. 55. No. 3 Mary 1985

Vol. 55. No. 3 Mary 1985

Vol. 55. No. 3 Mary 1985

Vol. 56. No. 3 Mary 1985

Vol. 57. No. 3 Mar

Featuring a Special 75th Anniversary Section from the

New South Wales Diesen of the Institute

# W & M DEVELOPMENTS PTY LTD

Head Office: 23 DALRAY STREET, LALOR PARK, NSW 2147

Phone: 624 2691

Correspondence to: P.O. Box 311. SEVEN HILLS, NSW 2147

# I/A A.N.C.S. Antenna Systems by ANTEN KYOGO Japan's Leading Antenna Manufacturers



MOBILE ANTENNAS UHF & VHF Up to 7dB gain.

430 - 440 2 STACK 430 - 440 4 STACK 430 - 440 8 STACK

GY-7150

20.0 dBi 430 MH-

Sydney Agent for:

ICOM IC 40

UHF HANDHELD

PUMA LINEARS UHF & VHF Up to 600 wates.



ALINCO POWER SUPPLIES 2 amp to 55 amp

144 - 148 2 STACK 144 - 148 4 STACK

> GY-211 SO 144 MHz

> > ARN5

For the amateur who is serious about his DX. Please call for info. - No more chasing bits and pieces. All systems are complete including cross booms.

Expected delivery mid-March, ORDER NOW.



Watch for the details of the fireworks display at Dural in April.

TECHNICAL FEATURES

# Cassette Log Programme by Neil Cornish VKZKCN 18 DSB/CW Transmitter for 80m by Drew Diamond VK3XU 14 How to Convert Commodore Symbols by Vkcki Marsden VK2EVM 20

# SPECIAL FEATURES

Some Thoughts on RF Oscillators

by Harry Voake VK3AVO ...

TECHN

Brenda Ednordo Barshal Enn

locitett vi

on Benderace

CONTRIBUTING EDITORS

SPECIAL FEATU	ars.
mateur History	
by Alan Shawamith VK4SS mateur Radio Abbreviations	9
mateur Radio Abbreviations	24
leacons in VK2	35
est Photographs for February	17
iill Goes Shooning	
by Ted Holmes VK3DEH	83
lirectory of Some VK2 Services	
Available	21
lural Repeaters	
verything has a Beginning	
orgotten Genius	
reprinted from Radio ZS	22
listory of SOS	
by Max Hull VK3ZS	37
temo from the VK2 QSL Bureau .	34
icturesque Look at the VK2	
QSL Bureau	32
restigious Award for Award	
Custodian	61
lepeaters — Friend or Foe	
by Tim Mills VK2ZTM	26
Dy rain mins energy in	00

# NORTH THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF

WIA 75th Anniversary News . WIA in VK2 by Tim Mills VK2ZTM .....

A word from your Editor ...

AR Showcase - Tono Products

EMDRC, South West Convention

Geelong City by the Bay ... Queensland ATV .....

Advertisers' Index ...

AMSAT Australia

ARRL DX Rules

Letters to the Editor ..

Listening Around ...... Main QSP ...... Novice Notes Just a Piece of Wire .

Packet Radio ... Pounding Brass

QSP

Why use CW?

Silent Keys - VK2AVI

Spotlight on SWLing ..

Mark Weston VK4XO Treasury Report

DRAFTING

& Tibby Scholtz VK4HR ... John Thoriey VK4RT .....

You and Your Subscription

Tasmanian News ...... Thumbnail Sketches Harry Dearness VK4KW

BARTG RTTY Rules

VK Novice Results 1964 YL ISSBers QSO Rules .

ALARA

Contests

.12

REGULAR FEATURES

# AMATEUR RADIO

Pon Wilkinson Actiovement Award 53
So You've Bought a Personal Computer?
So You've Bought So You

84

43

.50

.54

.56 .54 .56

38

RS

83

26

45

RA

57

25

13

21, 26, 37 & 48

VHF-UHF
an expanding world4
VK2 Mini Bulletin
VK3 WIA Notes
VK4 WIA Notes 6
WA Bulletin 6
WICEN News
Maryborough Bushfires
by Geoff Smith VK3ADB4

Firstly this issue has a special VK2 Anniversary feature with much information which is not just VK2 orientated. Ten VK2ZTM and his helpers are to be commended for the amount of time and work they have put into this special section.

put into this apocial section.
It is to be ingood to have a special feature from each
It is to be ingood to have a special feature from each
It is to be ingood to have a special feature from
month's feature will be contributed by VK1 and from
month's feature will be contributed by VK1 and from
feature from the contributed from Feat VK16M it
will be well worth westoring for.
monthusions extinct for an 60 merce treatment, at the
believed Draw has a special following for his welldesigned gave and this transmirer is up to his vested
designed gave and this transmirer is up to his vested
designed gave and this transmirer is up to his vested
to the contributed of the feature is up to his vested
to the contributed of the feature is up to his vested
to the contribute of the feature is up to his vested
to the contribute of the feature is up to his vested
to the contribute of the feature is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to his vested
to the contribute of the contribute is up to the contribute is up to the contribute of the contribute is up to the contribute in the contribute in the contribute is up to the contribute in the contribute in the contribute is up to the contribute in the c

STOP PRESS: Ian VKSQX finally received the rules for the CQ WW WPX SSB contest after the magazine had gone to the printer. The rules are however the same as last year. See lan's column, page 54, for his prorocomments and the dates for this contest.

## DEADLINE

All copy for May 1965 AR (including Homods, columns) must arrive at PO Box 300, Coulfield South, Vic 3162 at the latest by midday £2nd March 1985.

terian Consume	r Affaire Act	Maderineway at	wed the
Awarenta cottaining a	oth: a PO Box ra	aber as the address of	smot by
ned without the additi	ion of the busine	ss, or residential addition	u of the

Production: BETKEN PRODUCTIONS
5 Marcfeld Arenae, Morecobart, NSS

3 Marcfield Avenue, Moorcolart, 2020

Laster Scanned Colour Separations by:
QUADRICOLLOUR INDUSTRIES PTY LTD
Graphic Division

Staphic Division
2:31 Clearly Crescent, Najeste, 300
dt 608 Wo 232
Speaketting by: QUADRICOLOR INDUSTRIES

PTY LTD.
22.20 Cleved: Cresced: Nelgrand: SDC
Relegions: 600 960 2222
Typesetting by: B-P Typesetting

AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985 - Page 1

CASSON S. RESIDENCE.

Photographic film and processing meterial courtesy
AGFA-GEVAERT LTD AUSTRALIA

Printers: WAVERLEY OFFSET PUBLISHING GROUP

Trade Practices Act: It is appeable for as to ensure the abertrements obstituted for pellustros couple with the Trade Ductices Act 172. Breckee absorbanes and absorbane agents will appreciate the absorbance of the Box the account of the Act are coupled with aircide.

I.	YEMBP	GEODICI NDOCES 162 135E	
ICAL EDITORS	NE TOUR	BUSINESS MANAGER & SECRETARY REC MILLY	
CONDUCTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF T	VENERO	ADVERTISING MANAGER	

TEMP

ARTEM ARTHUR ART

VESCE

Pleasure of Publications Committee
Enquiries and material to:
The Likes
The

Humah should be not direct to now address. Schowledgemen asy not be made unless specially enquested. Mi appoint from should be not by critical and The editor receives the right to clot of mirrorst rectains fections to the Editor and Banada and accounts the right to refuse exceptance of any mirrorst, written appointing a march.

ewelves to couse that the provisions of the AD, are coupled Goldon Airest, Nationes, NEO Tel (2011 Se) 501

# Here's the equation:

- US Dollar all time high against Aust. dollar
- + Japanese Yen all time high as well + Factory price rises in Japan last year
- + Factory price rises in Japan last year
- = Massive price rises on amateur gear: immediately!

That's right: no matter which currencies amateur gear is purchased in, it is all imported. And because of the weakening Aussie dollar PLUS hefty price increases overseas last year, prices of all amateur gear in Australia will increase – drastically – very shortly.

A word to the wise: if you want to re-equip your station, do it this month!

Even if you have to obtain credit (Bankcard, Visa, Mastercard or even personal finance through Custom Credit Corp\*) you'll be much better off buying now and paying interest than waiting!





# TEST EQUIPMENT

#### Rewlett Packard

Tektreniz

Marcani

Salartma Reenteen

RWII

**Bruel & Kiger** 

cilioscopes, sig gens, spectrum analysers, multi meters. Wide range of valves, coaxiel connectors and test accessories. Repairs and pervice to all makes and

DATION ELECTRONICS

20 Cahill St., Bandenong, 793 3998

# "TRIO" DM801

# METER



\$150.00

inc. post & packaging William Willis & Co Ptv Ltd Canterbury, Vic. 3126 Phone: (03) 836 0707

# RIKAN HORNET WINDTURBINE



Wind driven Battery Charger, Rated Output 20 watts at 20 knots. 6. 12 and 24 volts



(Props. B. M. & B. P. Stores) 11 Malmesbury Street. Wendouree 3355 Phone (953) 39 2808

# KEEPING UP WITH SHORTWAVE BROADCAST **SCHEDULES**

Many shortwave stations publicize their schedules and other transmission information in a regular DX session.

The March issue of Electronics Today recalls the history of the DX session and lists the times and frequencies of DX sessions

by broadcasters from around the world.

Also in the March issue:

- \* Stereo enhancer project

\* RMAC and satellite television \* Low battery indicator

ETI. PO Box 227, Waterloo, NSW 2017, Phone (02) 663-9999

# NEW 2m FM HANDHELDS from YAESU





# FT203R

2.5 watt 144-148 MHz

VOX operation with optional YH-2 Headset.



Channel Selection PA-3 DC/DC Car Adapter/Trickle Charger (option)

# FT209R

3.5 watt/350 mW

# FT209RH 5 watt/500 mW

Microprocessor controlled

10 Memories

Reverse Repeater

Power Saver to extend battery life

VOX operation with optional YH-2 Headset

PA-3 DC/DC Car Adapter/Trickle Charger (option)

# The HF Allmode Transceiver you have been waiting for - from YAESU



FT-757GX

100 watts Output PEP/DC - 25 watts AM Carrier - 13.4 volts DC (19 amps for 100 watts output) - Weight 4.5 kg

# FEATURES:

- Dual VFOs and eight memories
- Programmable Memory Scanning
   SSB AM-FM Modes Standard
- Squelch on all Modes
- Full Break-in CW

- · Accessories installed include 600Hz CW Filter, iambic keyer with dot
  - dash memory, marker, IF shift and width. N.B. (only option is CAT interface to extended computer control)
  - High performance General Coverage Receiver



# BAIL ELECTRONIC SERVICES 38 FAITHFUL STREET, WANGARATTA 3677

Telephone: (057) 21 6260 - Telex: 56880 AGENTS IN ALL STATES Mail Orders and Bankcard Welcome and Staff -VK3RSR



# a word from your EDITOR

### 1910 TO 1985

On the 11th March 1910 the foundation meeting of our Institute was held in Sydney. This is the month of the 75th anniversary of the oldest amateur radio society in the world. And as you may have realised by now, we are celebrating!

How has radio evolved over those 75 years? Broad-band brute-force spark telegraphy was succeeded by pure CW as the advent of valves in 1913 and developments during the 1914-1918 war made stable frequencies possible. Telephony appeared at this time, and by 1920 the first broadcasting stations. many run by amateurs, were on the air.

As the new entertainment medium expanded enthusiasts built their own broadcast receivers, and were motivated to transmit as well. The number of amateurs increased steadily. Ships, aircraft, as they progressed from wood and wire, and later, automobiles, were to gain much in safety and profitability by the evolution of mobile radio. Much of the improving technology was initiated and developed by people who were operators, technicians and engineers during working hours and amateur experimenters as well

Television came, with the first regular programmes, from London, in 1936. Then the world erupted into the 1939-1945 war. Amateurs became military technicians and operators, and the pace of development accelerated tremendously. Pre-war, the amateur market had been the main source of income for many manufacturers, and their amateur-band gear was often the prototype on which military equipment was based.

Of the thousands of amateurs in uniform during the war, many sacrificed their lives in action. Each August the WIA renews their memory in the Remembrance Day Contest

Peace had harely succeeded war, when in 1948 came possibly the greatest development ever to shape the course of history. Without the transistor there would be no airborne or spacecraft computers, no spacecraft, no satellites, no world-wide TV, little international telephone traffic, no pocket radios and calculators. Our present lightweight mobile radios, with digital synthesizers and readouts would simply be impossible. Personal computers? Ridiculous?

Amateurs joined the Space Age in 1961 with OSCAR 1. The WIA was involved with the construction of OSCAR 5 in Melbourne in 1969. We now have OSCAR 10 relaying amateur messages internationally.

If there is one word which crystallizes the aims of the WIA in 1985 it is "international". Yes, we now have members from several overseas countries. But our purpose is to join together all Australian amateurs in working towards consistent international frequency allocations, regulations, licensing. satellite system standards and so on. This will increase international understanding by facilitating contact between more and more amateurs in all

You can help! Join the WIA. If you are a member, but only passively, there may be a place for you in your Divisional Council, on Executive, or in one of many committees. We want to hear your ideas and opinions. There's a whole future in front of us!

Bill Rice VK3ABP Editor

# SPECIAL DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS RELEASE

Robert Lionel Lear of Blaxland, a suburb of Sydney, was convicted in a Parrametta court on Monday, 14th January 1985 of two counts of erecting and satablishing a transmitter without authorisation, and two counts of using a trans-mitter without authorisation for the passing of

Mr Lear was sentenced to six months gent on each of the four counts, to be served concurrently. Mr Lear had previously been convicted of an offence of establishing an unauthorised transmitter, in February 1984, and was then fined \$100. The Department of Communications has seized 78 items of radio equipment from Mr Lear. Some or all of these items may be forfeited to the Commonwealth under the provi Wireless and Telegraphy Act 1905. Mr Lear was prosecuted under the Wireless and

Telegraphy Act. A new Act governing use of the radio frequency spectrum. The Radio-communications Act, will soon come into force and provide for far higher penalties for breaches



The Department is stepping up its investiga-tions of illegal use of the radio frequency spectrum across Australia because of the extent of interfer-

ence to other services caused by these activities



For a good selection of top quality equipment with full factory warranty and a large range of good station accessories drop in to our Melbourne showroom and inspect anytime.



VICTORIA (03) 836 7634











ARXS

 HF and VHF TRANSCEIVERS including IC-751, IC-745, IC-730, TS-430, FT-757. 290H, 47A, 27A, TS-711A, TS-811A, TS-670, IC-2A, ICO2A and many more - P.O.A.

 ROTATORS • ANTENNAS • BALUNS MORSE KEYS • MICROPHONES TOWERS • SWR METERS •

\* MAIL ORDERS AND COUNTRY

ENQUIRIES WELCOME \*

gives you . .

# ACCESS TO ACTION









long battery life

# PROGRAMMABLE POCKET SCANNER WITH OVER 16,900 CHANNELS & 160 MEMORIES

The Microcomm SX-155 represents the latest developments in State-of-the-art LSI CMOS technology as applied to scanning monitor receivers. It incorporates many features, a lot of which are not even found in today's larger base scanners. For example the SX-155 has 160 memory channels which can be programmed in either of two modes. The first allows you to manually program the entire 160 channels. The second mode provides for manual programming of the first 40 channels with the top 120 reserved for use by the SX-155 while in its SEARCH mode. It uses these channels to automatically store frequencies on which it has found signals during the search phase.

The SX-155 also features a Priority Channel (for that important frequency). An LCD display providing readout of all receiver functions including an accurate crystal controlled 24 hour clock. Supplied complete with rechargeable Nicad batteries, charger, and BNC rubber duck antenna, the SX-155 is a must for anybody with an interest in monitoring



AUSTRALIAN DISTRIBUTOR

GFS ELECTRONIC IMPORTS

17 McKeon Road, Mitcham, Vic. 3132 PO Box 97. Mitcham. Vic. 3132 Telex: AA 38053 GFS

Phone: (03) 873 3777 3 Lines



Marconi is acknowledged as being the first to demonstrate the ability to communicate without wires between two points. That was in 1895, only 90 years ago. His discovery started to end the isolation of the (then) remote parts of the world like Australia and in less than a century our lives are almost totally dominated by electronic technology.

Isolated though Australia may have been at the start of this century it is a credit to our early experimenters that they appeared to be ahead of their counterparts in other parts of the world. That they found the need to come together and form an Institute is amply demonstrated in the newspaper report "A WIRELESS ENTHUSIASTS' INSTITUTE" reproduced elsewhere in this Amateur Radio.

That first meeting - the records indicate - was this month in 1910 and resulted in an organisation almost as the 'science' itself. that meeting in 1910 was the first in the world to result in a national organisation and was two years ahead of Great Britain and four years before American experimenters decided that they had a need for a national representative body

One wonders, as we enter the fourth quarter of this century, what it holds in store for both the institute and the hobby in general.

The end of each previous quarter saw a change in direction: 1935 ended the period of the Great War, start of broadcasting, the Great Depression and the formation of a professional body

from our ranks (See IREE story Jan AR.) 1960 ended the period of another war and its resulting electronic development which provided an endless supply of 'disposal

equipment. It was also the start of television, space communications and off the shelf equipment which changed many from constructor to purchaser and perhaps from experimenter to user. 1985 ends a period almost too complex to record and although we are living in it one can only speculate what it will be like in 2010.

This year should see the Radio Communications Act coming into effect, hopefully to the benefit of our hobby. At the Division's seminar last year on "Amateur Radio - towards new horizons", Roger Harrison VK2ZTB postulated on the future trends in amateur radio and predicted that increasing leisure time together with higher education standards would lead to unprecedented growth, particularly in the field of digital communications.

As David VK3ADW, Federal President, outlined in his Christmas message, the hobby of amateur radio has become diverse and complex. The Institute was formed to represent the experimenters movement and right through its history - while every amateur may not have been a member - it has tried to determine and represent their views. The common point of contact and ideas exchange allows the Amateur Radio Service to follow a united, rather than a fragmented course, for I am sure that the Institute will celebrate many more multiples of its 75th.

MARCH 1085

May I wish the Institute and its Members all the best as it enters the last quarter of its first century.

President - NSW Division of the WIA



Jeffrey L. Pages VK2BYY

10th Junuary 1985

MANAGEMENT TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART						
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
Pain Sendoy Q www.px.SSR Test Conclusion of VI3 prefs Summer Time comm in Europe		Dates correct	at time of printing.		St Devid's Day Leek for GBISDD	ARRI. DX Photo Test
ARRI DX Photo Toll M-85 Period Shifts Cremmence VK Daylight Savings Ceases	4 Labour Day (VRO & 7)	5	6	7 Educ Not 80 m 10/10 &	8 VK2 GM	YK3 Nat Park Activity Communication Text QCWA Phone QSO Pany
VK3 Nat Park Activity WIA Annix CW Test VK75A used for 1st Limic Continuouscalib Lest VK2 Danis BBQ QC WA Phone QNO Parts	Labour Day (VK3) VK3 Nat Park Activity RAGHC QNO Party Final Date for WIA Poster Comp	12	13 VEJGN	14 Fder No 20 m - 10/0-4 10/0	15 VX4 GM Hongarian Nat Day	16 YL ISSB CW QSO Pany Bermide Test
17 YI ESSR CW QSO Parry YX2 Fes. Hunt Claimptonthip St Patrick's Day Bermida Test	18 Custorra Day VK2 Frs. Hunt Championship	19	20	21 Fduc Net 90 m - 1040 & 1136 Antums Equents	22 AR Copy Deadine	RARTG RITY Test "Open line" from IRCHE at 8000 ETC VKS GM
24 BARTG RITY Tow	25 BARTG RTIY bea Greek Nat Day	26	27	28 Felse Net 200 m - 1030 a 1130 UTC	29 Sydney Show Opens	30 VK2 AGM CQ WW WPX SSB Tox



# THE WORLD'S LEADER IN AMATEUR RADIO EQUIPMENT

# R-2000 COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER

World's leading all mode receiver



# TM-211A 2M FM MORILE TRANSCEIVER

Complete with SW-100A SWR Meter. Has new Digital Code Squelch system (DCS) - 25W Output.





## TS-43X HF TRANSCEIVER Complete with MB-430 and FM-430 The most versatile transceiver of the 80's.

TH-21A 2M FM POCKET TRANSCEIVER Complete with Soft Case.

# TRIO-KENWOOD (AUSTRALIA) PTY, LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN N.S.W.)
4E WOODCOCK PLACE, LANE COVE, SYDNEY, N.S.W. 2086.
Ph. (02) 428 1455.

YOUR DEALER RELOW WILL GUARANTEE SATISFACTION

Further, boware of dealers not listed in this advantisament who are selling Trio-Kennecol communications equipment. All Kennecol product offered by them are not supplied by Trio-Kennecol (Augst.) Phy. Ltd. and have no guarantee applicable.

THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF T

I litra small

INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS FIFT LUID — PRINCE ST. PORT NOLANE (80) 47-APPLIA COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES — RAI AMPLIANT LACE VICTORIA PAPER (80) 81-542 MILLISE ELECTRONICS — 465 MILLISES STREETS, PRINT (80) 201-202 617 BAT PRODE — 16 MILLISES (ELECTRONICS — 465 MILLISES STREET, PRINT (80) 201-202 617 BAT PRODE — 16 MILLISES STREET, BURNING (80) 21-2226 FIND ELECTRONICS — 209 MILLISES STREET, DOUBLE VEW (80) 446 4745



# TIRIEASIUIRY IRIEIPOIRT

# VOLUMND VOLUM SURSCRIPTION

When you pay your subscription to the WIA what happens to your hard earned cash? At each annual convention, held in April, the Federal Finance Committee presents a budget for the year ahead concerning income and

expenditure of the Federal Executive.

In August the budget is revised and the figures are used as a base for setting Federal dues payable from Divisions for the following year. In turn this enables Divisions to calculate the subscription rates for their members

memours

From the chart below you will see the largest income component is subscriptions and on the expenditure side "Amateur Radio" insgazine.

This magazine accounts for anyoximately \$12 of the Federal Component (\$24,50 for 1985) of your annual subscription

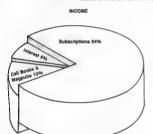
JARU membership absorbs approximately 50 cents per member of the Institute and the balance of the Federal Component is used by the Federal Executive in the performance of their various functions. One of their major expenses is the operations of the Federal Office, which assists the Federal Executive in their major function of acting in the interests of members by co-ordinating and dealing with Federal matters and major issues, so that our hobby is enhanced and does not go backwards, which could be so easy in this day and age. The remaining amount of your subscription goes to your Division who also need to act in our interests at a local fevel

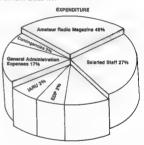
We need more members to make sure our hobby is never in jeopardy. Please endeavour to join a new member today. Approx 50 per cent of all amateurs are members of the WIA. Additional members will also help to keep our subscriptions down by sharing the costs.

Ross Burstal VK3CRB

FEDERAL TREASURER

#### FEDERAL INCOME & EXPENDITURE FOR YEAR ENDED 1984







# Amateur Historn

Alan Shawsmith VK4SS 35 Whynot Street, West End. Old.

As the history of early OOTers is researched, it is apparent that many outstand no DX achievements occurred pre-WW11, it is a pity no offic all record book was created to register them for poster by Almost all were made an QRP or QRPp - simply because those who used big bottles (QRO) were very much in the

The three watt SPARK VK W QSO by Roy Jonasson VK4NG is an outstanding effort, Marconi would have beamed with satisfaction. There were many others of equalment, of course Eric Laxe VK4EL credited with working more Gs than any other VK pre-WW11, also WACed with one-half watt into a simple vertical antenna, during a period when sun spot activity wasn'i all that good. My next door neighbour of early days, George (Len.) Greenhill VK4LE worked regularly into Europe LP 0700 UTC using loop modulated five watts phone (at best 1% watts in the aerial which was a 66 feet and fed Zepp with fairly long 600 ohm feeders) Even the first Down Under DJs, ie those who operated on MW received some remarkable reports on their Broadcast Band activities. The official station of the Queensland Listeners League VK4QL was heard at good strength in the Eastern and Southern States. New Zealand, Fili and Papua New Guines - all on ORP

It is only natural to ask. "How was it all accome Ashed?' That, like Marconi's spanning of the Atlantic Gosan in 1901, a something of a sixty-four do lar question Lack of QRM and QRN (man made) no doubt played a big part. Most city suburban amateurs are now knee-deep in appliance pollution, this and low solar activity presently make QRPp DXing virtually

A record of another kind must be the re-jo ning of the WIA by an OOTer after a lapse of forty years Norm VK4NR became an Institute member back in 1932 but let his membership lapse early post-war now, after four decades, he has 'come in from the cold DOC would not re-ssue him with a call until he sat for and passed his AOCP again. A stout effort for any OOTer, you'll agree! Norm's new call is VX4BNR

# THE ONE YOU'VE **BEEN WAITING FOR!**

The Radio Experimenter's Handbook, Volume 1. from Electronics Today International is 132 pages chock-full of circuits, projects to build, antennas to erect, hints and tips. It covers the field from DX listening to building radiateletype gear, from 'twilight zone' DX to VHF power amplifiers, from building a radio FAX picture decoder to designing loaded and trap dipoles.





Edited by Roger Harrison, VK2ZTB, this book carries a wealth of practical, down-to-earth information useful to anyone interested in the art and science of radio. \$7.95 from your newsgrent or through selected electronics suppliers. It is also available by mail order through ETI Book Sales, P.O. Box 227, Waterloo NSW 2017 (please add \$1.75 post and handling when ordering by mail).

# munimum minimum minimu \$5 each inc. post

### TAPES 5 Words per minute

- Novice Licence 8-10-15 Words per minute
- Exams 15 Words per minute. SPECIAL SPEEDS
- AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

- It contains Theory Training Book
- DOC Regs Book or Morse Oscillator Kit Morse Code Training Tape \$16 post gaid
- NOVICE HANDBOO \$7.50 inc. postage







MAINS FILTER



COMPUTERS AVAILABLE SYDNEY ONLY

Protect your computer from unnecessary power probler say 'No' to dirty power.

240V AC at 6.0A TOTAL 3 to 30 MHz

POWER LINE FILTER rate Filter with Dua Outliets 240 Volt at 7.5 Amp

ANTENNA BALUNS Maximum Power 300 Watts Centre support

Ideal for Dipoles, Beams, Quads K BRUCESMITH

P.O. Box 216 Roseville, NSW 2069 SCOTT. Kim Avenue East Albary NSW













This month - March 1985 is the ANNIVERSARY founding month of the W.reless Institute of Australia and is the real start of the celebrations of our 75th ANNIVERSARY was To ce chrate the opening of the year the Institute has arranged that major

events take place

### ANNIVERSARY CALLSIGN

After lengthy negotiations with the Department of Communications, a special cullsum VK75A has been issued to the Federal body to celebrate the 75th anniversary

This calls on will be activated for special events during the year The approval for the use of this callsign has been given subject to special

cond.bons

This station is authorised for use by a single "anniversary" station. This station may, at the discretion of the WIA Executive, be rotated to locations in all states of Australia. Use of the station in this manner will be subject to normal operating conditions relating to amazeur stations operating in a mobile capaciti

Approval for the use of this special non-standard callsign is given on a strictly "one off" basis, in the light of the exceptional circumstances of the 75th Anniversary of the Institute

This special calls an will be used in the first instance during the 75th Anniversary year CW contest and then during special events and contests during the year. A special OSL card is being produced, and will be despatched. to amateur stations contacted by this anniversary station.

There is no need for QSL cards to be sent to VK75A. Validated SWL reports will be QSLed

### CW CONTEST

Over the period from 0000 LTC to 2359 IO March 85 a CW contest is being run on behalf of the Institute by the VK2 Division. Rules for this event were pub ished in the February issue of AR. The overall VK winner will hold the "Federal Presidents Cup" for 12 months, certificates and momentos will be awarded to all entrants whose logs show the necessary 75 contacts

### 75TH AWARD

This award being run by the VK3 Division, on behalf of the Institute, commences this month - rules are published elsewhere in this issue

Those entrants who qualify will receive a special certificate Be sure to make a note of the number printed on your AR address label for

### use during this award BOOK PACKS

To celebrate the 75th Anniversary of the Institute it has been decided to make book packs available for presentation by Divisions, Clubs and groups of amateurs to local schools and codeges

These packs, provided at cost price to the donors, will contain have readers and pformation on amateur radio for schools to hold in their libraries to

enable study to be carned out. Included in the package will be material for use by the club or group making the presentation, on how to obtain some publicity for their club or group and amateur radio.

Two standards of book packs are available, \$30 and \$50 post free from the Federal office. To participate in this scheme, groups who wish to donate a book pack to a school should write to the Federal Secretary giving details of

the proposal with a cheque for the pack required. We would remind members that 1985, beside being the 75th Anniversary of the Institute, has also been declared the International "Year of Youth". This book nack scheme is one way that the Institute and its members can make a contribution to the Year of Youth

### NATIONAL FOXHUNT CHAMPIONSHIP

Supported by ICOM (Australia)

This event programmed to take place over the weekend 5 6th October 85 is being supported by ICOM (Australia) Pty Ltd For this anniversary year the winning team will receive a handsome prize donated by ICOM (Australia) as well as an Institute Trophy and certificates

### FORMAL DINNER

As announced in the January edition of AR plans are going ahead for an Anniversary Dinner to be held in Melbourne on 9th November 1985 Invitations are at this time being prepared for posting to the presidents of all our sister societies, along with many for distinguished personalities in Australia and overseas. As previously mentioned in earlier editions of AR any member of the Institute who wishes to attend this important function should register their interest with the Federal Secretary. Space is limited, but a percentage of tables at the dinner are naturally being reserved for members s ho wish to attend

# DO YOU OWN A PIECE OF HISTORY OR

#### ARE YOU A PIECE OF HISTORY? As a result of the January article a number of members have contacted the

Federal Secretary giving information Alan VK4SS has notified that he is aware of a couple of amateurs who are still active, Harry Angel VK4HA, 93 years young with a clear wit and voice

who has held a ficence since 1935 and is on air each day. Also Ock Alder VK4JB who was beensed in 1926 Norman VK4BHJ writes to say that he eciebrates his Silver Jubilee on air in June this year, having held a heence since 1925. He also mentions that he has

some original naners from the GPO regarding his licence, one in particular from the Postmaster General authorises Norman, through his father to carry out experiments at 150 to 200 metres, shorter wavelengths could only be allowed where special justification could be shown

The Federal office was visited by Bill Sievers VK3CB to pay his subs and during a quick chat it was discovered that Bill was operating as an amateur in Australia during 1918 and somed the Institute in 1922. It this a record-

# SOME THOUGHTS ON RADIO FREQUENCY OSCILLATORS.



Harry Voake VK3AVQ 21 The Cresent, Invertoch, Vic. 3996

For some time the writer has been interested in constructing a low drift TMHs variable frequency outlines with us obvious advantage of shift as the frequency source of a low power (QRP) transmitter With this in mind, considerable reading was done on the subject before attempting the construction of Hartley, Colpits, Clapp, Selier and Varbar oscillators. After several months, it was found that the last three configurations gove the best results but they failed with the gold att, which was less than 100 Hz frequency offset to the first more from watch on.

Al the actif ators used a field effect trans afor (FET) either a 283810 or MFF102 as the active component followed by a two translator buffer area (life whole coupt was fet to a frequency counter. The unit was mounted on a printed clicut () board made by the making tage method (1). The power supply was regulated 12 voltaupply and the ose latersupply wes further regulated by a 8 volt priner dodde.

The capacitors in the tank circuit were of polystyrne type and the capacity values were made up by at least two smaller capacitors in parallel to reduce heating caused by circuit ng radio frequency current (Probably not synfrom T Tech Ed)

rest (Probably not aportional — Tech Bd )
— The tank on what of equate dismonances is the
equat I laided 58 WKG enteries copper with five Probable
equat I laided 58 WKG enteries copper with five Probable
equat I laided 58 WKG enteries copper with five Probable
equate I laided 58 WKG enteries copper with five Probable
equate I laided 58 WKG enteries copper with five Probable
equate I laided 58 WKG enteries and Called with Addition The
enteries and the Probable
equate I laided 58 WKG enteries and Called with Addition The
enteries and enteries and Called with Addition The
enteries and enteries and Called WKG enteries and
enteries and enteries and enteries and
enteries and enteries and enteries and
enteries and enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
enteries and
ent

The unit was housed in a metal box bent up from 26 gauge galvanized from sheet and pop rivetted/soldered together. However drilled in both top and bottom to provide adequate ventilistich.

The oeramic former coil and the associated polysymer apact for sproduced a drift of increasing frequency of about 300-400 HZ in the first hour Many other capacitions—styrene, mic and NPO ceramic were the din furnibut no consistancy was obtained the ceramic bytes were not assistanciny in that they occas on a ly caused frequency jumps of approximately 500-1000 HZ.

the cetamic types were not assistancing in that they come on assistancing in that they come on a special requestry proper of approximately 600-600 kg.

The internal heading of the FET was then considered and a flag heat sink using silicone grease was filled around the plastic body. Also the clamping diode was changed from a silicon diode to a hot carrier diode. These scitions made no obtectable reduction of drift. These scitions made no obtectable reduction of drift. The position is in pressure or coefficient to cancel the analysis temperature co-efficient of the polysymen capacitors were acceptable to the polysymen capacitors were acceptable that doubt not be

bought from radio retailers.

By this time—The constructor's brow was furrowed.

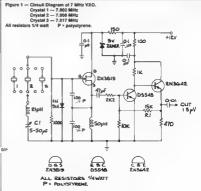
The constructor's brow was fow.

Darkly looked he at the counter And darkly at the VFO So the search for a low drift VFO was abandoned and a variable crystal oscillator (VXO) with its greater stability but less frequency shift was next considered. The VXO circuit decided upon was published some time ago in this imagazine (2) and appeaded to the writer because no special parts were required apart from suitable crystale (3)

The circuit diagram is shown in fig 1 and the printed circuit board, full size in fig 2, was made by the masking tape mathod (1) and mounted on 1/4 inchimetal pillars in a match box described above.

Some explanation of components might be helpful the variable capacitor Ot is a area langle bearing Poter type, approximately 5-50 pt which is mounted on the box were through a 3/8 nich no e. This straight includes the produce a linear frequency acae unfortunately but is somewhat crowded towards the high frequency (low capacity) and

The three crysts is used are soldered directly to a two pole, five way water switch without the use of sockets to reduce interwing capacities. Locate both the switch and the variable capacity in the box in such a way as to reduce capacity to earth, for in keeping these unwanted capacities small, the fre-



Pigure 2 — VXO Board — copper side — full size

Page 12 AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985

quency shift a nceased.

The 21cH industance is made by winding twenty six turns of 24 SWG enamelied copper wire on a Neosid 4327R/1/F25 toroid. The use of a toroid here is just fied in that a small unit results with bearable drift. This inductance value in conjunction with the variable capacitor C1 produced the frequency shift that the writer required

It should be noted that if an inductance alone were used in series the crysta would be pulled to a frequency lower than its fundamental and the greater the inductive reactance (a larger inductance) the more the pulling effect. Similarly with a capacitor only in series, the crystal would be oulled to a higher frequency than its fundamenta, and a larger capacitive

reactance (a smaller capacitor) produces more putil. Therefore with both inductive and capacitive reactences in series with the crystal, the action of tuning the capacitor C1 will ensure that the reactances that are naturally in opposition will predominate in their turn and so produce a frequency shift spanning below and above the crysta, fundamental frequency of this Renical Crystal C1 - payloses £1 \_ minimum Pres , an 7 805,160 E 999 171 39 /340.46 -52 7,013,804 23 7,019,715 7 008 MHz 7.004.850 7 017 MHz 7 014 795

PRINCIPLE BEINGTO MERCIN THE PURIT NOW ARTER SWITCH OF

Figure 3 - Frequency shift and drift of VXO. pulling effect is carried too far, the oscillator will be no

longer crystal controlled but rather a VFO with its greater drift problems. Fig 3 shows the results obtained and that the goal of

less than 100 Hz drift in the first hour of operation is realized. The figures arrived at are an average of three experimental runs. Crystels 1 and 3 were bought recently and crystal 2 was a Pye type bought from disposals many years ago. Possibly this fact could explain the difference in drift figures. The buffer amolitier is the well known shunt feed-

back, direct coupled amplifier. The combination produces a reasonably constant output level (a 10 percent decrease at the high frequency end). The radio frequency voltage output can be varied within limits by changing the value of the feedback resistor

The frequency stability of the VXO is relatively insensitive to changes of supply volts, var ations of voltage from 10 volts to 15 volts did not have any effect

but did have an effect on output voltage as expected. The tuning control can be calibrated with a frequency counter or parhaps a reliable receiver to make sure the oscillator stays in the 7 MHz amateur bend but nothing is better than continuous monitoring of the signal by a counter. Direct ad ust of tuning is critical sp if possible use a vern er drive to make things easier

References: 1 "A Regenerative Receiver", H Voske, Amateur Radio August 1984 - p 8-9. 2 "A Simple VXO", N Larette, Ameteur

Radio March 1976 - p 13 3 Rakon Austrelia Ptv Ltd 39 Scoresby Road, Bayswater, Vic 3153.



# THUMBNAIL KETTOTES



MARK WESTON - VK4XO

Mark Weston VK4XO (presently VK2CM Bateman's Bay NSW) is an OT amateur who, until his retirement, was usually going somewhere - In almost every sense of the phrase he seems to have been forward bound in a positive manner. Here is a verbatim extract of some of his activities in AR. He says

"First became interested in amateur radio in 1936 when I used to potter around in the projection room of the Paramount Theatre in Sundabarg and a chappin named M Laurie-Rhodes had an AR station set up in the back of the theatre. He used to broadcast on the Broadcast Band on Sunday mornings, calleion VX4XII Lanrolled with VX4 WIA for a correspondence course (instructor Eric Lake VK4EL) CW: used to have three lessons a week (srxpence an hour) from Terry Tunny VK4TN who was a clickety-click on the Railways. I passed my AOCP (see 1937 and lirst trensmitter was 42ECO-42-42/42 with 10 watts input and a Hertz antenna - all CW Had a 5pm sked daily with Cedric Marley VK4CJ until we were out off air fate up 1939

"During my pre-WW11 amateur days I used to go down and chat with the wireless operators on the sugar ships that came into Bundaberg and saw that was my future - so enrolled with The Marconi School in Sydney for a correspondence course. Obtained my Second Class COPC early 1940 and a couple of weeks later was a 'seagoing wireless operator' Spant the war years mainly overseas on loan from AWA Marine Dept to Marconi Co and Notraship (Norwegian Government) - then later left the sea and loined Center Arresve "My post-war equipment - well". Until 1964 -

Homsbrewl Actually spent a jot of time with Screengrid and Suppressorgrid Modulation. Then with the Geloso 209 Twins. Then in 1964 my wife got her AOCP -- so we went into commercial sideband with a Swan 240. Have been retired for eight years. We now have a Yassu FT77 and dipoles all over the place, he After the war Mark held the calls VK2WE VK2AWE.

VK2AYK and a noe 1964 VK2CM. His main interest is on 80, 40 and 15 metres using both modes. He doesn't chase DX much now, mostly relaxes and rac chews His outside interest is lawn bowls Mark fee a that future AR will tend towards CB-type

operation - and this will be unfortunate () agree An OM and YF team is always an asset in amateur

radio, there should be many more such combinations - so, if you should hear Mark VK4XO/VK2CM or Verle VK2MR on air give them a shout!

# COMPUTERISE YOUR SHACK . WITH A COMMODDIAE COMPUTER SYSTEM

### THE COMPUTER: Commodore 64



Size Keyboard Built-in BASIC, world's top selling computer for only F899.00 add \$3 for mail orders.

The INTERFACE:

RTTY Decoder - \$39.95 Low cost knt for reception of RTTY, CW.

etc. Easy to construct decoder plugs between your rig and computer for all receive modes.

DPW Card - \$29.95 This comprises a Printed Circuit Board

and complete instructions to build a complete interface for reception and trans

### The SOFTWARE:

#### RTTY/CW/SSTV 84 - \$79.95 This plug-in cartridge for the Commodore

This plug-in cartridge for the Commodore of features uplit screen and expanded screen modes for reception and transmission of CW, RITY (ASCII & BAUDOT) and SSTV transmission Extremely versatile with over 40 operating commands. (New revised version)

## VIC RTTY/CW - \$79.95

As per the C64 version without SSTV



HIGH TECHNOLOGY COMPUTER SYSTEMS PTY LTD 290 BAY STREET, BRIGHTON, VIC. 3186, PH; (03) 596 6211 87 SWAN STREET, RICHMOND, VIC. 3121, PH: (03) 429 1966

# DSB/CW TRANSMITTER FOR 80 METRES

Drew Diamond, VK3XU Lot 2 Gatters Road, Wooda Park, Vic 3115.

Like to try your hand at building a little double sideband/CW transmitter? A DSB signal is easy to generate, and is a permitted mode (8KQQA3E) on all bands. The only difference between DSB and SSB is that both sidebands are transmitted for the DSB signal. By ensuring that the audio is shaped or tailored before it is applied to the balanced modulator, tuning at the receiving end is easy, and an ordinary SSB receiver will resolve it. In addition, the listener has the choice of LSB or USB!

At least 35dR

from cold

\_\_\_\_

Less than 50Hz/5min

Nominally +12V at

This transmitter was empirically designed using socally evailable parts. Output power is sufficient to dr ve previous y described onear amplifiers

CW

-50dBc

3.5 to 3.7 MHz

1W PEP DSB. 1W rms

All harmonics at least

DSS or CW

PERFORMANCE Frequency Range Modes

Output Power

Spectral Purity:

Carner Suppression

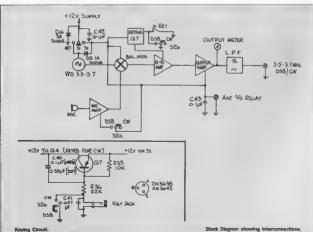
Frequency Stability Power Supply

BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION

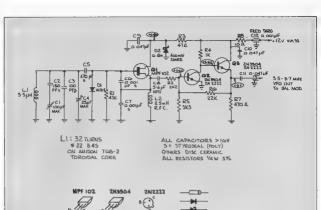
The VFO penerates the output frequency, which is adjustable from 3.5 to about 3.7MHz. This frequency is applied to the RF input port of the balanced

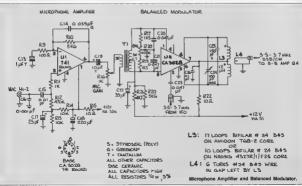
modulator. Amplylied aud o energy from the microphone sapplied to the AF input port different a y For DSB operation, the be sinced modulator operates in the balanced mode, and produces a DSB's one at the output port. This signal is then raised to about the 1W PEP level by a two-stage broadband amp ifier. A lowpass filter is provided to attenuate any hermonics of

the RF output signal For CW operation, the balanced modulator is deliberately unba snced to supply a carr er Key no is obtained by interrupt on the +12V supply to the first



Page 14 AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985





VFO.

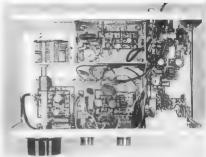
stage of the output amplifier. The AF amplifier +12V supply is removed during CW operation to prevent spunous microphonic noises from being applied to the envior

### CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

A Coloits VFO at Q1 produces the chosen frequency between 3.5 and 3.7MHz, and is buffered by Q2 and Q3. The balanced modulator consists of a CA3028 differential amplifier IC. The speech signal from the microphone is amplified and shaped at U1 High and low audio frequencies are rolled off in this stage to provide a talephony type signal with a minimum of redundant frequencies. This is done so that the DSR signal occupies a minimum of spectrum. The response of the microphone amplifier is determined mainly by C13 (lows) and C14 (highs) T1 applies a differential (or push-pull) signal to the differential input of the balanced modulator at U2 "Carrier' frequency from the VFO is applied to the bal mod in common-mode at pin 2. Precise carrier null is oblained by R20 The resulting DSB signal is extracted with a hill far hined circuit at . 3 C24 C25, which is tuned to the middle of the band, 3.6MHz. The singleended broadband amplifier at Q4 has about 20dB oain and the signal level is raised by this amount before it is applied to the push-pull broadband linear emplifier at O5 O6. This output amplifier is very stable and tolerant of poorly matched loads. The amplified signal is passed through a lowpass filter to attenuale any harmonics. For CW operation, the microphone amplifier is switched off and the bal mod is unhavened by adjusting \$20 to allow some carrier to leak through to the B-S amplifier. This potentiometer is also used to adjust the drive level for the CW mode. so R20 has a dual function. Keying is implemented by interrupting the 12V supply to Q4 in a shaped manner by O7. The ras and fall time for keying is targely determined by the value of C40. The value shown, 01uF, gives hard criep keying. A larger value, eg 0.39uF would give softer keying

#### CONSTRUCTION

Case size depends upon whether an internal or external power supply is required. The prototype uses an external supply, and is housed in a factory-made

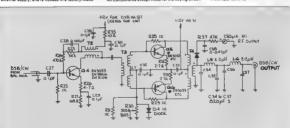


case measuring 204mmW x 65mmH x 130mmD. The photo shows how the boards should be arranged inside it is important that the VFO is kept separated from the output amplifier to prevent leak-through or feedback problems. The placement of an internal supply is not critical but it must be remembered that the power transformer should be located as remotely as practicable from the toroidal inductors, and particularly the audio transformer T1. The cover must have some holes in the top and sides to allow ventilation of Q5 Q6. Protection diode D6 is only required if 80 external supply is employed

Alt components except those for the keying circuit

are accommodated upon the copper side of home made printed wiring boards. The keying circuit components, and D6 C42 may be installed upon a 7-lug tag strip Diode D5 may be soldered to the tags of \$1

To ensure VFO stability it is necessary that styroseal (poly) and NPO capacitors are used where specified Of course, silver-mice capec tors may be used if they are available. The same applies to those in the lowpass filter (ordinary disc ceramic capacitors are rather lossy and change their value greatly with temperature, and should therefore be avoided in these applications)



T2: ≈ 13 LOOPS BIFILAR # 24 845 ON NEOSIO 4327 / 2 FF25 CORE OR

AMIDON FTSO- 43 LACQUERED CORE T5 4 4: = 11 LOOPS TRIFILAR # 24 845 ON NEDSID 4327/2 /F25 CORE

AMIDON FT50 - 43 LACQUERED CORE

OS - OG HAVE TOS HEATSUK ATTACHED 15 - LG TEURNS # 18 B49 ON NEDSID 4327R/1/F25 CORE

> II TURNS # 22 B45 ON AMIDON TGB-2 CORE

Output Amplifier.



ensure mechanical rigidity of the windings. Broadband transformers T3 and T4 are made as to, ows. Take three 300 mm, engths of 24 B&S enam. wire Lay them paralle to each other, twist them together at one end and fix that end in a vice. Draw a cloth through the wires to remove any wrinkles, then twist the other ands together and fix the proup into the chuck of a hand drill. Whilst keeping the wires taut turn the drill until there are about three twists per cm. Give the dri I a pull to set the twists, then remove the group. Carefully thread them through the spec-fied core until there are about 11 loops. It is essential that the end of one winding a connected to the start of another winding to form the centre tep (ct). Respective windings may be identified with a multimeter sel to ohms. Connections should be double checked before the transformers are soldered into circuit T2 and L3 are made in a similar way but with two wires. Once age n it is essential that the end of one winding is connected to the start of the other winding. The start of a winding is represented schematically with a dot 3 s a b filar wound inductor to provide a balanced road to the output of U2. If Amidon cores are used for T2-T4 they should first be coated with some kind of enamel such as Estapol or shellad to prevent losses due to scratching of the wire enamel. Neosid cores require no treatment. Choke L2 is available ready made from several sources

The choice of dial drive for the VFO capacitor must be eff to the individual constructor indeed, it is possible to get by without it individual constructor indeed, it is possible to get by without it individual construction driving, and executate netting is not difficual. If it drives is used, it should be connected to the capacitor shall will a should be connected to the capacitor shall will be to be copied. As these also have become difficual to obtain, a short english of plastic number 3 (5 5 mm) and that the prederive life of the job Four shots may be cutted.

All tests and adjustments must be carried out with a dummy load connected to the output. This could consist of 2 x 100 ohm 1 W Phil ps cracked carbon or metal-film resistors connected in parallel and soldered to a male coax connector to suit

#### ADJUSTMENT

When construction is complete, and component locations/simple phocked, bus pot RD0 most letted be adjusted so that the output amplifier draws a quescent current of about 100m. This may be done by measuring the current draws from the 129 supply with S1 in the 12 specific and S2 sections of S2 the the S8 position RD0 may be set to the S8 position of RD0 must first be adjusted as described in Operation Had drawn from the other parts of the transmitter entry be general for this purpose (provided of course the no fault exist).

The VFO turing range a squated as follows: With CTs est at full mean, Ct is adjusted to that the VFO generates 5.00MHz; It should be found that when CT is at minimum. One the frequency is about 3.7MHz; It greater range is required. C2 may be increased to the next higher value (180 or 200P). If for some reason C4 does not bring about the required requency as described above. C3 may be changed to corect the problem 82pf would raise the frequency, and 180pf.

L3 is brought to resonance by unbalancing the ball mod with R20 and peaking C24 for maximum output as indicated on M1. This adjustment should be done at about mid-band (3.5MHz).

Feet the heatsinks of Q5 Q6 occasionally to make sure that they are not running too hot to touch. If they do get too hot after some minutes of keyed CW operation, reduce the quiescent bias current.

### OPERATION

To operate DSB, S2 is placed in the DSB position, and the carrier bal pot R20 is adjusted for a null as indicated on M1. A more precise null can be obtained by listening to the signal on the station receiver Whilst speaking in a normal voice, mic gain pot R16:s advanced until M1 flicks up to about 3 on a scale of 10. If an oscilloscope is available, the DSB output waveform can be viewed and R16 adjusted to the point where flat-topping just occurs then backed off slightly from that noint. The signal should sound clean with a minimum of splatter when it is checked on the station receiver. The operator will have to wear headphones during this set-up to avoid audio feedback problems. Better still have another person listen to the signal and adjust R16 to a point where maximum undistorted output is obtained

Incidentally. AM operation is possible by inserting an appropriate level of carrier by careful adjustment of R20. Te operate CW S2 is placed into the CW position and ball pot R20 is adjusted out of the null position to set the output level required between 0 and 1W

### CONCLUSION

Although 1W may be considered a very low level of power interposable to work stations far and wide, and mieratate GSO is should be obtained. Later if desired a linear amplifier can be added as an "afterburner" Details of two amplifiers have been published, and the

author can supply information on these if required. Send a large SASE, with two stamps please to the author for a copy of the PWB artwork component location diagrams and a list of parts and parts sources.

\*\*

Photography Drew Dremond VK3XU References

Solid State Design ARRL.
Radio Communication Handbook - RSGB
Practical RF Design Manuar — DeMay

# A TELEPHONE THAT DOES WHAT IT'S TOLD Date and warp quick builtons may be come a thing of

Disis and even push buttons may become a thing of the past on selephone. Instead you will simply selthem to make a call. Such a phone has already been developed by

engineers at the British Telecom (BT) research saboratories at Martlesham Heath in eastern England. It is known there as ASCOT which is short for automatic speech controlled telephone. ASCOT ooks a fairly normal te sphone but has a

built-in-microcomputer and a tirry display screen which displays the numbers being sutomatically disalled in response to voice commands spoken nto the mouthpiece of a normal handles! The next attps, a to get nd of the handlest so that users a mply seek to the unit.

Up to 50 useful words such as "dia" and "nome"

on the constitution of the state of the constitution of the consti

The phone will take over once the user has given command "dial" followed by the wanted number. Alternatively, frequently used numbers can be stored under a name. This means, for instance, the user simply says "dial home" to get the phone to make a call automatically to his home.

The secret of the new phone is its computerised vocabulary memory which engineers have succeeded in getting into a heat table-top unit little bigger than an ordinary telephone.

an ordinary telephone

BT believes ASCOT a likely to be used initially to
help physically disabled people who may not be able

to move an ordinary telephone dial or press buttons. ASCOT could also become a lifessiver by enable the disabled simply to say "emergency" to the phone, which would be programmed to respond by calling up the police, fire brigade or an embulance.

From New Technology in Brissian



In Edwary the judges selected the group of photographs depicting the Red Cross Murray River Hamithon, in the centre pages

River Harathon, in the centre pages.

The winner at the end of the competition in Jine will win the Agli-Cevent prize of fills and indeo tapes to the value of \$100.

AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985 - Page 17

# CASSETTE LOG PROGRAMME

Neil Cornish, VK2KCN 56 Sherwin Avenue, Castle Hill NSW 2154

High on the list of tasks that amateurs purchased a computer for, is log-keeping. To be able to store such information and quickly retrieve it, is the aim of most amateurs. To do so quickly, it is desirable to have a disk-based programme such as my DISELOG programme printed in AR in December. Programmes that rely on tape storage tend to be to slow to be tractical. However, this moveramme overcomes the speed problem.

1618 G09/61988: IFVsC=Y=THEN1558

163e REXTENDED AND CONTROL STREET | 163e GOSUB178: GOSUB178: GOSUB178: GOSUB198: [FYSO "V"THEN1928

```
CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
```

Screen Dump of the Programme Menu.

The TAPE\_OG programms is designed to store references to your written og in such a way that you can find the detalls of a prior QSO with any other station in the first minutes of a QSO.

So that the I lea do not become huge and take time to load a number of casasties are used each with a section of the world on the The number of casasties that you choose to use will vary only our operating that you choose to use will vary only our operating contract or one cassettee part TU zone For the more active amaker, you may need one cassette per countres crewnone cassette per call area. Probably, you will need a maker of the above, with accome comment of the country of the c

Next you enter, asy, previous 4 VC GSC's and perhaps you may need separate casserts for each call sea. This process is repeated until all the log is neatly stored on cassertest. The programme is now valid to use and as you work DX and make contact with, say, a 2., you simply \_CACH the 2. In the form the 21 sea. SEARCH the list for the log page of the form the 25 sea. SEARCH the list for this sea the first CSC ADD to the N of 1 this is the first CSC.

As you can see a written og sat i required, but the restriction of the tape file is paramount and the files are kept as brief as possible. The programme is written for the Commodore 64 and allows 500 c.a. slagns per cassette file. More will 1 in the 64, but the tape takes longer for eads 5pt it ing your fogu pas adversed above in 1 g ver the SEARCH part of the programments great advantage. SPEED

great advantage SPEEU For the pear a clive amatter, there is a lot of typing ahead so as usual if you would rather use it than type in \$5 for a tape to the author will get one for you. A highly abody devision for the unexpanded VIC-20 max 250 ca is per cassette) is also svariable from the same source.

```
1010 G05U02120:G05U02030
1828 505181928
1838 ONNGOTO1848,1128,1228,1358,1448,1528,1636
1868 R=81C=41GOSUB17881R+81GOSUB1958:PRINTR$(R) JC$(C) J
1878 PRINT"# ENTER THE HRME FOR THIS FILE ME"! INPUTFIS
1888 GOSUB1958:PRINTRS(R):"# LORDING "FIS" FILE": IN110PENI
 1090 INPUT@1.0$(1).P(1)
 1100 IF08(I)="@"THEHCLOSE1:[=I=1:G05Ub1878:G05UB1688:G0T01028
1110 Iml+1:GOTO1090
1128 RENTERMENT 158
114B GOT01466
1150 G(SUB1730:IFRSC(FIS)=32THENCOSUB1950:FORH=1703:G05Ub1870:NEXTK:G05Ub1820
1160 R=8:PRINTRE(R):DE(C):"# ENTER CALLSIGH AND NIT (RETURN) ":PPINT
1176 INPUTCASIR #8: GOS/B1950: PP: INTRS (P.) CS (C.) " S CHECKING LOG FOR DSO WITH "CRE
1150 FORF#1TOI: IFCR$()Q$(F)THENNE).TF:GOTO:210
1190 PHOLOGOSUB1950:GOSUB1070:PRINTRYIR: CSFC1:"# 050 WITH "CR#" LOJ PAGE "P.F.
1288 COSIB1850/COSIB1988/COTO1818
1218 Rad: GOSUB 1858: GOSUB18 "#1PRINTR; R.:CJ. 9 .: # FIRST 950 WITH 'CAR' 1GOTO1280
1620 PENS DESIRE LES FRAS NA FERRE
1258 G05LP17381PHS1G05LB19581G05FB1878
1260 PRINTPERRY POST 2: " S MARNING -- ONLY USE THIS FUNCTION "
1278 PRINTCR/2: "# MFTER H SULE-SPOU SEARCH ":PRINT(): 1
1288 PRINT-BRW TO CONTINUE OR ARY OTHER TO ABORT": SOSUB1988
1290 IFVS()"Y"THEH1020
   THE PROJUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY AND PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF
1310 PRINTER(12 HAR: PRINT: INPUTP/F)
1320 RE6: GOSUB1950: PPINTRS (R . "C) (L . "# FILE (PDATED)
1330 PRINTES A . "DON'T POWNET TO SHIE THE FILE ON TRPE --
1340 G03Ub18501G05UB19001G0T01020
1350 PERCENCIPACION CONTRACTOR CO
1358 IFT THEN I
13.0 (0101468)
1350 (4)50817381806160918195816091814 9
1390 PRINTPS(R):CS(2):" HARMING --- ONL! USE THIS FURT IN
Help PRINTERS : 172 AFTER MULTINES OF SECURITIES AND MULTINES OF SECURITIES OF MULTINES OF SECURITIES OF SEC
1438 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT: $17 :: CAS: [=1+1: [NPUIP: 1 :: OS: 1 : W MS: GOTUL V. P
1450 [F]THEH1480
1460 R=41C:4:G0SUB1950:G0SUB1800
14 °0 600061670:G05061650:G05081988:G0T01020
1408 COURT 278+CORIN1930+CORIN1990+TFVE
                                                                                                                      "Y" Derwidth
1490 R=81GOSUB1950:PRINTRS(R):CS+():"# ENTER THE NAME FOR THI: F] > #
    980 R=10:PP1N1R1<P)
 1510 IMPUTFI$1607UB1/50160T01020
INDE CHEIR-SIPPINTRE-R-IDE(C-I" ENTER EACH CALLSIGN FOLLOWED BY IT 5
1560 PRINTGE-C-I" PAGE MUNBER IN YOUR LOG, SEPARATED BY"
1370 PRINTR$(8);C$(C);* A CONNO
                                                                                                 THEN PRESS FRETURNI
1908 R:111PRINIPPOR):CECC: RETER THE LAST ENTRY, TYPE 4.0 [RET RN]*IPRINT
1998 IMPUTDECI).PCI::R:11:GOTUB1958::FOECI): -"A"TMENIaI+1:GOTO1588
 1688 C+4:R+6:GOSUB1958:PRINTRE(R);C$(C);"@ NRITING LOG ON TRPE ::R+18:GOSJB1930
```

```
1850 GOSUB1950: GOSUB1870-PRINTP#(R):C$(C):*# MRUE YOU SAUED THE LOG FILE? Y/M *
                        G05UB1900: IFYSO "Y"THEN1929
  1678 END
  10/0 1/10
  1700 RENE MIRES DISSON ROSE PARAMENTO
1710 PRINTER P 1/8 9, "# INSERT CORRECT THRE
1710 GOSU61878:GROUBISGO:RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                          CORRECT TAPE *1G0SUB1858:G29*01968
1790 CLOSELINE T. IDET ISS
  1300 REMS SANTUS THE SANCE IN
                                                    1010 5.20
          TO PENT DAGGE AND THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL OF THE THE TOTAL OF T
                                                                                                                                                                                         THE TODE ***COSIBLISSA*CASIBLIS NAT DUD. 2: RETURN
  1940 DETRITOR S.
  1840 PRINTRY 1. 4 3 - 1 REMIND TH
                                                                                                                                                                                                EV TO CONTINUE ! -- DETINO
  1360 PRINTER 10
      APA REMOVE PORTERED CONTRACTOR AND AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE
  Take Docks, + + 1, P of Dec. 240:POKESD4S.12:POKESD41.70:POKESD45.1
  1900 REM 144 17 2 2 100 2 2 100 100 1
  1910 GET #
                                                $1 1F. to*
  1 (20 DEM THE SHARE HER SHARE 
  12"0 PEN MINER: WISSIN PRISH WINDOWS PRINCIPALITY
  1980 F
                                                                                           STITES I
                          FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE P
  1980 Re41G05UB1950tG03UB1888
1990 8087-1507:PB17D1 Te51/C144-5847-185 FT
                                                          T T THEMP BOT SEINOTIONS F1.F2 F3.F4.F5.F6.F77:Ca4
                          GOLDENSON: / AN + - 321 FF / 108/7/7/HENGOSUB1679190T92919
  2010
                                                          2040 DIM91
                                                      -7:57
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ": FIX-" THERE IS NO"
  2850
  2000 PRINTSTON
                                                                                                               OF. NEW CORNISH - UKSKIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ":FIRT-1TH7:PEROSE T
                                                                        TURN
                                                                                GORD LOG FILE FROM TAPE, F3 .. SEARCH LOG FILE IN MEMORY
IPDATE LOG FILE IN MEMORY F7 .. ADD TO LOG FILE IN MEMORY
                          DATAFI .. LORD
                          DOTAFE ...
                                                                                                                   LOG FILE IN MEMORY.F4 .. START NEW FILE FROM SCRATCH
  2100 DATAF2 .. SAVE
  2:10 DATAFS .. GUIT RETURN TO BASIC
```



# itiumbnail skietches



HARRY S DEARNESS VK4KW

Harry, S. Deamess consinced the PMG he should be allowed to go or air by attems no his AOCP in Macray Queen and kinkly 1939 Linfortunately, as Austre as spatific patient with West 1939, ties so many others, hearry just got started when he had to got lithe bigswitch is most frustrating move for those at the height of the resthus asm. Again, like so many others (AKK) we nated and saw sav-ce with the 2/122 Aust Br gade AIF 9th Division 1941-195.

The war over Harry continued professionally with

electronics as a Radio and TV technician until his recent retirement to the near coastal town of Strathpine, thirty kilometres north of Brisbane.

As an amateur he has remained most active, participating in almost all sepects and activities, one of the latter being JOTA. An all moder, after a period of homebrewing, he now uses Yeesu gear to good effect in DX and contests. A visit to the shack of

VK4RM was the catalyst to his interests in AR. Harry VK4KW lists his other hobby as gardening—which, combined with amateur radio, seems to this writer an ideal way to spend one's fater years.

# HARRY (TIBBY) SCHOLZ VK4HR (SK) VK4HR was yet another unforgettable character

of AR's haleyon days. He was first licensed in Gladstone in 1933 and shortly after moved to Brisbane where he soon made his mark on the local scene Harry participated with much success in all levels

of the hobby, viz administration, sechnical and social. He served on the WIA Council in VK4 in more than one capacity, a homebrewer of ability he constructed both his amateur and broadcast band gear and he was the creator of the very active South Brisbane Radio Club. His DX achievements were

### AMATEUR RADIO OPERATORS IN THE USA AGREE ON PACKET-RADIO PROTOCOL

The Board of Directors of the American Radio Relay League (ARRL), Newiglon, Connector of 26 Cctober, 1984 approved a standard protocol for amatteur packet radio A document with detailed specifications. AX25 Ameteur Packet-Radio (Link-Layer Portocol, by Technology Connector of the Connector of t

This protocol was developed over a threeyear period by amateur volunteers and amateur packet-radio ciubs throughout North America Earlier versions of the protocol have been in daily use since early 1983 by the approximately 2000 amateur packet-radio stations. Many of these are in populous areas of the US such as San Francisco, Boston, Miami, and Washington, DC, and others are active in Europe Africa, East Asia, Australia and New Zealand Amateur packet-radio enthusiasts ( packeteers") have a wide choice of transmission modes. high-frequency ionspheric, very-highfrequency terrestrial, amateur satellite and meteor-scatter communications. Transmission speeds are now in the 300 to 1200 word-perminute range and will be much higher in the near future as new equipment designs are completed.

Although it is early in the development of manetur picket reduci, twill eventually become an international integrated network offering a wide verifyed fallate communications serv ces of providing the public with emergency communications in times of disaster as anateurs have done for many years by manual message processing. Other network services will be automatic wealther reporting, data bases at III automatic wealther reporting, data bases at III processing. Other compresses de-movidit teleptions.

> Alan Shawsm th, VK4SS 35 Whynol Street Wesl End Q d 4101

legion and many troph as graced his shack VK4HR was a good social zer and popular but he

VK4HI was a good social zer and popular but in possessed a sharp and sometimes cutting wit and the unpetionest gate practices (okes May Irelate) ust one of many — Tibby VK4HI and yours furly worked together for a period as PMG Broadcast Technicagns Another assistant workmale who shall recipied to the property of the property of regions that to work — vulger by any standards Tibbr's incossive comments about this perioded him.

"Aw, cut it!" said the nameless amaleur heatedly, unable to stand the jibes any longer it so happened that VK4HR was standing at a

It so happened that VK4HR was stending at a workbanch with a large pair of scissors in his hand "You said "Cut it" "inquired Tribby"

"Yes," said the ameleur, I meant it!
Whereupon: VAHR simply reached up and cut off
the offending necktie at the knot. What followed is

How Harry VK4HR came by his nickname is not known. It could be related to his lack of 1 b a' (shin

known. It could be related to his lack of it bill (shinbone) length. He was sightly shorter than average Sadly, post-WWI he fell ill and prematurely went into a long physical decline; his wit, however remained with him to the end. All shin,chille poorer

AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985 - Page 19

for his passing.

Vicki Marsden VK2EVM M d Western Highway Blayney NSW 2799

HOW TO

FOR USE ON OTHER COMPUTERS

Have you ever seen a programme that will do just what you always needed only to discover that it was written for the Commodare 64 with all those add looking symbols that you can't make head a trail of? So to help in conventing C-64 programmes to other micro computers, here are some commonly used symbols. POKEs and after commands for

the '64 that must be changed or disused on other computers.

USER IN A PRINT STATEMENT CLEAR SCREEN 31 HOME TOP LEFT CORNER OF SCREEN CURSOR UP 31 CURSOR DOWN 18 CURSOR LEFT WILL CURSOR RIGHT REVERSE ON - PRINTS WHITE ON BLACK REVERSE OFF - PRINTS BLACK ON WHITE INSERT m DEVETE BLACK PURPLE 3 Den. NID USEA LT GREEN S LT BLUE THESE ARE MOST LIKELY TO BE HISED WITH AN IR STATEMENT # F2 KEY # P6 KEY F3 KEY # F4 KEY EACH COLOR ALSO HAS A N ETC IN THE ABOVE ORDER, A NUMBER STARTING FROM @ (BLACK), L (WHITE) POKE 53281,X CHRNGES THE INNER SCREEN COLOR. POKE 53280,X CHRNGES THE OUTER SCREEN COLOR. ANY VALUES POKED BETWEEN 54272 AND 54296 CONTROL THE THREE VOICES IN THE C-64.

EG. POKE 54296, X CONTROLS THE VOLUME, X NAY BE FROM 8 (OFF) TO 15 (LOLIEST., EVERY PERIFFERAL CONNECTED TO THE COMPUTER HAS LTS OUN DEVICE NUMBER. 1 - CASSETTE 2 - MODEM 3 - SCREEN 4 - PRINTER 8 - IST DISK DRIVE 9,18,11 - ADDITIONAL DISK DRIVES 5 - 2ND PRINTER OPEN 2,4 HOULD OPEN FILE NO. 2 TO THE PRINTER.
PRINT&2.8\$ MOULD PRINT A\$ ON THE PRINTER. OPEN 3.8.3."8'15/12/84.8.R" MEANS ...
OPEN FILEO, DEVICEO, CHANNELO, "B FILE HOME.FILE TYPE, DIRECTION"
FILE TYPE 18 S FOR SEQUENTIAL.
DIRECTION 18 R FOR READ OR IN FOR WRITE. INFORMATION IS READ BY IMPUTES, As COR DETES. AS FOR A SINGLE CHARACTER)
OR MRITTEN TO DISK BY PRINTES. AS OPENIS-8,15 OPENS THE BISK COMMIND CHANNEL. IMPUTRIS, E18, E28 E38, E48 RERDS THE BISK ERROP CHANNEL. E1\$ - ERROR NO. E2# - ERROR NRME E3# - TRRCK NO. F48 - BLOCK VO. PRINTS: "NO NAME.ID" - REFORMITS THE ENTIRE DISK. PRINTSIS "TO MEAR LEWS OLD FILE" - COPIES A PROMOTH ON THE DISK. PRINTSIS "TO MEMBELE-BO CLEFILE" - COPIES A PROMOTH ON THE DISK. PRINTSIS "SO NAME." EMPLE (CORNICIA A FILE. PRINTSIS."SO NAME." - EMPLE (CORNICIA A FILE. PRINTEIS. "Y" - WILLIBRIE. REORGANIZES DISK TO ENSURE THAT AVAILABLE BLOCKS ARE FPEL. THE 8 IN SAVE 80 ACCOUNTS OVER THE EXISTING FILE /2002 MERNS THAT THE ILE AGAIN IS TO BE SAVED

LOCATIONS MORA TO DACE MAR SOFECH MOSITIONS.

69. POREMBRA-1 MOULD MUT THE LETTER A 1H THE TOP LETT CORNER OF THE MOSEL.

8 Z MAR INHIBEDER 1 26.

82 TO 63 MAR THE SWINE MS THE RISTLICHORS (MDE.

10 TO 63 MAR THE SWINE MS THE STATUTH OF THE C-64 TE / SOMPD,

LOCATIONS 55296 TO 56295 CONTROL THE COLOUR OF THE SCREEN POSITION, EO. POKES5296.1 MOULD CHANGE THE COLOR OF THE LETTER A TO WHITE,

# SO YOU'VE BOUGHT A PERSONAL COMPUTER?



Bill Martin VK2COP 33 Somerville Road, Hornsby Heighls, NSW 2077

Well, so have I . . . and of course, the first thing you find out is that you're not as smart as you thought you were. Many months of agonising over which PC to buy, what I wanted it to do for me, what I wanted to do to it, and whether the PC and I could come to some arrangement, suitable to both of us. Well, the computer has come to some arrangement alright - it does what it wants to do, when it wants to do it! But, let me say this in my defence: I have learnt a few things about it - let me enumerate them:

I have learnt what a Syntax error is, an illegal variable error; and unpaired bracket error; a multiple statement is nothing to exec, a mixed mode, a next without for error an unknown function (7) a bad load (this is a cardinal sin), a can't continue: a gosub stack error but have not yet received the 'Option Not Fitted' ALLOY MARRIED

Not bad sh? So you can see I've learnt quite a few things about it. (I hope it's not listening at the moment.) ('ve learnt what 'Hardwarn' is: I've learnt what 'Software' is, I've learnt all sorts of computer nomenciature and the only thing left to learn about it

19 HOW TO OPERATE THE BLASTED THINGS And I must put a 'pot' across the speaker to wind down the sudio on the speaker a little. A couple of times when I've rea ly been concentrating on serious programming the rotten thing has BEEPED at me, causing me to nearly fall off the chair! Actually, even today, I took the thing to pieces to do just that, and must admit I was tempted to leave it in pieces, so it couldn't insuit me any further! Anyway there I was, with the covers off, and still no evidence of the speaker grit's connections. Not being a person who is easily daunted. (I am the holder of the AOCP). I continued with the screwdriver, and removed the top board . HORRORS! The speaker is under the Mother board

Consider, for a moment, the situation here I am. with the computer in complete disarray on the bench; my brain working overtime to try and keep up with what I'm trying to do, a top board full of IC's shaking in ry trembing hands AND STILL CAN'T GET AT THE SPEAKER

By this time, you're probably thinking "Well, he's outsmarted himself this hime." Not so

exigency plans for just this type of altuation. I simply out every bit back together, and attack on a future occasion, when I have had time to think about It And that is exactly what the situation is at the

moment. As a matter of fact, when I come to think about it, the audio level of the speaker is not so bad --! think I could leave to live with it in time But the BITS, BYTES, POKES, PEEKS, PIXELS, et al., I think (on reflection) may just prove too much for me However, my address is in the call-book, and I am always open to advice and suggestions from those

who have more of a flair in these matters than I do On the plus side, (in case you thought I had been regretting the purchase of the PC), my children think it's mervellous, with it's games, etc. And it looks good in the shack - impresses the itinerant visitor, dresses up the decor, and leaves friends with the impression that "he must be amarter than I thought". As is my wood I don't relieve them of their erroneous ideas simply blind them with computer double-talk and leave them thinking that I am some sort of electronic high-brow. (HI HI), If only they knew - Of course, anyone who knows me won't be fooled. They all realise my capabilities, as I do (SIGH).

IN CONCLUSION (As they say in the equipment reviews), I would certainly recommend the purchase of a personal computer for the average amaleur, and, everything else aside, it is a good companion when the solar cycle is at the bottom of the graph. In short, you have HF, SSB, CW, VHF possibly and NOW computership, glass RTTY, Keyboard CW, and all sorts of goodies Buy a computer by all means, just don't ask me

what brand to buy, or how to operate it!



### **DOC WARNS ABOUT ILLEGAL** LINEARS

An investigation had found that a number of taxis in the Sydney area had been installed with linear amplifiers in an effort to increase the range of their radio and as a result get more jobs

A DOC spokesman said use of linear amplifiers by some Sydney tax is caused interference to other radio communications services, harmed radio frequency

management, and made taxi drivers liable to prosecu-

The problem had first arisen about two years ago, but reports of interference had increased significantly over the past six months.

DOC had warned it would crack down if the amplifiers were not voluntarily withdrawn. Unauthorised use of a linear amplifier is illegal under the Wireless Telegraphy Act 1905 and operators

can face penalties including confiscation of equipment and a fine of up to \$1,000 Fines would increase to \$10,000 under the new Radiocommunications Act which will take effect this year. Under this Act it will also be illegal to install such

equipment without authorisation

Contributed by Jim Linton VK3PC

# MORE ON MURPHY

I have always been curious to know just how it came about that Murphy got 'umbered as the poor fellow responsible for all the snags that seem to be an intrinsic part of electronics

Readers may remember that in an earl er column, I described how a social misfit named MUR-FE. deported from the land of the Pharaohs of Egypt. finally found his way to the 'Land of the Shamrocks' Finding the Emerald Isle very much to his liking, he net about this favourite pastimes of procreating. imbibing and spotting others fun. it is claimed that all those going under the name of Murphy are descendants of this particular Arab

Now, by another stroke of luck, I have come across the activities of one of his twentieth century descendents Christened Michael Meehan Murphy. born into the modern era of Science and Technology and claiming to be an electronics engineer, he developed one of the most profound concepts of this now age -- MURPHY'S LAW His real contribution to S&T lay not merely in its discovery but in its universality, application and impact. The law itself is inherently simple but it will form the foundation on which future engineers will build.

In short the law says: "If enything can go wrong, it

Miches, Meshan Murphy has provided endless examples of the universality of Murphy's Law

Unfortunately, Mr Murphy fel, victim to his own law. He overlooked the fact it applies to all things - and not solely to insnimate objects. While syidly courting a lady to whom he had no intention of honorably pledging his troth, she informed him one day there was to be an heir to his hard-won estate The photo of Mr Murphy was taken just after he received the news. His expression reminds this author of the fellow who read the following in his

local village rap -"Would the young gentlemen with moustache and thinning hair, who met the small blande ledy in Brighton last year, please contact her . he will hear something that will wipe the smile from his



# Beware the fate of Harry Steed.

was warned, but wouldn't heed. That Murphy does his nasty best. Just before a big contest He's out, a-spoiling bent Sabotaging some event -Or messing up the beam, or gear So have a thought and a fear Touch naught that has no need Lest you wind up like Harry Steed. Who spent the week and on reason

Acen Shee

But never did get back on air

# "FORGOTTEN GENIUS"

History praises such pioneers as Marcon, Edison, Graham Bell to name a few, but one man, Niko as Testa often unknown and delegated to the back pages of scentific ourna's, srespons ble for a gigant cimeasure of scientific and industrial progress that has taken pixed ourng the past egitty years.

n the words of Tesla's biographer. John O Ne , this is the man who gave us the twentieth century. This truly remarkable genius invented or described in detail afternating current, the modern AC induction motor, the electron microscope, the turbine, a system of arc lighting ineon and fluorescent righting, radar forty years before it was 'invented', high frequency currents that are in universal use in the medical and industrial fields, remote control by radio harnessed the mighty power of Niagara falls, produced huge artificial ightning bolts, described the leser sixty years before it became a reality. He also ht 200 e ectric lights at a distance of twenty five m es WITHOUT connecting w res and in 1898 demonstrated the working principles of wireless and described in detail the radio controlled rocket forty five years before the Germans used it in World War 2.

Tesls rejected the Nobel Prize, not from vanity, but because he would have shared it with Ed son who, much to his later regret, had spuried a ternating current and belittled Tes as work in this new sphere. Living in powerly, Tesla to be up a contract worth many in ions of follars because it would have

caused heavy financial loss to a friend.
Testa died in 1943, alone and in poverty in a
seedy hotel room in New York, Ignored and
swindled by the twent ath century world he

helped create A strange, ignely man who never married. N kolas Teala was born in 1856 in the town of Smiljan, Austria Hungary (now Yugoslavia). He choose electricity as a career and attended the University of Prague After graduation he secured employment as a draughtsmen in-Budacest and later moved to Par's where he worked as a te ephone engineer. It was at this time Tesla worked out his idea of an induction motor that ran off alternating current, hithertodeclared impossible by the scientists of the per od as it necessitated a rotating magnetic field Direct current motors then in use were cumbersome and heavy, the commutator and brush assembly an additional drawback which required frequent cleaning and replacement as they used a form of soft carbon Tesla constructed his first AC motor in 1883 which he immediately patented

n 1884 he emigrated to the United States where he shrewdly real sed all future, major electrical development would take place

After and ng in New York, Testa through a etter of introduction, secured employment with Edison. Their characters were in direct contrast with each other and inevitably, frict on developed. Thomas Edison was dedicated to his direct current system and refused even to consider the alternative AC method. Tastare as edf the severer in lations of the DC network with a generating station in each precinct. Power astr business outside a relatively small area being impossible without voltage loss and heavy, cumbersome power lines.

In 1887 Tesla parted company with Edison and for a period worked as a ditch digger before opening a very modest workshop which he named, The Tesla Electrical Company It was here, although hamstrung by very limited finances, he produced many improved motors working on single, two and three phase AC systems. At this time Tesla was contacted by George Westinghouse of the Westinghouse Flectric Company who offered to purchase the existing AC patents for a million dollars, plus royalties of one dollar per horsepower of future generating potential. Tesls accepted the offer and the foundations of a giant nationwide electrical network were laid. A firm friendship sprung up between the two men in direct contrast to those which existed between Tests and Edison

In 1989 the huge World Exposition in Chicago was Illiuminated by afternating current and Weshinghouse secured the contract contract and Weshinghouse secured the contract contract the contract contract that the full implications of the Testa contract was realised by attorneys acting for George Weshinghouse They point of testable when huge power systems were constructed. If was impractical and would bankrupt the Westinghouse company, Reluctions and the contract, thereby giving up claims to many millions of dollars of future moment.



Nevertheless, Tesla threw himself into new development work and produced many inventions, aspecially in the high frequency current helds. He unfortunately failed to file patients for these, much to his everlating regret and in later years these same developments were blatantly pirated around the world. Even the famous Tesla HF corl was not protected by patients.

After discovering "terrestial stationary waves", Teslis burning ambittion was the transmission of power without wires and the broadcasting of intelligence by wireless waves, cultimating in a world wide power and in minute detail the electronic views soveral decades before it was "invented". It was duent by the proper without waves to light two damps the period that Teslis was able to demonstrate publicity the transmission of HE power without waves to light two almost he was able to demonstrate in his lateratory and the state of the power without waves to light two almost he was allowed and without these was allowed to the state of the power without was all without these was lateratory and the was able to the was able to the state of the power without was a state of the power without was always to the power without the was able to the state of the was able to the

what he called 'specia radiation waves which were able to penetrate meta and register on a photographic plate. Again he had made a revelation three years before Rontgen in Germany announced his discovery to the world of X-rays.

Another of Tesla's inventions was what he called his "telegeodynamic oscillator". This device, operated principally by compressed air, was able to shake by ldings violently in the immediate neighbourhood of his laboratory identical to an earthquake. As the oscillations built up in strength complete buildings rocked about shattering glass and peeling plaster off in sheets, water and gas pipes sheared and the pan cistricken populace rushed into the streets convinced New York was in the grip of a major seismic quake. On y police intervention stopped the experiment and the destruction of the area. It is not recorded what the aftermath of the exper ment produced, but Tesla claimed he could destroy the tall Chrysler building (then New York's highest) in thirty minutes using a total of 2% horsepower to drive his oscillator

He also claimed by using a mod fied version of his oscillator, it dould be used to coate or and oil deposits far underground. Another "first" by over forty years when a simmethod using small controlled explosions was used by geologists to locate one, water and oil. 1888 he publicly demonstrated his

remote controlled mode boat at Medison Square Garden sung "wreless" control and power The demonstration was an unquelified success and the seprets were ago over n a serior modramens who no alcred the direction and recoliver were asporated by several hundred feet and the boat carried owe and serior interest to the proper serior pasent rights were not taken out to protect these important developments.

In 1899 Tesla, with finance provided by a P Morgan, moved his workshop to Colorado Springs The building was constructed on the summit of a small mountain with power supplied by the local generating station in the nearby town. Here he constructed a giant Tesla coil which built up a potential of 12 million volts creating min ature lightning flashes 135 feet long. During one experiment he delayed throwing the discharge switch and promptly burnt out the alternators at the town generating plant. Nothing daunted he rewired the damaged afternators within a week and carried on with his experimental Further finance was provided by Colonel John Astor and eventually Tesla moved his laboratory back to New York. As his work failed to show returns over the investments provided by Morgan and Astor and couped with the failure to secure patent protection, both these wealthy men withdrew the risponsorship and Tesla found himse f without a backer Only very small occasional grants were forthcoming and Tesla was forced through circumstances to abandon his dream of a world nower and broadcasting network

In the period between 1906 and 1914 Testa becan to develop the turbine. He injured forces with the Allis Chalmers company in this venture which after a period failed because of his abrasive personal ty and his determination not to commit anything in writing or on paper Although the Tesla turb ne was different in design to the now accepted type, it differed only with the blade construction Once again, Tesla made nothing out of his work on the turbine

In 1917 during a lecture tour he theoretically demonstrated the main principles of radar and ear or had demonstrated in his laboratory how wireless waves could be deflected by metal objects. Again, radar was anticipated by over thirty years

Following a disastrous fire which destroyed his New York laboratory and workshop, Tesla was hamstrung by lack of finance which prevented him from developing new inventions. His card nal error was failure to secure patent protection and whilst manufacturers made fortunes from his ideas and developments, the man who had invented them grew poorer and poorer

In 1915 Tesla made an unsuccessful attempt to obtain a court injunction against Marconi Tesla maintained he had demonstrated in theory and in practice wire ess transmission as far back as 1890 However, in later years the US Supreme Court reversed the decision and upheld Teals's cisim and cancelled Merconi's natents on the grounds that they had been anticipated and demonstrated by Tesia long before the patent rights had been issued. This momentous decision by the courts did nothing to aid Testa financially

His last serious work was the development of the so called "death ray", which some believe was an early attempt to produce a laser. Others maintain it was a development of a high frequency, concentrated beam of some sort that was powerful enough to slop an internal combustion engine or cause serious burns and even death, to anyone who stood in its nath Unfortunately Tesis never committed anything to paper except for a few odd notes His agile brain stored every detail of his many creations and he could totally recall ideas and data years later

Even his own laboratory assistant knew little of a particular project as Tesla never discussed anything in detail. The assistant worked under direction and instruction knowing almost nothing of the details until the particular scheme was completed. With very good reason Tests was highly suspicious of having his ideas stolen and pirated by others

As he was unable to develop genuine friendships with others, particularly women. he was branded as distant, cold and without emotion. Shunned and cheated by the industrial world he helped create, plaqued by poor health and almost penniless - his only friends were the pigeons of New York. With these birds he was able to demonstrate an unknown side of his character - that of love and affection. The answer to this enioma possibly lies in his complete lack of faith and trust with his fellow men who, almost without exception, openly used him and his remarkable talents, discarding him when his useful-DOOD WAS ONCE

When he was unable to feed the pigeons himself because of i liness. Tesla engaged a messenger boy to perform the duty for him He befriended these birds and went to any length to provide them with food and care. sometimes to his own detriment. To one particular white pigeon Tes a was very attached and a special understanding and bond developed between them almost a unique relationship but founded on complete trust between man and bird

One day this bird flew into the room and Tesla instinctively knew it was dying and had come to bid its friend farewell. He was heartbroken and disconsolate over its death and for days he wandered moodily about the streets grieving his loss

His health gradually deteriorated and he breathed his last on a frosty morning in January, 1943. It is said that when he died a great wave of pigeons rose up into the cold. wintry New York sky as a farewell and tribute to their friend and benefactor

When next you are out beyond the city limits, observe the power lines with their sentinel pylons that march across the countryside bringing power to homes and industry. These are indeed a reminder, as well as a lasting monument, to the man who gave us

the twent eth century Mikolas Tesla, the forgotten genius Rendered from Redio ZS

WIA MEMBER FROM OVER-THE-SEAS

J m Sarno W5TGE is one of our many overseas members. He has been an amateur for lifty five of his seventy six years and is pictured here in his well



AUSKITS

PROP: H & V A GRANT VK3A7G TEL: (03) 795 8717

5 AMBLECOTE CRES. MULGRAVE, VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA.

February 1983



at PHA 50 WATT monohead SSR/CW 160m or 20m transceupt (as above photo), KIT \$399.90 plus \$12.00 post/pack/insurance.

ALPHA complete kit but less case/knobs and dig tal display KIT \$299.00 plus \$9.00 post/peck/insurance. DSB/2 80m or 15m Mono/hand DSB/CW direct conversion ORP transcriver

KITS from \$137.50 to \$249.00 WHF MINI/SYNTH 2m VFO Kit Suitable for use at 144 MHz-10.7 MHz or 9MHz "IF" Has:#600kHz features plus onboard FM modulation. Could be used with ord carphones or Xtaled type receivers to go fully tunable. KIT less xtal \$88.00 plus

\$3.50 post/pack SMETRE RECEIVER CONVERTER 28 to 30 MHz " F" = 50 to 52 MHz yes 50 to 52 MHz. KIT \$45.00 plus \$2.00 post/pack/ins

UNIVERSAL MORSE MEMORY Plug in your key and it will record your fist as sent for up to two minutes, very versatile. Write for more data is BUILT \$140.00

plus \$4.50 post/pack/ins 2 METRE RECEIVE PRE/AMP Very small will fit inside most rigs. Recommended by "AMSAT UK" for Oscar 10 \$11 99 plus \$1.00 post/pack

AUDIO SPEECH PROCESSOR uses VOGAD of pping and active filters for mproved FM-SSB Tx audio KIT \$28.50 plus \$1.50 post/pack. AUDIO ACTIVE FILTER Will give seven selectivity positions, three for SSB and

four for CW KIT \$37.99 plus \$1,50 post/pack. 2 METRE FM TRANCEIVER uses stals and is small enough to fit in your pocket. Tranceive Kit \$138.00 Tx only \$67.00 Rx only \$80.00 plus \$3.50 and \$2.00

Write for catalogue/price list enciong SAE or phone for more details. 73 FRED VK3AZG.

post/pack.

# Amateur Radio Abbreviations

These abbreviations are frequently used throughout this magazine and other amateur radio publications. They are printed here to assist new amateurs and amateurs-to-be. The abbreviations appear throughout many articles and also in Hamads.



```
dBd — entenna gain referenced to a dipole
                                                dBi — antanna gain referenced to isotropic,
a dicole has a gain of 2.14 dBi
                                                                                                                                                       op emp operational amplifier
ACNF - AMSAT co-ordination and ne
                                                                                                                                                       op emp open
                                                                                                RM Intruder Welch
                                                dBm — decibels referenced to 1 mW
DBM — doubly belanced mixer
                                                                                                                                                       OSCAR - Orbing Satelite Carrying
 trequency
                                                                                                J — mide
                                                                                                                                                         Amateur Radio
A/D analog-to-digital
AF — sudio frequency

AFC — sudomatic frequency control
                                                ~
                                                    direct current
                                                                                                    indicator for reactive component of an
                                                                                                                                                       DTA — operational transcood viture
                                                DEMUX - demultipleus
                                                                                                  impedance (+) inductive; -) capacitive)
                                                                                                                                                       DTC — Old Timer's Club
APSK sudio frequency-shift keying
                                                DF — direction finder: direction finding
                                                                                                JFET - junction field-effect translator
                                                      dual in-line package
AGC — automatic pain continu
                                                                                                K - kilobyte, Kelyyn
                                                                                                                                                       DF - DUDGE
                                                DQC - Department of Communication
AH - ampera hou
                                                                                                k - kilo. 1000
                                                                                                                                                       p/pp — page/s
                                                DPDT - double-note double-thour
AH --- after hours
                                                                                                KB keyboard
                                                                                                                                                         - power
ALC — submelic load for level) control
                                                DPST double-pole single-throw
                                                                                                ka — Nooram
                                                                                                                                                       PA - Number amorifies
AM — amplitude modulation
                                                 DSB — ricultie scriptural
                                                                                                                                                       PC — printed or etched circuit
                                                                                                Mary .... Mahasta
em — morning
AMSAT — Radio Amateur Satelite
                                                     - dode transition innin
                                                                                                from billiometres
                                                                                                                                                            formilled climate board
                                                         dual-tone, multi-frequency
                                                                                                lan's — Mometres per hour
                                                                                                                                                       PEP - peak envelops power
                                                DVM — digital voltmeter
     rporation
                                                                                                kV — kilovoti
                                                                                                                                                       PEV — peak envelope voltage
                                                DX — long distance
DXAC — DX Advisory Committee
ANTOB - ameteur teleprinting
                                                                                                kW - Novel
                                                                                                                                                       pF — picolared
Pb — phone
 over redio
                                                                                                kWh - kilowati hou
ANL — automatic noise limiter
                                                DXCC — DX Century Club
                                                                                                LADCE Limber American
                                                                                                                                                       PtV — pask inverse voltane
AOCP — Amateur Operator's Certificate
                                                                                                  Operator's Certificate of
                                                                                                                                                       pk - paak
 of Proficiency
                                                EAROM — electrically alterable read-only
                                                                                                  Proficiency
                                                                                                                                                       pk-pk — peak-to-peak
PLL — phase-tocked loop
AOS — acquisition of signal
AR — Amelieur Radio Magazine
ARA — Amelieur Radio Association
                                                                                                L - inductance
                                                ECL - emitter-coupled logic
                                                                                                                                                       PM - phase modulation
                                                                                                B-mind
                                                ECD - electron-counted escillator
                                                                                                                                                       per — afternoon night
PMOS — p-channel MOS device
                                                                                                IC - mboto constitu
ARC — Ameleur Radio Club
                                                     - extra high frequency
                                                                                                LCD - louid crystal display
ARES — American Radio Emergency Service
AREL — American Radio Relay Leegue
                                                ERP — equivalent isotropically radiated
                                                                                                LED — light-emitting diods
                                                                                                                                                       PMP — positive negative-costive
                                                  power erp referenced to an isotropic
ARS — American neon newy League
ARS — Ameteur Radio Society, American
                                                                                                LF - low frequency
                                                                                                                                                      pot — potentiometer
                                                  anienne
                                                                                                                                                       pod - postpad
  Rario Station, amateur radio service
                                               EME — earth-moon-earth (moonbounce)
                                                                                                LMO -- linear master oscillato
                                                                                                                                                       PROM — programmable read-only memory
                                                                                                LO - forest constitutor
ASCII — American National Standard Code
                                                                                                                                                       PRV - pask reverse voltage
                                                                                                Loran -- long-range payloatim
  for information Interchange
                                                                                                LOS — into of signal
                                                                                                                                                       PSK - phase-shift keying
ASSC - Amateur Satellite Service Council
                                                                                                lp — log penodic
LPM — letters per minute
                                                                                                                                                       PBU — power supply uni
ATV — emeleur television

AVC — extransic volume contro
                                                EMP — electromagnetic pulse
                                                                                                                                                       PTO - permeability-tuned pecilietor
                                                EOC - emergency operations center
                                                                                                                                                       PTT -- push-lo-late
                                                                                                LSB - lower extensed
AWG - American wire gauge
                                                EPROM - erasable programmable read-o
                                                                                                LSI — large-scale integration
                                                                                                                                                       PV - photovoltaic
ac-el — azimuth-elevation
                                                                                                LDF - lowest usable frequency
                                                                                                                                                       PVC - polyvinyi chloride
BASIC - beginner's all-purpose symbolic
                                                                                                m ~ metre (distance or band)
                                                                                                                                                         - reactance - resistance ratio
                                                ERP — effective radiated power
  instruction gode (computer language)
                                                                                                M - mega
                                                                                                                                                       QCWA - Quarter Century Wireless
  elun — balanced to unbelanced transforme
                                                EUV - extreme ultraviolet radiation
                                                                                                må - miliamen
                                                                                                                                                         Association
B - Byle a group of bits or binary digits.
                                                I - Insovency
                                                                                                måb - måamner bou
                                                                                                                                                            - low power Ress than 10-W input)
  usually eight
G — broadcast
                                                 F — farad: Falve
                                                                                                MARS - Milary Affiliate Radio System
                                                                                                                                                       GTHR - address correct in current WIA Call Book
                                                FAX — lacsimile
                                                                                                MDS — merum discernible signal
                                                                                                                                                       B - resistance
BCD — binary-coded decimal
                                                FCC - Federal Communications
                                                                                                IF ~ medium frequency
                                                                                                                                                       RAM -- random access memory
BCI — broadcast interference
BCL — broadcast listener
                                                  Commission
                                                                                                alt - milherry
                                                                                                                                                       R/C — radio control
                                                FD — Field De
                                                                                                MHz - megahertz
                                                                                                                                                       R-C — resistor-capacit
                                                PET - Seld-effect translator
                                                                                                                                                       RCC - Rag Chawara Club
  IT - binary digit
                                                PF - tip-flop
                                                                                                                                                       revr - receiver
   FO - best-frequency oscillator
                                                                                                         dual in-line package, 8 pins
                                                                                                                                                       revimin - revolutions per minute
   PF -- band-pass litter
                                                PM — Insquency modulation
                                                                                               mah — mies per hou
                                                                                                                                                       RF — radio frequency
   PL — Brass Pounders League
                                                FMT - Frequency Measuring Test
                                                                                                mpe - miles per second
                                                                                                                                                       RFC - radio-frequency choks
   pe - bits per second
                                                PBD — full-scale deflection
                                                                                                mix — moser
                                                                                                                                                           radio-frequency interference
 BPT — bipolar transistor
                                                PSK — frequency-shift keying
                                                                                                                                                       Rt - radio inspector
    - bandwidth
                                                ft - foot
                                                                                                    Master pscillator
                                                                                                                                                       RIT — receiver incremental funing
        loaded bendwidth
                                                                                                modern — modulator limited
                                                                                                                                                       RMF(number) - number assigned by FCC
to a petition for rule making
C — Cetakus
                                                GeAs FET gallum arsenide field-effect
                                                                                                MOS - metal-oxide semiconducto
GAC — Contest Advisory Committee
                                                                                                       mara with operated switching
                                                                                                                                                              root-mean-squius
                                                GDO grid-dip or gate-dip oscillator
CATVI - public-television interference
                                                                                                ma - milisecond
                                                                                                                                                       ROM - read-only marriary
 CR - citizens bend
                                                GHz — gigahertz
                                                                                                     metres per second
                                                                                                                                                       RB — Radiosport Setellie (USSR)
CCIR - International Radio Consultative
                                                gnd — ground
                                                                                                       most-significant bit
                                                                                                                                                       RSGB Radio Society of Great Britain
Committee
CCITT Consultative Committee for
                                                h - hour
                                                                                                MSI - medium-ecate integration
                                                                                                                                                       RST - readability-strength-tone
                                                                                                       markem-area television
  International Telegraph and Telephone
a part of ITU
                                                                                                                                                       RTL — resistor-transistor logic
                                                                                                MUF - maximum usable frequency
                                                HAAT - height above average term
                                                                                                                                                      RTTY -- radioteletype
                                                HDLC - high-level data fink control
                                                                                                                                                      Rx - receive
       coherent cw; counterclockwise
                                                                                                mW -- millions
                                                HF - high frequency
Ch — channel
om — certimetre
                                                HFO — heterodyne-frequency oscillator
                                                                                               ert - milion
                                                                                                                                                      BAE - self-addressed envelope
                                                M - greetings
                                                                                               MADCP - Novice Ansteur Operator's Certificate of
                                                                                                                                                      SASE glamoed s.s.e
  MOS complementary-symmetry metal-
gode semiconductor
 CMOS
                                                        highest possible frequency
                                                                                                                                                      SCR — silicon-controlled rectifier
                                                Hz - hertz
                                                                                               MBFM narrow-band frequency modulation
                                                                                                                                                            Simulated Emergency Test
        coaxial cable or connector
                                                                                               NEVM - narrow-band voice modulation
                                                                                                                                                       BHF - super-high frequency
                                                f - current
COR carrier-operated relay
CPU Central Processing Unit
CRRL — Canadien Radio Relay League
                                                                                               NCS net control station
                                                MAU - International Ameteur Radio Union
                                                                                                                                                       SM - silver mica (capacitor
                                                                                                MF - none hours
                                                    integrated circuit
                                                                                                                                                      SNR or S/N signal-to-noise ratio
                                                 ld — identification, identifier
                                                                                                nH - nanohenry
                                                                                                                                                      SPDT — single-pole double-throw
SPST — single-pole single-throw
       cathode-ray tube
                                                                                                NGCd nickel cadmium
                                                ID — inside diameter
                                                                                               ML — nose limiter
CSMA - carrier sense multiple access
                                                                                                                                                      SS - Sold State
                                                    intermediate frequen
                                                                                               NMOS — n-channel MOS device
CT - cectar tan
```

MID -- informodulation distortion CTCSS continuous tone-coded aquelch HPM negative-positive-negative HPRM — Notice of Proposed Rule Making In - inch system (PL) in/s nches per second CW — continuous wave (code); clockwise VO — inputiousput NTS - Nesional Traffic System (ARRL). NZART - New Zeeland Amateur Radio Tr D/A - digital-to-analog IRAC — Interdepertment Radio Advisory dBc - decibels referenced to carrier level IRC — International Reply Coupon OD - outside diameter

synchronous, synchronizing RT — synchronous satellite o eync sy Amaleur Radio Iransponder TA - technics subsect TC -- technica, co-optimator line of closest approach Tenn Irrance con TU.

Intervenier

TVI - Islausuch interference

UHF - ultra-high frequency

unaunction transistor

research satellite (Greet Britain)

UoSAT University of Surrey educationals

TV - temperon

Tx Intersection

Localeage THE TOTAL PROPERTY STATES turns nec inch transmit-receive T-T - Touch Tone - transistor-transistor logic USB - upper sideband UTC Universal Co-ordinated Time

V - voit voltage NCO. voltage-controlled ascillator VCXO - voltage-controlled crystal oscillator VFRO - varietie-frequency best oscillator VEC vacable frequency oscillator venuhish frequency very-low frequenc

VMOS - vertical power FET WOY - unco-constant switchers VP - unifoco mendalor voltage standing-wave ratio

vacuum-tube voltmeter VXQ - vanable contai oscilator

Modund All Continents WARC — World Administrative Radio Conference Worked All States

WORL months now minute

working voltage, do transcolvo --sarbr - transmitte

monto married Jada YL - young tady V - imandama

Z - sun UTC SBDXCC - Fre-Band DXCC EDWAC Five-Band WAC 2AWGS Str-Barrel WAC

EDWAR Fire Read MAC c - sigha, angles, common-base forward current-transfer ratio of a bipolar translator

beta, angles, current gain of common-

amiltar translator accolifica delta, increments C - camma: accine spallen: base of natural locarithms

(2 71020) a -- thata names λ — lambda, wavelength, longitude
 μ — mu, micro (10<sup>-6</sup>), amplification facto

P - microproc m - nv 3 14159 signal, arimmayon T — Izu, time constant, time phase

namme angles

phy angles stitude psi angles I) — omega resistance in phins u - omega, angular velocity, 2rf





# R JOHN THORLEY VK48T

There are those smateurs who into whatever are they are born, are destined to eave their mark upon it One such was R. John Thorley VK4RT who first gained his AOCP in 1936 while residing at the suburb of Annerley, Brisbane.

John was a Mechanical Engineer by trade, consequently homebrewing presented few problems to him His mmed ste nost-WWII four element wide spaced Yag, atop a tall slender lattice tower built by

John without them "all the car from Erichand" and coming at the more to "pare" an amount to "pare" an amount to "pare" a singth rub dad a tation operator the dad a tation ope

Man Shawsmith, VK455 his own hands down to the last nut and threaded

holt stood as a symbol to bus ability. His first receiver and transmitter was the usual 1-V-1 and MOPA -- but he soon advanced to using war disposals gear and a Halficrafters SX28 Receiver tone of the most ongular amateur sels ever produced) VK4RT had the honor of serving a term as VK4

WIA President, early post-WWII. He also capably handled the Disposals Equipment Department John was a very able 'after dinner speaker' - an ability which qual fied him admirably for the job of President and one he used on every possible occasion to promote the W.A and AR He was a keen DXer close to the top of the adder

when active and siways maintained that his interest in AR was first stimulated by Fred VK4RF another heen DYs Professionally, John VK4RT was self-employed,

nummer has own ennineering shop for many years Eventually he so'd out and accepted work less exacting and taxing is a commercial traveller in mechanical hardware it was in the course of this duty that he met with a fata road accident thereby sadly cutting short a promising career in his work and amsteur radio, in the prime of his life. He was acutery missed by this writer a persona friend AR

# Spoke to 70 friends in 35 countries-all in 24 hrs

By a Staff Regarder, who "sat in" with a "ham" during the week-end's long-distance control. HN THORLEY, of Emms Street, Holland Park, yesterday

THUMBNAIL

Nevrspaper Clipping of John's Exploits.

ted by had going of by consecute and they are "FOOTNOTE", this, who is had going for the property of the consecution of the property of the consecution of the property of the foreign countries.

John is not a m.racle man,
the is just one of about 1600
radio "hatms" in Australia
and New Zealand who did
the same thing yeaterday.

Five-hour break John began at 6 pm or standay and apart from a ground forn-bruge break due unterference did not learn a transmotter until 6 pm Abo, night Yengriday I watched hims after him 26,000 miles-a-second voice waves to all parts of the globe Webs in Chair South merica 8600 miles away as "Just going to bed" He politised for his bad Eng-sh, and wished John the est of luck. tarits" in Fertuga.

majer away, wished
ene "goed morrung" in
m English It was
wen,her in Lisbon, he "Good hunting" Gub American "Harr

> HOLLAND PARK radio "ham" John Thories did not leave his radio set for lunch yesterdey during his murathon talk with overseas enthropasts,

#### SAFETY RECALL NOTICE Purchasers of Six Oullet power boards marketed

under the 'Click brand name and marked Series 106 are warned that they are unsafe to use Purchases may have been made between 21st September, 1984 and 14th December, 1984 from Target Stores. Please return for free replacement from the store of purchase. The new model marked Series 106B now on sale is completely safe to use and is covered by Cartificate of Suitability CS/436/O Please note: This Safety Recall applies only to 'Click 6-way White Power Boards marked Series

106, not to 'Click' 4-way Power Boards or any other 'Click' product. The replacement moder Series 106B is completely safe to use Chick Industries Pty Ltd 297-305 Victorie Street, Brunswick Victoria 3056 Phone (03, 387 2499

This article appeared in the Sunday Morning Herald 19
January 1965 and was contributed by Tim M. is YK22TM

Yes! You OM know it a water in the LAA!



Bill Martin

# 

ILIST A PIFCE OF WIRE



BALUN

Ron Cook, VK3AFW Technical Editor

PARALLEL

WIRES

CONNECTING

Wall here I am for my first appearance in 1985 better late than never! As I first started out in amateur radio on VHF at a time when home-brewing was essential I automatically cast a critical eye over any giece of wire carrying RF Consequently I have avoided some problems which can be very puzzling to those that encounter them

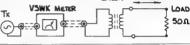
Any piece of wire has inductance even if it is quite straight, the longer the wire the greater the inductance. Ap ece of w-re only 100 mm long and 0.1 mm in diameter has an inductance of 0.1 microhenry Further all pieces of wire have some capacitance associated with themselves and their surroundines. When you but diequipment such as an ATU or antenna you are likely to use some ressonably heavy gauge wire for nterconnect ons. The wire makes the connections but also adds some unwanted inductance and capacitance. In the case of the ATU it is unlikely to be naticed as the ATU will tune it out. In the case of an entenns you may not be so lucky. Suppose you have bought or built a barun to match your 50 ohm coexial cable to the dipole of a beam. You will use some wire to connect the appropriate terminals of the balun in the d pole element. What can go wrong?

We I 1 that is all you do, and if the wires are of equal

length and as short as you can conveniently make them probably you will notice no iil effect. The beam may be resonant at title ower than you expected but it will probably work very well from suppose that you wanted to check the balur prior to installation, which you would probably want to do if it were home brew First v vou would obtain a balanced 50 ohm load that was non-reactive at the test frequency. Next you would get a VSWR meter that was reasonably accurate at the test frequency you would connect the load to the balun with two squal length pieces of wire and measure the VSWR with the lowest power level necessary to give accurate read nos. Remember that most VSWR meters use diodes and these need up to O 6 volts to make them conduct. Using too little power can give a better VSWR reading than actually exists Test this out yourself by comparing the results for a VSWR of shout 1.3.1 measured with just enough power to get FSD in the "Set" condition and agein with the power level at max mum. Most VSWR meters will give a more optimistic reading at the lower powers

Well let's assume that you can make accurate VSWR measurements. You may be dismayed to find that your "Yewbeaut" be un appears to introduce a VSWR of 1 3 1 or more Actually the problem is most likely those two short piaces of wire. If they are Figure 1(b) Assumed Test Arrangement The connecting wires were taken to be 14 SWG spaced 121 mm (4.8 inches) Using the formulae Zo \* 276 tog (2 S/d ) gives Zo = 600 phms (S = wire spacing) and running the wires at a diverging angle will change

the impedance. Typically the effective characteristics impedance will be between 300 and 1000 ohms.



around 40 mm long and the test frequency is 28 MHz then they would account for all of the VSWR What happens is that the two pieces of wire app

to be a short length of open wire transmission line. To analyse what happens I chose two 14 gauge wires sosced 121 mm spart. This gives an impedance of 600 ohms. Next, using a programme supplied by Evan

Electrical Intelli	1129	2000 pt		
(dograde)	200	inches	balus	
0	0	0	1.00	
1	29.8	1 17	1 23	
2	59.5	2.34	1 51	
3	89.3	3.5	1.65	
4	119.0	47	2 25	
5	148.8	5.9	271	
10	297 6	117	6.12	
12	357 1	14.1	801	
15	445.4	17.6	11.4	
20	585.2	23.4	18.6	

Table 1: Calculated VSWR for circuit in Flg 1(b).

The lengths can be calculated at any frequency by finding the length equal to 1 electrical degree. The formulee for the length of 1 electrical degree is: length = 5/6/ metres where f is in MHz, eg at 1.84 MHz 1 electrical degree is 453 mm

VK3ANI, I set to work with my calculator Fig 1 shows the assumed test setup which is as discussed earl er Table 1 shows the results of the calculations. If the wires have no langth at all they have an electrical length of 8 degrees. An electrical quarter-wavelength is 90 degrees a half-wavelength is 180 degrees and so on To give a better insight into what this means. physical lengths for a frequency of 28 MHz are included in the table. I was surprised to see how short the wire had to be to introduce a VSWR of essither 1 5:1 Indeed the whole exercise was triggered by the experiences of another emateur who was carrying out some tests on several baluns, a l of which seemed to be poor on 28 MHz. Changing the connections to the balun made a fremendous improvement

The moral is, of course, keep connections short, As mentioned at the beginning, the problem is not so policeable when the belon is connected to an antenna The centre of the antenna is moved to the balun and the dipole is made longer by about the length of the wires. Two places of wire 40 mm long could move the resonant frequency of a dipole out of the novice segment on 28 MHz. Trimming the outer ends will of course bring the resonance back ou te easily

Well that's all until next time. 72 de VK34 EW References. The Radio Amateur's Handbook ARRL

1982 ad The VHF Handbook, WI Orr HG

Johnson, first ad Smith Chart Programme for Programmable Calculatora, E Jarman, private communication

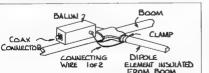


Figure 1(a) Simplified sketch of a typical connection of a balun to a beam.

puters Pty Ltd, a distributor which recently won

BRITISH PARTNER FOR EUROPE'S LARGEST COMPUTER CHAIN

A \$12.6 million joint venture company has been formed by Applied Computer Techniques (ACT) of Birmingham in the English midlands and the Tandy Corporation of the United States to form Europe's largest retail computer chain with some 500 outlets. In Australia, ACT is represented by Barson Com-

several major contracts to supply Apricot computers to the Government of New South Waters From New Technology a Britain

Page 26 - AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985



# Special 75th Anniversary



# VIK2 MIINII BUILLIETIIN

# Feature

# **EVERYTHING HAS A BEGINNING**



It is understood that dissatisfaction with the treatment from author ties in 1910 forced the 'experimenters' together to improve their lot The late Joe Reed VK2... P presented the newspaper

cutting in article "The W A in VK2" this issue to the Division in 1960 - at the 50 year point which seems to fix the commencement date Does any reader have any meterial which has historic significance to the early institute activities as

well as amateur radio in general? Are you in a position to donate it or allow copies to be made of same? Perhaps the best thing to do in the first instance is to contact your ocal Division's Historian Same of the VK2 Division's current research is

being undertaken by Jo Harrie VK2KAA. Her particular interest is tracing early amateurs and the callsigns in use. To date there is a gross indexed collect on of over 8000 names. Jo will have an article on her findings in AR later this year

radio from the californal point of view and this work is being done by the Federal Historian Max Hull VK3ZS There are many others who, in their own way, are collecting or recording history. The Institute would like to hear from you so that your work may be noted in a master record of research that is being undertaken. Those interested in some recorded history will find a wealth of information in the WIA Book Volume 1 which came out in 1982 Copies are available from Divisional bookshops. By now there should be sufficent material on hand for the next edition

VK2 Jo Harns VK2KAA, c/ PO Box 1066, Parramatta NSW. 2150 Federal Max Hull VK3ZS, c/- PO Box 300, Caullield South Vic 3182 The late Joe Read VK2JR the passed away on 23rd July 1969) was a wealth of information. An excellent

been retained by way of the reel to reel tapes and slides in the Division's lecture collection. These were developed during the late 50's and early 60's period when Harold VK2AAH was the Lecture Off per It is pleasing to be able to report that the majority of the collection remained intact during many years at Atchison Street when many must have felt anything no longer in use or state of the art recontents was so much junk it will only be a matter of time when researchers and historians will find their contents The VK2 and Federal Historians are as follows The sketch above Joe appears to have considered

as perhaps a self portrait for written on the back is "This amusing OSL card illustrates a typical scene in VIC2JR's development laboratory at his Northbridge QTH JR 30.1 60°



# YK2 MINI BULLETIN

Tim Mills VK27TM VK2 MINI BULLETIN EDITOR PO Box 1066, Parramatta, NSW 2150

t is an honour for VK2 to have a feature section in the March soile 75 years on a new that meeting in the Hote. Australia on the afternoon of the 11th March 1910 Regrettably that grand old hotel has fallen, in the name of progress, to the wrecker's hammer. In its place is part of the skyscraping MLC Centre. This month it was our turn to provide some extra content each Division having been asked to provide something in their nominated month. There is a considerable volume of material available, the enclosed is but a small part of it it is hoped that a further selection will be presented later in the year

CAUGHT/COURT Several VK2s have been approached to contribute something and more yet to be approached. If you are m seed don't at that deter you for a magazine like "Amateur Redio" sinot just for the regular contributors but every member. Preparing for this month required considerably more involvement than the usual Mini Bu letin As the deadline approached the main stories kept changing. First, following months of problems with abuse on and at the Sydney repeaters, in part cular VK2RW 7000, several offenders have been apprehended in part cular, one was detained on 10th January and held in custody until a further court appearance on 14th January Found guilty by the court, he was sentenced to two concurrent terms of 6 months with hard isbour for some of the offences. In recent times other offenders have been apprehended and have yet to face the courts. When these matters have been finalised some background information can be released however because of matters and investigations pending such details must remain suppressed for the moment "See special report elsewhere in this issue

## CHANGES

On Wednesday 16th January an adjourned Council meeting, to discuss planning for the 75th commemorations had some extra business. A couple of days previously Divisional Secretary Peter VK2PJ had been advised by his employer to prepare for a training course in east coast JSA, leaving before the end of January As the trip would extend past the end of the Divisional year. Peter requested leave of absence from Council and his secretarial duties. To complete the balance of the Divis onal year, council considered several options. It was decided to make some position changes in that Jeff VK2BYY would take over sec-

President. Roper VX2ZIG/NWH added Vice President to his duties. Other Council positions remained invalidated. The other Members being Lee VK2KCP. Max VK2YKF, Mike VK2AUE and Peter VK2PJ (on leave of absence)

I personally would like to thank Jeff for a difficult year in the presidential role, having been in the position before myself. With so little of the year left i would like to see the records show the positions held by each Council Member for the majority of the year otherwise the future historians may become confused" Jeff is also about to change his occupation to an even more demanding role which will force him to forgo some of his institute involvement

### FEGERAL GORVENTION

The Federal Convention is to be held in Melbourne 25th-28th April Apenda stems should reach Divisional Council by mid March. They have to be checked before submission to ensure that they are not existing policy etc. The Conference of Clubs (13/14 April), at Amateur Radio House Includes discussion of all Federal items, not just those submitted by VK2 Some of the early items are included in Amateur Radio, the later ones aired on broadcasts. Copies of all are circulated to affiliated clubs. Any member who would like to express comment on the agenda items should seek out their club delegate prior to 13th April Council renominated the present Federal team for 1985, being Federal Councillor Stephen Pall VK2PS, and alternates Tim Milts VK2ZTM and Wally Watkins VK2DEW Stephen has given notice that he will not be seeking renomination after the end of 1986

### HISTORICAL RESEARISM

This is a time consuming function. For some months now Jo Harris YK2KAA has undertaken an aspect of this in VK2 and has specialised in callsigns - current and previous - and into the people who are or ware their holders. Now some of the time speni is starting to show results as there are over 8,000-cross indexed references. Jo would like to hear from everyone in due course and a questionnaire form is available (inculre from the Divisional Office). In turn Jo can assist you. Perhaps you are the new holder of a calision and would like to know of its previous holders Get in touch with Jo VK2KAA, It is hoped that later this year a short article will be written of aspects

As mentioned elsewhere, if you are doing any research please log into the Division so that the

#### SEARCHING FOR ANSWERS

In nonnering some of the material for this issue I kept coming across interesting things. These are some of the questions I would now like to find an

George A Taylor called the first meeting in 1910 and still appeared to be involved during the 1920's. however no record can be found of calsigns he may house held 1

The Division has held many posts and (VK2WI) station addresses. The oppost appears to be Rox 1734 GPO the 30's to the late 70's At one stage it was also 1734 JJ. What others have been held?

VK2WI is listed in call books in the 50s as having station addresses of Kingsford Castlereach Street, and Clarance Street before it was transferred to Dural about 1957. What were these post-one?

What was the Co-op during the 1960's? In a 1938 callsion Let there were about 25 radio clubs. After the war (1946) there were only two listed -in many cases the previous calls and were not listed - and by 1950 only VK26V and VK2W carried on In a future article club calls over the years will be festured in the hone that some old timers with remember and advise before a I deta is escape.

#### LIBRARY TARDINESS

Council has recently looked at the library facilities at Amateur Radio House. It was noted that some items are not being returned within the borrowing time limits. It was also found that many of the new issues were being borrowed for up to a month at a time which reduced their availability to others. To make these new editions available to a wider range of the memberahip they will only be available for reading within the library for the first few months of their life. The Divisional Librarian will monitor these arrangements during the next few months. Members comments are sought on ways of improving fac lities.

#### HISTORIC DISPLAY

For some time consideration has been given to mounting a display area for historical items of amateur radio at Parrametta. It had been considered that a range of display cab nets be obtained. It is now felt that the section towards the front windows at the head of the stairs may be more sultable if it is plassed in to provide a large secure area. Further thoughts will be given, as a project I ke this could be a fitting finale to the 75th celebrations





Left: Divisional Group minus Mike VK2AUE. From left: Steve VK2PS, Max VK2YKF, Tim VK2ZTM, Jeff VK2BYY, Peter.VK2PJ, Roger

VK2ZIG and Les VK2KCP.



# The WIA in VK2

Tim Mills VK27TM Box 1066 Parramatta NSW 2150

The foundation for this article was first published in Amateur Radio for June 1980. The format has been retained and expanded to cover the past five years in the Division's life.

It is seventy five years this month since a group of "Wireless telegraph experimenters and enthusiasts" met to co-operate and improve their lot with the government of the day. From records to hand, the mention was haid on the 11th March 1910 in the Hotel Austral a Sydney and sale result of that meeting the Wireless Institute of Australia was born. See newspaper cutting of the meeting Soon after groups began forming in other States

The WA was formed two years sheed of what is now the RSGB and four years before the ARRL.

### REGISTERED ASSOCIATION

In the early 20s the smalleurs in the group draw up the Memorandum of Association of the Wireless institute of Austra is New South Wales Division in doing so it took over the effects and liabilities of the then unincorporated club of the same name. Seven amateurs moved to form a company on the 26th of May 1922, and on the same day registered an Assoc ation of the above name as a limited company





# Certificate of Incorporation.

The Companies Act. Idea.

A Cuttomer So are noted Harden

Indiale of Autolia Now Sond Wales Derreion has been recordered that does not a limited economic for Stranger Court some district and Frenches to to regard of a to himsel liability to their the military of the wild "toward" it ils most, escented to the scentime of Bestern 1 of the Companies Not 1859

Citra mader my band or Syriney, this Jamely with day of Japay , one thousand nine be

A copy of the Company Certificate.

### DIFFERENCES ABOSE

In the early 1930s differences arose between the profess onal and hobbyist within the Division and for some time the hobbyists became the "New South Wales Amateur Transmitters" The professionals became the IRE (now the IREE) and the Division absorbed the hobbyists to again become the WIA NSW Div sign See the 'beginning of IREE' in January 1985 issue of

Amateur Radio for details about this period In 1939 permission was granted by the Radio Branch for Divisions to conduct broadcasts to inform

### A WIRELESS ENTHUSIASTS' INSTITUTE

THE GOVERNMENT AND LICENSES.

"THREE LUTYLAS FOR THE USE OF THE MR.

Wireless telegraphy experimenters and enthusansts are beginning to cu-operate and a number met I at a't cown in the flotel Austraits in unior to take the preliminary steps towards forming an shittenation, Vigerous columnst was made upon the Government's action in regard to experimental licenses, and it was blain that besides a feeling for mutual

was plain that bestder a reveling for metting his plain that the contrictions alleged had been all reveloped to contrict the plain that the contriction alleged had more if the ladest were assumed these present. The ladest were assumed these present and a contriction of the ladest term of the object of the receiving, and severages "I it is allest." He said, "Is put one worked together and present years and the ladest temperature and present present the said of the ladest temperature and present an experimental series and the ladest temperature and the ladest temperature contriction of the ladest ladest the ladest ladest ladest ladest the was breaking participated, offerent themselves the ladest lades of an ineliation amongst experimenter an authorise an ineliation of an ineliation amongst experimenter and an authorise and an authorise for their mutual bene-\* Hitmsteaks in Witches, for their mutual pope-in. The object of counding the institution was to obtain paste. In explained, it would not be sended in upposition to any Government In-stitution of the parties of

stitutions or devortional Mr W. H. Hanson seconding the motion. Mr W. H. Hanson seconding the motion. If the hanson seconding the motion of the last second ease I was ready to erect my plant. Why should we have to pay three guiness for the use of the air, so far as experiments are concerned. The areal margation experimental are charged nonline; One regulation, by comare introve notating the regulation as com-platted, penalised an experimenter if the chief electrical engineer of the Postmaner-General a Department should certify relegraphic commu-nication had been interfered with by his wireking applicates used or intraded to be used Mr J M A Pike also supported the sor-ion, which the energy and a provisional contriber was appointed to arrange for the

La r a general territors of those interested

Lat it a sected to come, of these pricerated in a pro-nounced by the control of the pro-line of the control of the pro-line of the control of the control of the properties of the control of the forecasts and the charman Mr. Hannan of the control of the control of the control of the decision of the charman of the control of the Hanner, R. B. Armetress, and J. A. Hersdebend, and control of the control of the control of the Hanner, R. B. Armetress, and J. A. Hersdebend, and control the control of the control of the control of the decision of the control of the control of the control of the decision of the control of the control of the control of the decision of the control of the control of the control of the decision of the control of the control of the control of the decision of the control of the control of the control of the decision of the control of the control of the control of the control of the decision of the control of the con

PRESENTED OF

JOE REED VKZJR.

A copy of the 12th March 1910 Daily Telegraph report outlining the feeling against licence fees for radio experimenters. (Joe Reed VK2JR passed away on 23rd July 1969) See also page 27.

their country members of happenings. Outbreak of war, however stopped smateur activities and during this period the WiA was kept operational by the Federal Executive who were located in Sydney

#### A HOME FOR VK2WI At war's end amateur radio boomed with trained

personnel from the Services coming into the ranks The early 1950s saw many activities in the Division Meetings at this stage were held at Science House in the city. A move was begun to establish a "Home for VK2WI\* and a five acre property, on what was then very much the edge of Sydney, was purchased at Dural, Work commanded around 1953 and the build no formally opened in 1957, after untold hours of work by members and friends. The property is the eite of the Division's repeater and beacon facilities together with a broadcast network from 180 metres to 70 cm. See the report "DURAL - 25 years of service by Jeff Pages VK2BYY in AR for May 1982



The late Jim Corbin VK2YC, Divisional President, turning the first sod on 5th August



working bee held on the 12th August 1956 rith, from left: VK2s EO, GE, ANP, AAJ and





The First Station as it was at Dural in 1957. In 1954 the amateur service saw the introduction of

a new class of licence, the Limited This licence enabled those not proficient in Morse telegraphy to participate in the wonderful hobby of amateur radio. thus swalling the ranks with many more operators aspiring for the "Full" ticket

#### DISPOSALE FOR MEMBERS BUY A PROPERTY

During the same period interest was shown in obtaining a city property for the Division and a Co-op was formed. However, nothing came of this venture. The end of WW2 had left this country with enormous stocks of radio equipment, and the Division set up a disposal buying and selling section for its members. The operation of this section produced the money used to nurchase the Atch son Street organity in 1980 With surplus funds the hall and basement area were soon added. Since then considerable develop-

ment has occurred in the area with several highrise buildings peerby Many new clubs had been formed in Sydney to cater for the needs of smateurs, as the Crows Neet location of the WIA was prohibitive to some The property was sold in 1982 and the headquarters

of the Division moved to the present location at Parramatta. The old 14 was demolished and in its place a three story structure similar in concept to that which existed at number 16. In early 1985 the remaining old properties on the railway side of 14 (#6 to 12) are in the stage of heing demolished, no doubt for a high rise. One of these old properties was where the "Dick Smith" chain had its first retail outlet.



THE OLD ATCHISON STREET PROPERTY

### EDUCATION

The Divis on has for many years been heavily involved in education with personal classes. For twenty years the Correspondence Course has helped thousands both in Australia and overseas to your the amateur ranks. The Division pioneered the CW practice format and still conducts nightly on-air Morse training. To supplement this HF session one of the Sydney clubs developed a continuous transmission VHF Morse training facility which utilizes a microprocessor for programme control. To cater for training the younger members of our community the Youth Radio Schema came into being during the 60s. With the explosion for knowledge during the mid-1970s the VRS expanded to become the Division's Education Service, who have since published several books to help intending amateurs with studies.

#### **EMERGENCIES** The Division has an active WICEN facility at the

moment. Over the years it has had its ups and downs. The Amateur Radio Service has always been available in times of communication needs. This Division's WICEN has become recognised by our State's authorities as a trained reliable reserve communication feed Ditte

# ALWAYS CHANGING

Amateur radio is sivelys changing, new modes, new equipment but perhaps the area which technically altered amaleur radio the most in recent times was the granting of permission in 1968 for VHF repeaters VK2, considered at times by other States to be out of step, has always been in the middle of band planning (??) and utilization of more channels than most of the other areas put logether. We cannot help it if they did not smooth off the hills when "they" made the place. (It's always "they" who did it.) Also in 1968 the Division hosted, during the Federal Convention held at Alchison Street, the formation of the Region 3 section of the IARU The 70s saw the introduction of the third class of

emeleur licence - the Novice - and VK2 quickly look the lead in numbers. Only now in ratio are other areas catching up. VK2 now has a little over one-third of the nation's ameteur population. This number has expanded the QSL bureau from a few cards a week to a thousand plus a day

### MOVING BUREAU

The VK2 Bureau has had many homes in Sydney During the 50s it shared space between the bottles in the late Jim Corbin VK2YC chemist shop at Eastlakes. It then spent some years with various other Sydney ameteurs as well as a time at Atchison Street. It next found a home in Newcastle for many years with the Hunter Branch before a brief trip back to Atchison Street It finally returned to Newcastle where it is today under the guidance of the Westlakes Amateur Radio Club (See item elsewhere this issue.) Expansion of the scale of the last few years means

that we no longer know everybody and the institute may appear to some to have become a little distant or impersonal. The last decade has seen the great expansion of interest in radio spectrum utilization by others, and the Division has done what it could to knock on the doors of the government to put the amateur case. And what of the 60s?

## THE LAST FIVE YEARS

The last five years has seen a direction change for the Division A new 'Constitution' was introduced in the latter part of the 70's. It was felt that the monthly meeting - in a capital city - did not enable all members access to decision making, so they were replaced by club affiliation with the Division. This concept is for these clubs to provide representation for members through the club Delegates from the clubs meet twice a year in a "Conference of Clubs" The Constitution changes were not without their hassles. An interpretation of a meaning of one part ended up being resolved in a Court of Law An ever increasing range of amateur eq

enabled one to become easily involved in any facet of the hobby Computers are a rapidly increasing electronic hobby facility in the 80's and have many applications in todays equipment. Also the computer integrates with amateur radio, none more so than the 'packet radio' systems which are just starting in this country

#### **HEADQUARTERS**

For over 20 years the Division had maintained a headquarters at Crows Nest, During that time Sydney www.and.spread.in.the.only.direction.it.could Faced with a changed role and a building in need of ultimate redevelopment the membership decided t was time to move in 1992 Crown blest was said and after looking at several Parramatta area properties. 109 Wigram Street was purchased. This is a new building of two levels. The ground floor contains car partung with access from a side lane, toilets and a small office, which has been rented out. The upper floor is the NSW Headquarters. There is an office and slorage facilities but the majority of the area is devoted to an open members' lounge/library. While monthly meetings are no longer held, there is sufficient space to hold functions like the Seminar last year (see page 18. November AR1 The building was officially opened by The Honourable Gary Punch MHR. Member for Barton, on 28th May 1983. This months AR cover features the front of the building, named 'Amsteur Radio House'



Expansion of the Divisions technical facilities has continued at VK2WI - Durai (see AR, May 82). There is an extensive range of transmitters for the two Sunday broadcasts. The beacon Installation has continued to be expanded (VK2RSY) from 10 metres on HF, 6 and 2 metres on VHF and 70 cm on UHF Work is underway for 23 cm and will continue into the higher frequencies as circumstances permit. While some Divisions have strosly provided all their States: repeater facilities, most of the VK2 fifty odd systems have been set up by local clubs and groups. The Division has VK2RWI at Dural on 7000 and 8525. WICEN has established VK2RWS on 7150 and 8275. To date VK2 have not ventured into 6 metre repeaters, but this is to change with a joint vanture between WICEN and the Dural committee



#### REPEATER ABUSE DEALT WITH

The 80's have unfortunately seen some changes in societies attitude and behavioural patterns. Sydney in perticular has just been through a period of repeater abuse, most frequently on VK2RWI 7000 The authorities, despite the difficulties the old act presented, have located and prosecuted several offenders. Last January, one offender was jailed for some of these offences. There are more cases pending

#### ONGOING FOUCATION

Educating the new generation of amateurs is an ongoing function of everybody. Many clubs have and still do-conduct a range of courses. While at Atchison Street the Division, under the guidance of Cec VKZIR, conducted an annual personal class as well as the Correspondence Course which hundreds mouhe thousands of amateurs have utilized over the years The Correspondence Course continues today, with both a full theory as well as a Novice bridging section. For eaching away mass upper uppour members have provided nightly on air Morse training on 80 metres through VK2RWI which is followed by the VK5 session. The Hornsby and District ARC some years ago combined computers and amateur radio and produced an automatic Morse sender — VK2RCW on 2 metres. At present attempts are being made to extend the facility to HF

### THE FUTURE

Roger Harrison VK2ZTB speaking at last years Seminar, used as his theme the possible development of amateur radio for the remainder of this century

While Roper predicted that we would all end up with more leisure time it seems that the miniments to conduct the effect of the Division see becoming more complex and demanding. Circumstances have made the workload of Council and its other office bearen rather less than enjoyable at times. Many spend a lot of time to travel and this and other costs mount up by the end of a year, all coming from his pocket as he serves his fellow amateurs. This should not deter everybody from doing their bit from time to time, for it provides an insight into the affairs of the Division and the Institute as a whole.

### TIME CAPSULE

Recording and retaining history is hard. Todays papers are lomorrows rubbish but next years forgotten information. As part of the Division's celebrations a Time Cepsule is to be started on 10th March at Dural. Throughout the year it will be added to and then scaled on 11th March next year. We intend that it remain sealed until 11th March 2010 A range of Divisional materia will be no uded Members are being invited to submit one of their QS<sub>b</sub> cards for inclusion. It will be interesting for the Institutes members during the centenary to have a year of history already there for the 'reading'

It is an important year shead for all members of the Institute and the Amateur Rad o Service in general During this year there will be further articles from VK2 as well as all other Divis ons. Read again this monthly "Editorial" by Jeff VK2BYY At regular intervals the Division will hold functions to commemorate the year Divisorsal Council and its office bearers look forward to meeting you at one of them, so do come along and soon in where practical and ce-ebrate entry into the last quarter of the Institute's first century







# A DIRECTORY OF SOME VK2 SERVICES AVAILABLE

#### DIVISIONAL OFFICE

Amateur Rad o House, 1st floor, 109 Wigram Street Parramette, Postal -- PO Box 1066, Parramette, NSW 2150 Phone (02) 689 2417 Office hours 11 am to 2 pm Mon to Fri Wed evening 7 to 9 pm.

# **BROADCASTS AND DIVISIONAL**

#### STATION

VK2WI - 83 Quarry Road Dura Phone (82) 851 1489 Broadcasts 11 am and 7:30 pm (local time) Sunday HF 1 825, 3 595, 7 146 and 28,320 MHz VHF 52 120, 52.525 and 144 120 MHz and several relays are made to both HF and repeaters by arrangements with local clubs. Beacons. VK2RSY on 28 262, 52 420, 144,420 and 432.420 MHz Repeaters VK2RWI on 7000 and

#### 8525 **QSL BUREAU** Conducted on behalf of the Division by the Westlakes

Amateur Radio Club Postal - PO Box 73, Teralba. NSW 2284 Phone (049) 58 1588. CORRESPONDENCE COURSE

Details from Divisional Office at PO Box 1066, Parramatta, NSW 2150 **EDUCATION SERVICE** 

A range of publications written in recent years by members of the Education Service, to aid those studying for a licence Inquiries via the Divisional Office (as above)

#### MORSE TRAINING Nightly sessions on 3 550 MHz under the call VK2BWI

In Sydney HADARC maintains VK2RCW, an automatic various speed transmission on 147 400 MHz. **DIVISIONAL LIBRARY** An extensive range of magazines and reference

books are maintained at the Divisional Office. WICEN A state group as part of the Institute's role of personnel available to supplement communications in times of overload or breakdown in other authorities systems Information from the Divisional Office or PO Box 154. Roseville NSW 2069 WICEN maintains repeaters VK2RWS 7150 and 8275. Training courses are periodically held in Sydney and country regions

# AFFILIATED CLUBS

Many clubs have become affiliated with the Division, se pullined in the Constitution, to provide a local liaison point for Members of the Institute. Conferences are held twice a year

# AWARDS ORDERS.

The Division does not currently have any awards There are several available from VK2 groups and details may be found on page 164 of the 1984/85 Call

## INTRUDER WATCH

A small active team look after the VK2 region. More personnel are required for the team. Details from the office

#### PUBLICATIONS KNO SMALL COMPONENT SERVICE

The Divisional Office has a range of amateur publications. In addition there is a small range of components. Space precludes the handling of a large range. Visit or call the office for details.

#### STOLEN EQUIPMENT RECURTER For those who have the mislodiune to have equipment

stolen, the Division (as do others - the Federal office maintains a central register which is regularly published in AR) maintains a file which can aid those checking on possible purchases. Stolen items reports are included in the Sunday morning broadcasts.





Display Boards at 109 Wigram Street, Parramatta.

## VIDEO TAPE LIBRARY

A range of the material available from the Federal Videotape facilities is maintained at the office in the VHF and Beta formats for club and member borrow-







## A MEMO FROM THE VK2 QSL BUREAU

With some 5000 callsigns in the VK2 call area a percentage of these belong to active DX type persons who make full use of the QSL Bureau. There are others who DX, may not be interested in QSLing and forget to tell the overseas contact accordingly, so become recipient of cards. Then there are the cards which just seem to arrive and the bureau has no instruction from the addressee as to what action is required. A card takes up some space and only so many will fit into a bureau, so in due course its destiny has to be determined. The message from this is every amateur, regardless of their QSLing habits should keep their bureau advised on card handling requirements and callsian changes should they occur.

Notification forms are available from both the VK2 Div sional office and the VK2 Bureau, but if not to hand just write to them and the details will be upgraded in the computer. You may prefer to ring the bureau answering machine on (049) 58 1568 and tell it everything in 30 seconds

The VK2 Bureau is operated on behalf of the Div sion by members of the Westlakes Amateur Radio Club from their club rooms located in the Newcastle suburb of Teralbs. Needless to say the bureau is the b ggest customer of the local Post Office facility

Phil VK2JPC on behalf of the VK2 Bureau, would like to remind all bureau users of a few points many which apply to other bureaus. The facilities are available to any smateur within VK2 whether a member or non member of the Divis on. Full details and requirements may be obtained from the Divisional office or the bureau. Check a so with your local club since many have a handling arrangement with the bureau Interstate readers are encouraged to read on but as there may be some slight differences with your bureau please check with them should you be unsure of their requirements

Now here are the comments from Phil Members now report few problems with the opertion of the bureau. There are however some difficulties. which are best explained in detail

#### CHANGES OF CALLSIGN: Unless a change of callsign a notified to the

Div signs. Office which then reports the change to the bureau there is no way that the bureau knows of a cal sign alteration. When a call a gn is changed a note to the Parramatta office will be sufficient to alert both the Federal Office and the bureau, both the new and old callsigns together with the date of changeover need to be notified

The most frustating situation occurs however when a callsign is cancelled and immediately reissued by the DOC. This leads to all kinds of administrative problems in the bureau. It is just impossible for sort no staff to know that a QSL is for either the "old" or "new" holder What is more the new callsign holder a frequently unaware that the call has ever been used before and the oid callsion holder that it will be used again Until the DOC amends this practice, the problem will continue to arise. Please remember that the confusion is not the fault of the bureau

#### OVERDRAWN ACCOUNTS:

The bureau computer is set to exclude all accounts which are overdrawn. No "final notice" or snything of this kind is sent to the member as a reminder However a posting which will result in an overdrawn account will have the callsign and balance "high-I ghted" on the label as a reminder III this is disno more cards. It's as simple as that Every debt incurred by a member is a charge against



the membership in general as the bureau works on a

non profit basis Please check your label, the top line gives your current balance If it is near zero, please send a remittance with your next batch of cards.

#### MONEY SENT WITH CARDS:

The best ways to remit money to the bureau is by cheque or money order however stemos may also be used. Whatever method of payment is used, please do not put the remittance amongst the cards. The bureau is not a one man operation and, although all receipts of cards and money are carefully logged a stack of cards is sent on from the receipts desk to sorters Imagine the confusion when a cheque some stamps or even a money order falls to the floor as a group of cards is picked up. There is no knowing where it may have come from

Please pin or otherwise affix your remittance to a slip of paper bearing your callsign and the amount

#### BAVING POSTABLE

It is amazing how many members overcharge Ibemselves when sending cards to the bureau The "sleps" for charging are standard article (bureau sized envelope which will

pass through the Australia Post gauge) 100g, 250g and 500g Above 500g mass the parcel rates apply and it is

always cheaper to send 2 x 500g packets than a 1 x

Unsuspecting members extrapolate this theory to small mass packets and it doesn't work. It is definitely not cheaper to send 2 x 100g packets than 1 x 200g Nor any other combination either. It is very worthwhile using the kitchen scales to get your cards as close as possible to the 100g, 250g or 500g steps if the despatch is more than about 16 cards (standard) But don't make the mistake of Iryang to cheat Australia Post because the sorters in the Newcastle exchange are extremely vigilant and all over mass or non standard packets are taxed at double the deliciency. This tax is passed on to the bureau and, yes, you've quessed it the tax paid is debited against the member's account It just isn't worth t

#### PRE SORTING:

The volunteer soriers at the bureau just love to receive 500g packets of cards in logbook order. After sorting a few, the rest are put in the "sort later" stack where they could remain for weeks. After all, who wents to dash back and forth along the DX pigeonholes when the next packet, sent by a considerate amateur, has all the cards in prefix order. A though some members band each calleign prefix this isn't really necessary but it certainly speeds the process of getting your cards up and away I they are in pref x sequence and for those most difficult of all cards the "W" (ot, in numerical sequence as we ) If won't taxe you very long but if it isn't done it will at least double the sorting time at the bureau

### THE FAMOUS FIVE WORDS RULE:

The old story about "no more than five words" on a card is a myth - via the bureau anyway if you want the whole story drop a I ne to the bureau and you can have a copy of the postal regulations - free! Briefly, you can write all you I ke on the QSL but. here's the strange thing. Try to send this card as a "postcerd" or "greeting card" sing y to a DX address and you'll discover that it costs just like a letter Through the bureau - in bulk, no problem but p ease don't send sealed etters for transmission with cards in bulk. This definitely contravenes Universal Postal Union ru es

If you don't know the address of a DX contact and you want to send the letter sealed, the bureau will find the address for you if it sheld at the bureau and send it as a single letter air mail or surface as directed by the member

#### **NEW POSTAL CHARGES**

The new posts charges are programmed in the bureau computer and will be adjusted automatically There is no need for members to take any action There will be a minor service charge adjustment also because of an increase in stationery costs. Full data is are available on request. A standard artic e gauge and a rate card will be sent on request. Extracts from the postal regulations as they apply to QSL cards are available on request A complete printout of a member's bureau I sting is available. Bureau standard pre-addressed envelopes and self adhes vellabels are available for a small charge. A standard envelope is sent with each posting but if you require more, just ask Of course they are not free

Finally, if you are interested in economics, can you imagine how far you can drive your car or travel by train or bus for 33c? Sending and collecting cards by post has got to be cheaper than any other way For "Via the Bureau" service

Box 73, TERALBA, 2284

## SPECIAL EVENTS FOR 1985 IN VK2

10th March

The closest weekend to the formation date. There is to be an informal gathering at VK2WI Dural. Meet after the morning broadcast and partake in the monthly barbeque (bring your own basis.) At 2 pm a short ceremony will be held with a 'Time Capsule' It is planned to start the Time Capsule on this day and ho d it open for a year it will then be seared, to be opened again on 11th March 2010. During the year it w I have added to it Divisional material of happenings during the year. On the 10th we invite all members to take part by submitting their QSL card for inclusion. nulude on your card information like the date you obtained your call together with calls held etc. If you ive within the metropolitan and surrounding area, attend in person or have someone bring it along for you For those living further out in the country, you can post it to - Time Capsule PO Box 1066, Parramatte, NSW 2150. On the back of the envelope name and callsign/s Do not include any normal mail matters or it may be a while until you receive a reply if there a not room on the card for all you might like to nclude, enclose further information on a sheet of paper, attached to the card, pertaining to yourself and act vit as with niamateur radio. Clubs and groups are a so invited to supply material about their organisation Material will be date stamped on the day 17th March starts the years activities and a lot will happen before 11 March 1986 arrives Materia will continue to

be collected during the year 10th March The Division a managing to

The Division is managing the 75th Anniversary CW Contest on behalf of the institute — rules published in the January issue of AR.

17/18th March

1/718th March
State Fox Hunting Championship hosted by the
Orange Ameteur Radio Club, PO Box 1085, Orange,
NSW 2800, Programme and details on receipt of an

SAE 80 metres, 10 metres and 2 metres. National championships will be conducted by the VK1 Division later in the year.

30th March
Annual General Meeting at 2 pm. A separate

posting is being made to members with annual report accounts and matters relative to an AGM.

Easter \*\*\*

Urunga Field Day weekend on the North Coast. No details where to hand as these notes were prepared Details via Sunday morning broadcasts when available.

able 13/14th April Conference of Clubs to be held at Amateur Radio

House, Paramatta, Discussion includes club submitted as well as the Federal Agenda items. Details will appear on early items in AR, later ones via broadcasts and copes will be sent to affiliated clubs. Check with them for details.

Annuel fireworks night at VK2WI. Details will appear in April AR. There will be limited catering available on the grounds. Bring family and friends. Conditional on

fire restrictions at the time, it should be the first fire works display for the year rather than being one of many in June 26/28th April Melbourne Federal Convention. Members or muse with items for discussion please arrange that

they arrive at the Divisional Office by mid March for checking and submission.

25th May (tentative)
Seminar Four speakers on a range of topics.
8/9th June
Port Macquarie Annual field day Programme to



75th Anniversary Dinner and associated events
5/6th October
Waggs Waggs South West Zone Convention

Clubs and groups with coming events if eld days etc. please send details early (at least three months) for publication. Later items will only receive broadcast coversor.

The input to the next Cellbook is it be closing apon-Clubs, groups and emaler, is should refect the current islangiand submittany changes required Remember that cells in listings are taken from the Department of Communications records so squat records with them and send a copy to the Federal Office so they may update their records.

Wet do ya mean i'ai brealing up? I've hed ban ga more INO and I heven I had yo complexia.







## **BEACONS in VK2**

The Division on the file able score network at WCMP Duts. Currently there are four below with 25 cm under construction. Additional JHF/microweek behalf with 25 cm under construction. Additional JHF/microweek behalf with 25 cm under construction. Additional JHF/microweek behalf with 25 cm under the property of the pro

2 moires 144.420 MHz, 2 stacked Horizontal Crossed Dipoles at 15 m 20 watts FSK.

10 metres, 28.252 MHz, Vertical ¼ wave at 20 metres, 25 watts Keyed carrier (not FSK).

23 cm 1296,420 MHz. Micros com

VK2RGB — Gunnedah.

23 cm Planned Central Coast.

6 metres 52.420 MHz. Horizontal Crossed Dipoles at 14 m 40 walts FSK.

70 cm 432.429 MHz. 2 Stacked Horizontal Crossed Dipoles al 16 m above ground 15 walts sear

> 6 metres 52.320 MHz. VK2RHV — Newcastle.



There is one allocation eff for a 6 metre beecon in addition to allow of no TV systems in VK2. There each at 2 metres and 70 cm and two at 23 cm. Any obbit or groups with an interest in establishing a beacon should contact the State Repeater Committee are part of a world write system. The Audin are part of a world write system. The Audin are part of a world write system. The Audin are part of a world write system. The Audin are 2820 to 28.270 MHz endusive.



## REPERTERS — Friend or Foe!

Tim Mills VK2ZTM P0 Box 204, Willoughby, NSW, 2068.

It is one tithrd of the Institute's life spon stone liftes found myself the ourser of a block or russ it silver box, in the form of a loub and TGA inst which had seen better dougs in a taxt. Having uschabe the PM scene ever since through conversions to the destined bond, then simplex, repeater permission, planning, disagreements, going it calone and book with the mopilar (P) loub cell life to table every underset through, descripes the every through the every th

Many of the newer (and perhaps older) amaleurs may take for granted the faculties that repeaters offer without a thought of how or when they came not existence, both in terms of permission as well as their

physica installation FM s not new but the first general form of modufat on used was AM. In the late 40s it appears the first general useage FM commercial mobiles in this country came into service on the 70 MHZ band for general use. These took the form of large valve units, often in several boxes, transmitter - receiver - vibrator power supply to fill the boot of even the largest car of the day, which in turn rapidly drained its 6 volt battery The base stations were even bigger, often a 2 metre high rack cabinst with a 25 kW output. The channel spacing of the day was 240 kHz. During the same period amateurs intentionally experimented with FM. usually in the narrow mode, or unintentionally when their supposed stable transmissions weren't and the local amateur advisory committee sent them a 'blue' - please explain/correct memo!

By the late 50s the commercial network had expanded and the 240 kHz channel spacing had been haved to 120 and then again to 60 kHz While predominantly FM there were a few AM services (The Aviation industry was and in most cases still today is an AM service in the 108/138 region ) Equipment design became smaller and one usually sawif in texts so it acquired the "Textradio" handle in those days there was more room under the the dashboard and the text operator's radio was installed in most cases, under the fare meter. The radio - valve era - produced heat, the fare mater was well lubricated in or so when one obtained a 'taxiradio' from disposals there was no doubting the previous owner In another episode I will relate the story of cleaning 'these things' to an as new state. Early 60s saw a few units appear on the surplus market. Amaleurs being what they were (or are) - acquired these and moved them to either of the VHF bands at 6 or 2 metres

The first unit had was a low band (70 MHz) unit and 00 ng to 2 makes (hip band) was case of physically moving the multiplier coil cans down no position and fitting a 4 MHz crystal in place of the original 2 MHz thing a 4 MHz crystal in place of the original 2 MHz thing a 4 MHz crystal in place of the original 2 MHz plann ng required. Most aimed for the centre of the band, 146 MHz. For reasons now starting to be lost in the past — some say it was the slide rules of the day —the eris believes where on ha do to use the band controlled long hand calculations and toxely specified modern controlled long hand calculations and toxely specified frequency.

VK3 H is thought aimed for 148,000 but ended up 148,844 lives hearth second as channel 'A' VK2 found their way to 148,000 to compliment 148,554 on the low eide, VK3 butlanced it on the high side at 146,146 This channel group became known schannes A pand C in the mid 5tis, VK2 started to obtain some further ecu-pment from a vK2 started to obtain some further ecu-pment from a and ended up on 146,100.

During the 50s, the 50 MHz region had the old 5 metres. 56 to 60, destined to become channel 1 TV and the newly acquired 5 metre band. This period was a good time for DX on the CW and AM modes. A few of the FM units found their way down to these bands. An easy conversion usually was to squash a coil here. perhaps wind another, or add a capacitor for the transmitter conversion. A similar crystal line up and you had some RFout. The receiver usually meant a bit of front end realignment and running the crystal oscillator injection on the other side of the 10.7 MHz IF chain. Commercially it may have been multiplied up to 50 + 10 7 for a 70 MHz frequency. Amateur wise it was still at 60 but - 10.7 to 50 MHz. While many crystal locked systems developed along the (to the amateurs involved) logic, "I have a crystal, lets use if". some did follow international useage, \$2,525 was one such case. Popular almost where ever 6 metres was allowed, it was even used by Radio China as a broadcast link - at least one knew where the band was open to when you heard it.

6 metres has never developed to the extent of 2 metres in VK2. While interstate it was very popular in the 50s and early 60s some well placed Ch 0 TV stations at regular skip distances in major activity centres like Melbourne and Brisbane soon killed off the then high usage. There were more AM then FM net requences.

Independent of the State of the

Ide dis found that the commercial spectrum This become as crowded that integer change was planned become as crowded that integer change was planned reason to the commercial control of the commercial name requipment specifications introduced. This observa large change is a support of the commercial was taken for not the net channel rate began. Their ground serval that or not the net channel rate began. Their ground serval that or not the net channel rate began. Their ground perfrage missing a singer of groups ongs it means to the commercial commercial commercial perfrage missing a singer of groups ongs it means that the commercial commercial single channel conf., somethed a 5 channel set. But you had be to now somether for the conformal or had be to now somether for the conformal or that the commercial is channel conf. and the commercial channel conformal commercial channel that the commercial or the conformal conformal channel that the commercial channel that is now somether that the conformal channel that the commercial that the comme

The anatous's became resiliers, the synthme were good VK2 units were often high gover 25 wints to cembat. Sydneys terrain. Melbourne needed less power so there were many popular 6 willt units. This was still not enough. Those in high locations statled to the world. Somewhat naturally but not necessarily with permission they started repeater experiments. One I became water of had found at since high 'country' hill. From the same building, without retinements of thinsat like filters, the units and the warted.

appeared With an input on ch'B and the output on A' — a mere 146 kHz spacing it worked well. However, a mix between a couple of local services nearby produced a signal on ch B' so the input was moved to a 146 100 frequency, which was to have a significant bearing on later repeater channel planning.

bearing on later represent channel planning bearing on later represent channel planning because of decision on members in channel planning because of decision on repealer identifies it in a cossion to ask if the authorities were new series of its actioners of the year standerfield were reward or its actioners on the year. Then followed a detailed deception which indicates they had come to forwer for a better than a casual basis is do believe that this and other recommendation of the planning of the planni

That permission came to our notice in VK2 on the lims Friday in July 1968 when our Federal Counc llor, Pierce VK2APQ attended the VHF and TV Group meeting to tell us the good news

Well we had permission but no plans, it was all such a suprise. In a short space of time agreement sationally was reached to hold a planning meeting. The location was to be at Wodonga on the VK2/3 border during September 1988.

To be continued

-VACCOP

"I'd like a critical report OM and I expect a 5/9"



"I usually only have to say this once OM I have a 10 element mono-band and I'm 5/9



## DURAL REPEATERS

The Wireless Institute of Australia NSW Division operates repeaters in the 2 metre and 70 centimetre hands from its Dural site, under the callsign VK2RWI. This short article describes the operation of these repeaters.

aslibasky

General Information 2 metre 70 centimetre Output frequency 147 0 MHz 438 525 MHz Innut frequency 148 4 16112 433 525 MHz Output power SE IM 10.00 Antenna gain 10 dBi 8 dBi Antenna pattern Cardiold Omni Imax south

CONTROL FUNCTIONS Both recesters are controlled by a central micro-

processor and operate as to lows: Tail: Normal y 0.8 seconds, but extended to 1.2

seconds on weak signals. Timeout: 3.5 minutes. Timeout is indicated by a 1 kHz tone transmitted for one second. This tone, preceded by an ident is sant every two minutes while the repeater a timed out. When the incoming transmission ceases, the repeater sends a "raapberry" followed by an ident. Note that the timer resets at the end of the tail, so a low the repeater to drop out fully between overs. Timeout a inhibited sutomatically at broadcast times, and may also be manually inhibited at other times, and this mode is indicated by a short 1 kHz tone burst at the end of the tail. Timeout is red read to 20 seconds when the hettery voltage is

Anti-button-push: Al Incoming transmissions are checked for modulation content. After four transmissions acking suitable modulation the repealer shuts down This is reset on receipt of a suitably modulated transmission - the recommended procedure is to announce your call son. Note that button-pushing, as well as being annoying to those listening, contravenes the regulations relating to identification of transmissions, le DONTI

Off-frequency Indicator: Transmissions more than 2 kHz off frequency receive a tone during the tall - a high tone (1 6 kHz) meaning high in frequency and a low tone (600 Hz) meaning low in frequency. This function is disabled when the timeout inhibit mode is

activated as a result of phiese during broadcast Low power (2 m only): When switched to low power mode (10 W), the callsign is sent using 600 Hz instead of the normal 1 kHz lone

Faults: The performance of the repeaters is continually monitored, and abnormal operation of the power supply or transmitter is indicated by a "B" (for battery) or "F" (for fault) respectively being sent at 80 second intervals. The pitch of the tone used indicates the nature of the condition, as in Table 1

ntenance: These repeaters are maintained by the WIA Dural Committee, and extensive remote control and telemetry facilities have been provided for this purpose. Note that maintenance and testing operations have priority over normal use (other than emergency traffic). Routine maintenance includes battery cycling several times each year

Low voltage Low output	Meins failure High TX current	Bat charging High SWR	

## A HISTORY OF SOS

G Maxwell Hull, VK3ZS Federal Historian

48

During World War II in 1940 dispatches from the war zone reported that "SSSS" was rivalling "SOS" as the maritime operators call of distress. If it was fact at the time, the former was not internationally recognised as was the "SOS" signal in the International Marse Code.

In any event, the "SSSS" did not officially mean "Submarine Sighted" or any other words beginning with "S". The explanation was that the dot-dot-dot ) representing these four times repeated ( letters, has a characteristic swing and through common understanding and usage identified the

nature of the distress case "SOS does not mean literally "Save Our Souls" or "Save Our Ship as is sometimes claimed, and more

than a previous international distress call "CQD" meant. Come Quick Danger\* A I such calls are based on the speed and canty with which they can be transmitted

There was no special wireless call for sea emergency or or to the turn of the century, according to Federal Communication Records About that time the Marconi International Manne Company Ltd began equipping ships for radio telegraph communication. In doing so t adopted "CQ", which had been in use in wire teregraph as a "general call" for many years, as a precedence signal for any ship desiring to communicate with another ship or shore station The need for a common distress call was recognised

at the preliminary International Radio Conference held at Berlin in 1903. Here the Italian delegation suggested that in emergency a ship should send at intervals the signal "SSSDDD" No action was taken at this conference In 1904 the British Marconi Company instructed its

ship radio stations to substitute "CD" for "CQ" Subsequently, the "D" was substituted in the old "CQ" call. At the 1906 International Radio Conference at Berlin, however, "SQS" was formally adopted. This combination was the outgrowth of "SOE" ( which had been used by German ships but which was somewhat unsatisfactory because the final dot was easily obliterated by interference

Even so, "CQD" was so firmly established with some operators that its use continued for some years thereafter. A notable example was its employment in summoning aid for the steamship "Republic" in 1909. "CQD" finally passed from the sea calls when the international conferences continued to approve "SOS" From BADIO magazine, May 1940



INTERNATIONAL YOUTH YEAR

In 1979 the Joined Nations General Assembly declared 1985 to be International Youth Year with the theme being "Participation, development and peace" Let us, in our Seventy Fifth Ann versary Year", as the oldest radio society in the world also remember youth in their year

May we encourage them to participate in the wonderful hobby of amateur radio and also help them to develop and further the particular facet of the hobby which old ms their intere The youth of today are the OTs of tomorrow AR

#### IT REGAN 185 YEARS AGO

Alessandro Volta e the recognised founder of electrochemistry which has remained a major source of electricity

The physicist experimenting in Italy developed the first electricipal in 1800 -- his name has been given to the unit for electromotive force -- the voil

Although the phenomenon of electricity generation was not completely understood in those days Volta received full recognition for his discovery After demonstrating it to Napoleon the French

Emperor made him a count and senator of the Kingdom of Lombardy Later in 1815 the Emperor of Austria appointed Volta director of the ph losophy facuity of the Univer-

sity of Padua Following on from Volta's work dry batteries were developed by Lec anche and rechargeable lead

accumulators by Plante Without electrochemical calls there would be no portable radios or tape recorders, exectrically powered vehicles, portable torches, heart pacemakers electric watches and clocks, and even hydrogen fue cells which power spacecraft.

## A Call to all holders of a **NOVICE** LICENCE

How you have joined the ranks of Amateur Radio, why not extend your entirities?

#### THE WIRELESS INSTITUTE OF AUSTRALIA (N.S.W. DIVISION)

conducts a Bridging Correspondence Course for the ACCP and LACCP Examinations.

Throughout the Course, your papers are checked and commented upon to lead you to a SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION.

For further details write to: THE COURSE SUPERVISOR. W.I.A. PO BOX 1066. PARRAMATTA, NSW 2150



PRESENTS "NEW KYOKIITO

2M PM MICRO PROCESSOR CONTROLLED

\$100 LESS THAN ITS COMPETITORS



Peatures: \* Unique 8 :n 1 control knob \* Rhedronte C Moss memories with back up battery

 Memory and programmable band scanning
 User programmable parameters
 Speed nt and write buttons
 Upidom microphene
ONLY \$ ONLY \$349

AZDEN the FM KING PCS-4000



ONLY \$399

8190

6129

\$78

• 8MHz coverage. 142,000 140 986 MHz in adoctable steps of 5 or 10 kHz \* Thy size and the step of 5 or 10 kHz \* Thy size and the step of 5 or 10 kHz \* Thy size and the step of 5 or 10 kHz \* Thy size and the step of 5 or 10 kHz \* Thy size and 5 or 10 kHz \* Thy size

ICOM We are appointed ICOM Dealers and con impossity at riv all ICOM Products -Transceivers Receivers - Accessories with full ICOM warranty \* WE DO NOT BUY FROM JAPANESE FLEA MARKET

KENWOOD

For all KENWOOD Products see as first We will not be undersold! — we are appointed Kenwood Dealers \* KENWOOD DEALERS WITH KENWOOD WARRANTY

#### DATONG

SBR 2 Auto Woodpecker Blanker ANF Auto Notch Filter FL-3 M .Iti Mode Audio Filter D-70 Morse Tutor VLF Very Low Frequency Converter RFA Broad Band Preamp

### DAIWA

WE NOW STOCK ALL POPULAR DAIWA PRODUCTS \$79 CN 540 SWR C8 401 4pns Coax Switch \$79 CS 4018 4pos Coax Switch 1 3GHz \$89 Switch 1 3 CS 201 2008

Power Motor CN 410M SWR 878 129 Coax Switch #29 CS-2016 2pos Coax Switch 1 3GHz #29 Power Meter 878 TRANSCEIVER POWER

"REGAL 25" 240 volt 50Hz input = 13.8 volts DC, 20 smps cont ONLY #179

ONLY 199

"REGAL 15" 10 amp cont



CN 620A SWR

Power Meter CN 520 SWR

#### THE MAGNIFICENT MEN WITH NEW

## TONO MACHINES

YESH WE NOW STOCK TONON
THETA 5000E Commercial and amateur state
alone communications terminal for
COWRITY ASCH AMPOR ARQ, FEC etc Mode
Thus new machine is a "DREAM COME TRUE" to any sophisticated amate Write for colour brochure

PRICE \$1000

THETA 9100E: New model with up-to-date microprocessor technology stand alone terminal automatic send roceive of MORSE, RTTY ASCII. ARQ/FEC (AMTOR). Using a light pen graphic patterns can be drawn on the screen and essay.

THETA 777: The most advanced high performance oods convertor yet Supports completely automatic sendfreecise of MORSE. RTM: ASCI. BIT INVERSION (RTM) and now ARQ.FECSELPEC (AMTOR) mode. Build in RSCI2 and TTL level interface enables operation

PRICE .... 82222 AR2001

## SCANNER



\$499

25 550 MHz Continuous
 NBPM -- For Communications
 WBPM -- For BCSTV monitoring
 AM for Air Band
 20 CH Memory
 Clock Priority CH

SC-4000 NO COMPROMISE PROGRAMMABLE

HAND-HELD/POCKET SCANNER Thus latest addition to world n top scanners is available now at a price everybody can afford

ONLY \$399

Complete with AND CHARGER

\* 160 Memory channels • 9 Rand Police

Military Landmobile CB. Amateur Radio

Telephone etc

frequency storage • Priority Channel • LCD Display

## SENSATIONAL.



## LS-202

• FM USB/LSB Dus, Mode PM USE/LOS LOSS
 Operation
 Compact yet versatile

design VXO & RIT Control LED illuminated switch &
 Meter WRITE FOR MORE INFO

INTRODUCTORY PRICE + \$9 Post

**\$299** 

EAT-2000 ONLY \$479 2 kW



\* Roller inductor, 3500V Ceramic Cap \*2 kW Balun, Delwa X Needle Meier \* Outpui Termunals for Coax, Long Wire, Bell Line Matches everything from 18-30 MHz Outstandner performers RF NOISE



FROM 989 . 89 Post

EMB-1 the professionally made noise bridge for all lunds of RF measurements. Anionna work moseurements. Antenna work

EAT-300 \$169 SR Post

All mail orders ready now — Enormous success covers all freq between 1 8-30 MHz

ORDERS KEEP POURING IN ROTATORS & ANTENNAS

We keep the largest stock of antennas and antenna rolators in Australia! The famous TET "QUADBANDENS and "HINEEBAND" beams 3 and 5 band verticals, Delta loops, 2 metro cross Yags etc. We also keep a unique range of antenna rotaton such as KENPRO CREATE and EMOTATOR

All models in stock Write or ring for further details?

SPECIALS SPECIALS \* YASSU FC-757AT automatic antenna tuner

was \$399 now \$320 \* TELEREADER AMTOR IGA terminal

was \$359 now \$240 • COMPLETE HAL COMMERCIAL AMATEUR

SYSTEM consisting of DS3100 with MSO3100. ARQ1000 ST 800 and all cables

at cost . TOKYO HY POWER HC 200 antenna ti nei

\* TOKYO HY POWER HC 200 antenna i ner was \$179 now \$150 HL 20U 70cm Linear Amplifier 2W input 20W cotiput was \$119 now \$79 HL 35V 2 metre Linear Amplifier, 3W input 25W output was \$119 now \$79 WELZ \$P 250 1 6 50MHz, 2020028W SWR Power Meter was \$105 now \$89

DEALER INQUIRIES WELCOME emironics

94 Wentworth Avenue, Sydney, NSW, 2000 Phone: 211 0988 Telex: AA 73990 EMOLEC Correspondence & Mail Orders: Box K21, Haymarket, NSW, 2000



## S'WOII



Ken McLachlan, VK3AH Bex 39. Moorcolbark, Vic 3138

Well into the year and the sunspot activity is still declining, making contacts harder to get on the higher bands on which I normally operate. The signals are there, but not esisting and not as regular so one has to work harder, improve their station efficiency and work her februlouiss.

vary have feeder-quies.

If the firms is have listened and monitored a sare station for a considerable time, it never ceases to amaze me the number of VKs that I can hear call and after a couple of calls, they give it away (In occasions I have called the attion and affer about to the fact that VKs are listen by all all of the calls that the think is the station and affer a couple of the station and affer a couple of the station and a station the or seek has been advised of very them and then seek.

other VXs.
Ameteur radio is a hobby to share, and if I have the resources and luck to work a rare station, I am only too pleased to assist others and probably get as big a thirll out of seeing a newcomer or someone who wants it for a new country, get it, as the operator themselves. It is called sharing and from my point of view there

thrill out of seeing a newcomer or someone who wants it for a new country, get it, as the operator themselves. It is called sharing and from my point of view there could be a lot more of it heard across the amatters spectrum. In my book, self satisfaction is directly proportional to what one receives in unsolicated personal rewards from what they do, to the amount of time, work or

energy that they put into it.

MOUNT ATHOS

Nicola IOSNY, is still having trouble in organising

Nicota IOSNY, is still having trouble in organising the Mount Athos trip which was intended to be prior to Christmas 1984, but appearedly documentation went 45/ray As has been said many times SV/A is a very difficult

area to gain accredited permission to operate from, and it all depends on the approval of the Council of Abots which control the area.

Nicota is an experienced UHF orientated gentleman and in August last year established a 24 GHz record of 331 km, from Mount Epomeo on isotha island, of

of 331 km, from Mount Epomeo on Ischia Island, off the coast of Neplea, to Montatto in the Calabria region of Italy (Refer CST Dacember 1984, p69). A late news item indicates that the group has the permadion and the Easter Bunny could be hopping around while they are operating.

KERGUELEN

FT8XA is quite active on twenty matree. If you are tucky to catch up with him, QSL to F6FYD, Vannick Delatouche, P.O. Box 8, Andresy, France, F-78570.

Due to be operational from 3rd to 10th April. More details next month.

ANTARCTICA

The station 4K1CEY, now ORT, was located at Molodezhnaya Base Antercitics, having co-ordinates of 87°S and 45°E which located in in ITU Zone 69 and CQ Zone 38 QSL to UYSQL yia P O. Box 88, Moscow or preferably via the Bureau.

PROFILE OF A MODERN DXER

DON'T FORGET CLIPPERTON

Thirty eight year old Ghis ONSNT (affectionately known as "No Trouble") in nineteen years of operating has accomplished many amateur infetime ambitions.

 The low bands score is swelling and forty metres has 288 worked with 286 confirmed, eighty metres follows closely with 246/244 on SSB/CW

closely with 246/244 on SSR/CW Not one to stand still, Ghis has operated 4U1ITU (1975), DNSNT/LX (1978), 10,000 QSOs from TYA11 in 1982, ONSNT/IT4 (1984) and ONSNT/HBD also in

1884 He is also QSI, Manager for a number of stations.

When one reflects on these accomplishments and considers all the hours including the seeing of innumerable surfices for the low band contacts, any reader would have to agree that Chile is a dedicated

DXer.
Gins is ably supported in his hobby by his charming
XYL Monique and 11 and 7 year old daughters Maggy
and Heidi



Two famous DXers Ghis ONSNT (L) and Bull 9USJB, presently US Ambassador in Burundl. The photo was taken in 1981 at the TYA11 QTH.

BURUNDI

Ghis ONSNT, hopes to be able to operate 9USJB over the Easter period. Look on the usual DX frequencies and all QSLs to ONSNT.

**NEW BEACON** 

Another beacon on hventy metres has been activated and will join 41/10MB, WeWYZB, KH960R JA2GY, 4067UB, CH26, CT38 and ZSB0NB on 14 100 MHz. The beacon is HK4LR/B and will be operating in number nine time stor. Apart from a guide to propagation a CSL would be appreciated by the sponsors, the Northern California DX Clab vie WeRQ.

NO GUARANTEE

For those koon DXers who have still not received a card from Bon LUZAH, for AZSZA. Alon recommends that one GSL to Gordelings 2370, Buenos Aires 1426, Argentha may work as he comments that mail destined to him is being intercepted by a postal worker Beware, there is no guarantee that you will still receive a card.

YEOVAL-YEOVIL

Joy VK2EBX, whose QTH is Yeoval and is a regular

contributor to this column has received a beautiful certificate from the Yeovill Amateur Badio Club confirming her as in Honorary Life Member Congratulations. Joy, and I am sure it takes pride of place near the Intraceiver (See page 43 — How AR).

MARION ISLAND

252MI back on the partil it is believed that ZRBAQJ, has permission to operate 252MI for a fourteen month start. All QSLs will be handled by ZSBCR Left us hope that this operation will be a success story 325MI has not appeared in that many DXers logs, particularly V/s. Marion Island, located nearly 2900 kilometres

south-east of Capelown in the Indian Ocean, is the larger of the two sistands of the South African dependent Prince Edward Island Group. This sub-intensic island, which is entirely volcanic, has an area of 350 square kilometres and its highest mountain is a dome like shape region to Just Smits Peak, which is snow. covered and has an elevation of 1190 metres in a description of the island, ORZ DX Editor Bob Winn WSKNE, wrote, research has shown that the coastline is very rugged and exposed with steep cliffs rising to around the 150 metre mark.

Bob says, that the climate is cool, with a mean annual temperature of 4 degrees and the island is continually swept by gales which bring heavy rains, up to 2500 mm annually. On average only a few hours of weak sunstrine is seen daily as the cloud cover is at about 300 milrors.

NEW MICELLY

A new prefix, HW is appearing on the bands and it is a special prefix for the 20th anniversary of UNARAF in France an association for the visually impaired. Prefix HW3 will substitute a FC prefix, HW4 for FD and HW5 for FE

ZC4 A NEW COUNTRY

The ARRL DX Advisory Council had recommended on a 15 to 1 vote that ZC4 becomes a separate DXCC country. The ARRL deliberated further and the Awards Committee voted 6 to 1 in favour of the UK Sovereign Base Areas on Cyprus (ZC4) becoming a new DXCC Country.

No create will be accepted until the 1st of Jume 186 bit who will be accepted until the 1st of Jume 186 but how at benneal efficial Create to 254 contrible but now at benneal final Create the 1st of 254 contrible to present the 1st of 1

Many amateurs, world wide, seeking a confirmation of the contact with VUTWCY have received the following note:

Dear Friend,

We are sorry to inform you that we have not been able to find your call sign in our log book although we even checked the day before and the day letter for any mix up in dates. We even event to the extent of checking the og books of the other operators to see if you have worked them.

The delay in acknowledging your QRL card was due to the time consumed in going through all the log books.

Wishing you the best of luck the next time

73's. GOPAL (VU2 GDG)

Boy' VK2DTH, contacted this group twice, on different frequencies and sent the cards off with the usual remittance. No reply so he sent off again with 'green' stamps and in return this carefully and prolessionally printed explanation. A VII YL on twenty matters went clear, with many

A VU YL on twenty matres went clear, with many excuses that urgent chores had to be attended to, after having four consecutive calls regarding the cards one evening. Within five minutes she was calling CD North America. 190 kHz up the band and got

many takers. Each very short QSC ended in the phrase "please QSL direct to "Boy" at least received recognition that his letter was received, mine with a letter asking for a story and photographs and my card included along with ample funds for return, still remy as uninawered.

Many QSOs, lots of IRCs and other good things and no cards. No one could miss that many entries in the log, surely or could they???

AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985 - Page 39

#### JOTA IN MALAYSIA

Peter 9M2PW, now back in Austra, a after a three year tour of duty at the RAAF Bulterworth Air Base, assisted the multitude of Malaysian stations that took part in JOTA 1984



of the 1st Tanjong Bungah Gulde Company.

#### DARKETON

The Radio Club de Chile members were so incensed by the bogus operation by Bob Read KF10 (refer AR September 1982 p30) that it was their ultimate goal to make amends to the world wide amateur fra-ternity with a genuine DX operation from one of the rarest DXCC countries in the world

Patricip CE3GN, the International Co-ordinator of the C ub kindly prepared the story of the expedition for Amsleur Radio and it has been professionally and ex-pertly translated by Lou s VK3ZLD a gentleman that has five languages at his finger tips

All amateurs were bewildered as to why no advance Information had been forthcoming as to this important expedition but it was the culmination of seven years of negatiations, always stressing the importance of this country being allowed on the ameteur bands, with the Milita ry who control the island, and the government that the final authorisation, with certain conditions, was given on the 21st August 1984 by a telephone call

to the Club's President The conditions of operation were that the amateurs must be service personnel, be prepared to stay for two months, operate from a specific location and not stray from that area. The reason for these intuitions is that Sen Feltx is under strict military control and no civilians are allowed on the area.

#### PROBLEMS ALREADY

The chosen couple, Fernando CE3GXY and Max The chosen couple, Pernance CesGAY and May, CESDUN, both amateur operators in the Chilean Navy, though expert on CW were not conversant with the English language for SSB operation. The second pro-blem was that they had tan days to arrange leave of absence from the Navy and arrange their transport to the island. These were apart from the organisation of equipment. Not easy tasks to overcome!



L to A: Fernando CE3GXY, Mickey CE3ESS and Max CE9DUN

## PROBLEMS OVERCOME

Fernando and Max had many beloers in assisting them to improve their English vocabulary Amongst them to improve their English vocabulary Amongst these were German CESCBG Enrique CESBBW, Mickey CESESS Edwardo CESBCC, Jorge CESCTI, Mercelo CESBXP and Cetso CESACA

The equipment that was to be used for the expedi tion was partly supplied by the Club, with further assis-

The operators getting in practice at the

tance by loans from Club members perbcularly Pablo CESJIN, Enrique CE38BW who supplied transmitting equipment, Mickey CE3ESS who supplied the three band antenna and rotator Celso CE3ACA and Edward CE3BOC, who constructed the dipoles Germar CE3CBG, Michel CE3DPD and Marcelo CE3BXP pack ed and prepared the equipment which consisted of 1 x TS-600, 2 x 830-Ss, with an external VFO, 1 x 130S and an A7230, 1 Honds E-500, 1 TET three band anienna and inverted Vees for 160, 80 and 40 metres. for transport to the island

During the week prior to departure Fernando, Max and all the helpers involved in the preparations were treated to a celebration organised by the Club in appre-ciation of their untirting afforts of assistence



Fernando making a point to Patricio CE3GN.



L to R: Standing, Patricio CE3GN, Mickey CE3ESS, Max CE0AA, Sitting, Fernando CEOAA and Enrique CE3BBW.

On the 30th August, a farewell was hosted to both expeditioners at a well known Santiquino restaurant, where they made a promise to be dutiful operators Poasts were made in Chillean wine. Next day the two operators departed for San Felix Island with a feeling that they were doing something worthwhile for all



The island as depicted on the card. THE ISLAND

THE ISLAND
The stlend of San Fallx located at 80 degrees parallel and 880 kilometres from the Chilean coast is 800 metres long and 2400 metres wide, being the result of a volcane cruption and the surface is nothing other than rocks, with no vegetation of any kind.

The dose-fact that arrived both operator by work. The day after their arrival, both operators, by work-

ing through the night, had all the equipment opera-tional. The same day at 2207 UTC they established their first contact to lest the equipment. A historic octheir first contact to easing a sequence of the contact from this lanely and berren island, that would give a multitude of DXers a new DXCC credit.



Fernando starting to climb the tower. San Ambrosia Island can be seen in the backaround



Max, at the top of the tower adjusting the cotator.

All contacts were kept short and to the point, so that it would give operators from all continents a chance of working one of the top ten most wanted countries. The first few days were cheos, then when things settled wn, operating was easy and times on all bands were adhered to as close as practicable.

THE CONTROLLEDS

The controllers like Enrique CE3BBW, Mickey CE3ESS, Carlos CE3EEO, Michel CE3DPD, Rell CE6EZ, Mario CE6COR and Carlos CE3NR were magnificent in their handling of the autobions. Many other stations spent six to eight hours per day control. other stations sport six to eight hours per day control-ling the operation Many International operations assisted and included Eva PYZPE, Toshi JATELY, Phineas W6BF, Rom KB7SO, Jack WBAGCP, Gail KF4IL, Jim KB7CC, John KCOYI, Loren KBCDV, Tex W6AHV, James NB7R, Nell HKGHEU, and many others

who voluntarily gave their time to participate.

Patricio CESGN, on behalf of the Club and its members, expresses his appreciation to the Chilean International operators and many others that gave their time to participate and says "I cannot express enough happiness at the greatest effort put in by everyone for the common community cause and we also express our gralitude to the operaturs for the enormous amount of contacts made 6 to 160 metres, which were above our expectations

The 28th September sew another historic event, thanks to Fernando. This operator had received permission from the authorities on the island to operate the RTTY mode and many amateurs were able to con duct two way transmissions on the ameleur bands with San Falls

CLOSING DOWN Enrique CE3BBO, was the controller responsible for he expendition and at the beginning of October due to

in excess of 31,000 contacts were made using the modes of CW, SSB and RTTY on all DXCC bands from 6 to 160 metres and in Patricio's words The whole b to too metes and in Patrico's woods the whole expedition came to a perfect ending which cannot be criticised. We are pleased that amakeur operators all over the world are heppy and to those responsible for the operation we are grateful that during the first lew days, despite all the criticism, all went well and we were able to keep over 31,000 operators happy and give them a new country for their DXCC, the Island of Sen Felts".

It would be ungracious of me if I didn't endorse the last remarks and express sincers thanks to all concerned with the operation on behalf of particularly VK emateurs and amateurs world wide for the dedication of the cub and its members in bringing about the activation of this rare DXCC country (VKSAH)

BITS AND PIECES

News reports indicate that Ampil, the home of XUISS and gang has been seized by the enemy

\*\*160 metre cethusiasts could look for CE3DPD and CE3EEO who operate around 1.835 MHz most days. "Geny 5XSGK it appears has some writ on which will be forwarded to the ARRL DXCC Desk He gets 100 percent in my book as trier.
"Many EM, EO, EU, EW, ER and EV prefixes from "Many EM, EO, EU, EW, ER and EV prefixes from the USSR which may be claimed for a special exact, libe details of which are unclear. Their use is to cele-brate the cessation of hostilities of WWII, florty years ago, and apparently the suffix R designates that the operator was one of the veterans. "ZAFIS's working." operator was one of the veterans. "ZATST is working Europeans and advising them to QSL via QH2BDM One wonders if CH2BDM knows about it, he soon will when the mail arrives." "WGSH is not QSL Manager for VKDGC whose cards should go to P29JS. Cerds for Denise VKDYL, go to VKDAH. "OE stations may for Volus whose cards should go to P25US. Card for Denise VK0YL go to VK3AH. ""OE stations may now use 100 watts CW from 1.850 to 1.950 MHz. ""Many Hill operators using HII) prefix ""ARRL DX-CC Desk has had no documentation from PS7ABT/S9 Was he "alongside" when he made the calls?? "Betty, XYL or Tom VR6TC is believed to have passed the amateur licence and will appear with the call VR6YL. More operating hours from that QTH, that is for sure. "Les 707LW, due back on the bands that is for sure. "Less /G/L/V, due back on the bands after holidays in the UK. ""More operating hours from that OTH, that is for sure! "The LA group canostied

that 0.114, that is for sure? "The Unigroup cen-where plains for Bouvet earlier this year due to economics, politics and salety." "QSL cards for the special Olympic stations should now go to WSSZN or NBAUV. The P.O. Box has been closed. "The JAs hoped for a few hours operating last month from noped for a few nours operating test month trom Bouvet after landing from a fishing boat and the LAs were still hopeful of a few hours operation as 3Y4FG. RSGB Headquarters is located in Alma House "RSGB Headquarters is located in Alma House They have changed the name to Lambda House Significant? "Dister DKSKD, advises he is not the QSL Manager for the bogus stations DKSKD/SA or SATAA. "Genume C9 operators may be heard more frequently in the near future." BYSRF, a newly com-missioned station from the Peoples Republic of China. is quite active "'YI1BGD say they can now operate on 18 and 24 MHz

CW SWLing with ERIC L30042

RZOKH, VKSYK, VKSPW, BEACONS VKSRSY, VK4RTL,

21 MHz HZ 1LW IKTANIN, YCODNIK, ZLZACP I REK ZLICZ, ZLINH

AHÇC BYZB, KDSAIDUS, KTBAZIDYI, KASDWUDIY FKSDY FOSHO FOSLZ, EATFI, EOSAIDNI, JOI FE NHEBHNIMI, OHIOU, OHBAL UAGURT (HASSM ULISWB, UZAFYA, YKOMUS, YUZBAN YUZIO J, YCZFEA, YCJKIZ, YJJAH, YTSTT, J, YCZFEA, YCJKIZ, YJJAH, YTSTT

7 MHS L7AD/EAS, FOSFO, W2DT WA:OFP/1 KM3A, W3OV, B2PMP/4 K4OM ZLIHY ZLDAFU OJZEY EATCLF FOXL FORUR EMIC EWIAA GRINVINIA GAOTU, MATKSR HESIK, IKZEOL

The operators and friends at the

KLTU, KXEDS, LX1PD, LZ1KAZ, QE3ZOC, OK3SIH, OKOPSMAMM, P29PL, P29PR, SPECIK, UA&AFE, UBSZZ, UDBCN, UP1BZG, UQ2GD, VSSDO, UM9MLE YUZAKI, ZYXYS SRAD

ZX1XS. SOBUT 2.5 MHz 34, WSTZC. UA0ZZ, YD1LB. UP1BWR 1.6 MHz

NOSTALGIA

Again is reproduced another card of yesteryear. The card was supplied by Arthur VK2JM.



Special thanks go to the following. The Editors of weekly bit weekly, and mornify newsletters including the ARRIL NEWS LETTER RISED TO NEWS, ORD, LOWS SING DA FAMILY FOUNDATION NEWSLETTER. JAN and JAY O BRIES S OS MANAGER LIST and K-MBAZE REPORTS Magazine including CQ, edp.X, QST, RADCOM, JARIL NEWS, OZ WORLD RADIO TS, BREAK N and VEROM. WURSED RADIO 73. BREAK N and VERON Members who have contributed include VVs 2JM PS EBX, 3BY EW, FR YJ, YL ZJD, 4BNJ 6NE, 6 WASHUP and L30042 Översees amelieurs include C DISRIO, G19DD, 188AT, ONSMT and ON7WW Good and sincers thanks to one and sli.

Overseas Amateurs are welcome to join the WIA. Meet one who has on page 23.



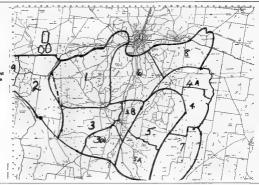


Williams Printing Service Ptv Ltd

> 12 William Street. BALACLAVA 3183

CONTACT US FOR QUOTES

Approximately 30,000 head of stock were burnt and destroyed in the fire area bounded by the black line. Smaller divisions indicate the area of operation for each field team.





ANH

## WICEN NEWS

Geoff Smith VK3ADB PRESIDENT OF BALLARAT ARG 829 Laurie Street, Mount Pleasant, Vic. 3350

#### WICEN INVOLVEMENT IN THE MARYBOROUGH (TULLAROOP SHIRE) BUSHFIRE AREA ON 14TH JANUARY 1985

On Wednesday 16th January 1985 operators from Rendigo ARC and Ba larat ARG were called out on stand by for WICEN work with the bushfires at Maryborough Operations began at 0730 EST on 17th January and concluded at 1800 EST on 18th January

Amateurs part closting from Bend go were VK3's 

XBL, DTY DML and DOV whilst from Ballerat — VK3s - ADB. VU BNC, PAF NIH, AEX, YMW and

A base station was set up in the Shire of Tuliarbop offices using 148,500 MHz Simplex. To cater for difficult reception in outlying areas a manned relay station was set up on Bristol Hi I (about 609 6 metres ASL) approx 1 km from the base station

Bristot Hill has a lookout tower about 21 34 metres high on its peak. An antenna (a Slim Jim) was eracted on top of the tower which gave an excellent take-off to cover even the remotest corner of the Shire

Individual field operation was required, in that the operators travel ed up a Department of Agriculture RSPCA vehicle to various parts of the Shire to assess burnt stock and farm problems such as fencing, feed and fodder needs, arrangements for earth moving equipment to dig disposal pits for stock destroyed on site location of portable yards and assistance with the personal needs of farmers affected by the fire

The problem of portable/mobile operation was overcome by the use of magnetic mounted and gutter grip antennas. Rigs used were handhelds and various. VHF transceivers powered from the vehicles cigarette. latter sockets Problems were anticipated and catered for HF operation was not used but equipment was

available if required



ath of the Maryborough Bushfire

In actual operation on problems were encountered with messages due to the excellent location of the retay station

At the end of each day, at the debriefing session department heads and field officers stated that the standard of operation was highly professional and enhanced the performance of all in ensuring the various needs were promotly dealt with The contribution made by the WICEN operators from Bend go and Ballarat helped reviews some of the

misery endured by the strickened animals in this disaster

The operation was co-ordinated by Dick VK3AEX and Don VK3YBI

Page 42 - AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985



## POUNDING BR

#### MHA TIRE CAS

Marshall Emm VK5FN

GPO Box 389. Adelaide, SA 5001

Quite often people ask me why tam so interested in CW - how capanyone enjoy something so unnatural and so "difficult to learn?" I suppose the easy answer is that people are by nature contrary and I ensoy

do ng all sorts of things that other people find a bit odd. Playing tennis, for example, is not natural and for most of us difficult to learn In my case the main reason is that I spend too much time talking at work during the day, and smoke too much (New Year's Resolutions not withstanding)

and the last thing I want to do of an evening is sit around vacking into a microphone! In the January issue of this column I talked about the future of CW as an amateur mode, and now I'd like to devote a little more space to the nifty reasons why people enjoy it, why it is usefut, and generally why it

deserves to have a future. The virtually iron-clad arguments which follow were in a large part suggested by a European amateur who can often work VK on CW when the phone bands are dead

1 The bendwidth ergument

Power relationships based on nominal signal bandwidth are summarised from a professional engineering journal in the following table Bandwidth

400 H

In addition, it is fairly obvious that detection of the

presence or sheeped of an unmodulated tone is much easier to detect than making sense of human speech in all its various forms. You can litter a CW signal down to as little as 60 Hz width using readily available technology - dots can still be discriminated at 50 WPM. This means theoretically that something like thirty CW QSO's could take place simultaneously in the bandwidth occupied by a single SSB QSO! Thus the essence of the argument is minimal pollution in terms both of power of required bandwidth

2 The speed of erpument Often turned against CW operation, the speed argument case comes into play once reasonable speeds can be worked with effective use of abbreviations, procedural symbols, and the Q-code By reasonable speeds I mean as little as 15 WPM, though of course that can be improved upon Listen to a ti pool work trus east base emit emos emen QZO ecodo takes to communicate how little

3 The discipline ergument Learning the code requires a certain amount of

self-discipline, as does using it properly. Amateur radio is generally deemed to be "self-regulating". It is also international, and a poor operator brings not only himself into disrepute, but all his countrymen. In my opinion it is not more coincidence that the pressure for elimination of CW exams has once hand-in-hand

with degradation of manners on the amateur bands 4 The language argument It may well be that English is the official language of

radio, but sometimes it is all but unrecognizable. Since it is by its very nature a symbolic language, Morse Code represents a far easier means of communicating with foreigners than speech. A Russian operator, for example, may well be thinking 'spesibo as he sends "TNX" Or put it slightly differently - if he wants to say "pagoda xoroshaya" he has to translate into "the weather is fine" if he's working phone, but "WX FB" is all he needs for CW 5 The homebrew argument The amateur is supposed to be an experimentar,

but who has the money and the skills to homebrew something like a TS 930 or FT One? You can get pretty close to the CW equivalent with homebrew 6 The emergency argument

Put arguments one through five together and you have a pretty useful tool when it comes to an emergency if your car gets wrecked in the desert. smashing the CB to bits, and you have a good CW operator hendy, odds are he can build a transmitter from odds and ends, get it on air, and get help on its way But seriously, folks, it is a symple and effective means of communication, so long as people take the trouble to learn the skills.

STOLEN EQUIPMENT



1984 Alara Contest Results

996

Callsign VK4BSQ Onlate Comments Winner overall and VK4

WKICYL 802 MA CW

VK3DYI 558

VKSDE 440 VK6 AM

VK2EBX

VK3DV1 335

VK7HD

VE7YL 271

VK3DMS

VK2AHD 267

VKAVNK 989

VK2KYL 240

VK2D IV 225

VKAVR 210

VK4XA 205

ZL1ALK 200 ZI AM

VK4AOE 179

VK4NIIN 170

WAY 1.40

VK3B I 120

VK2\$11 190

## stralian Ladies Amateur Radio Association Margaret Loft, VK3DML

28 Lawrence Street, Castlemaine, Vic 3450

VKSANW VKS AM DESCI 10

Nors: The call sions are in order of placings.

Check logs were received from VK5YL, VK3KS VK3XB, VK3LC, VK8NW, VK3FG, ZL2BOD and VK5QQ My very sincere thanks to all who continue to support ALARA through the contest and I do hope to

hear from everyone again in November Congratulations to Wendy VK48SQ for a very creditable score with the trying conditions we had.

well done Jill VK4VNK is our very first winner of the Mrs McKenzie Trophy, il seams appropriate that our first

winner is from Queensland and the troohy came from Townsville, Jill's CW score was 162. Congratulations .gg This year ALARA will be 10 years old and the Committee are presently looking at having a gettogether in Melbourne to celebrate this special

birthday As ALARA was first activated in Melbourne that would be a good place to meet again. Further details after our next committee meeting. No delimite decision has been made on how often get-togethers will be held as subscriptions are still

oming in, questionnaires with them. Austine VK3YL has asked me to pass on her thanks and best 33 to all ALARA members, she is delighted with her special log book cover and is using it with very happy memories of her surprise afternoon Until next month take care and good DX to all

Margaret VK3DML

REGISTER

In accordance with 1984 Convention Motion 84 17 01 the Federal Office has established a stolen equipment register Members wishing to take advantage of this register.

either to publicise their loss or to check equipment offered to them may write or telephone to the Federal Office their enquiries. To update the list published in the JANUARY asse SER MUMBER FROM

VK20PM ICOM IC25/ 03831 ICOM ICASA 01876 VK2DPM SCOM IC211 WYDDW KYOUTO FM144/10 AKSKIIB DS EXPLORER 70 cm Transceiver (has extensive interna, mod-VK2AMY ICDM IC219 05156 4K050838 YEASU FT 209RH **VK3CE** \*(Blue viny) case complete with handbook the putside of

#### INPUT FROM MEMBERS The 1985 Federal Convention will be held in

which is stained

don't miss out

AR

Melbourne from 26-28 April. Items which members wish to bring to the attention of the Convention should be submitted to their Divisional Office or Federal Councillor

immediately As agenda items must arrive at Federal Office thirty days prior to the Convention - 28th March 1985 - it is imperative to move guickly so you

AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985 - Page 43

JJ1LO VK6QM John Southern Cross DX Club No 490 105 SWL Certificate VK2NVQ L40018 O.IDEK AKSDIA **VK6YF** WB3CON

113

89

80

74

60

European AM

JA AM 118

ALARA member

Top Novice score and MRS

McKENZIE Trophy

USA ALARA member

OM Certificate

VK2 AM

WY2 ASE

VE AM

22.77 00

Lost month we viewed the Red Cross Munoy River Marathon from the camero lens of Gil Sones VKSAUL. a stolward of the Marathon for many years on the rold side. This month David gives us a look at the computer side of things which for the past two years have been provided by the Melbourne Packer Rodio Group. Read on . . . .



David Furst VK3YDF 57 Laity Street, Richmond, Vic. 3121

As many of you will be aware, the WIGEN group were assisting the Red Cross after Christman were assisting the Red Cross after Christman progress and the Red Cross and the Red

WICEN were up on the Murray because it is vitally important that communications are passed up and down the river as to the state of the race in general and most particularly to make sure that if there are any injuries or mishaps the sefety network can reasond a lightly.

The MPRG is composed of peop e who have been radio amateurs for many years as well as computer hobby sts. It was in the latter role that we were called upon by the Red Cross to provide a mobile computer centre.

can be compared to the compare

Originally the Red Cross approached the Micro Computer Club of Melbourne in April of 1983 with a request for help. The two founding members of the MPRG, Peter Jetson and myself, volunteered for this job. It was just as well that we had no idea of what was before us or we would never have done so.

Over the months that followed there were endless meetings so we could form some dea of what had to be done, in what time frame, and how Very early in the piece we realised that computer

reliability was going to be paramount. This instantly intel do ut sting one large muttle vaier mechine. These things are difficult to fix and if you have just one and it dies then all of a sudden you have no computers any more. We decided to use a number of smaller machines because we could theoretically salf id to the job even if we lot one or two of them—though more slowly of course.

During the mid afternoon we could expect to have both sarring at the rate of one every 27 seconds or so. As computers are somehimms part plain temperatured (revenible Awaphy?) whe had come as with meaning a remained (revenible Awaphy?) who had come as with could not break of the awaphy? who computers as the awaphy of the a

used separate power generators and separate power filtering boxes for each machine so that whatever else happened we could only lose one machine at a time. A I this gave us enough computer power to be able to enter the finish rightness each day, but when would we have time to do pendoical printouts of results.

### What I did on my Christmas Holidays

New programmes and modify old ones as needed. It was somewhere about this stage of the planning that it realisation struck us: we had to be loco to be trying something like this. Alternative plan (yews pull into place. In case everything felt down in a shambler we would leave the care pointing lowest SW yellow, with the motions running. We don't live in Sydney, we had been considered to the place of the place of the planning of the place of th

More potential problems surfaced How do you senter 350 boat numbers and times quickly, each leg senter 350 boat numbers and times quickly, each leg for five days and without errors? The scheme settled upon was where one person read out the Information while another keyed it into the computer and both people checked in As a further check, when the data was entered into the computers one of them printed it out librer and then. The numbers on this printout were always compared to the numbers we thought wid onlined.

In 1983 we had the computers travelling in separate cars and we went from site to site finding a room where we could set up a computer centre. In 1984 we thought that it would be better to have everything set up in a travelling computer centre which could be set up on the river bank next to the finish line. Here was another set of problems awaiting solution. First we needed a caravan or bus to put the computers into National Business Systems were approached and agreed to lend us the bus they normally use around the suburbs demonstrating their range of computers. They sell Sharp computers and the model 3500 was just about perfect for what we were doing. They were kind enough to lend us three of them, plus a last printer. We added a fast printer of our own plus a slower printer so we had plenty of spares. Having so many computers and printers gave us the ability to produce heaps of reports when called upon - which was surprisingly often.



#### The Micom/NBS Mobile Computer Centre at Yarrawongs.

Since this was the only competer centre we had we protected it patiously. We travelled in convoy with cars preceding and following the bus at all times. We have lots of amaleurs in our ranks so each car had a two meter rig running on 147 6 MHz. (the Packet Radio channel remember Packet Radio? This article is supposed to be about it).

Up on the Murray it's pretty dusty. You and I might not like that, but computers positively hate it. Next problem: how do you keep the dust out of the bus and not suffocate or burn up in 40 degrees plus heat? Simplef — cet an air conditioner.

Have you ever tried to borrow an ar conditioner in mid summar? We spent three weeks phoning around before Dunn Air came to the rescue Of course buses are not like house and you cannot mount air conditioners in their walls — particularly when you have to give the bour back in prishe conditioners in full tries and the property of the business of the provided and page the ar in the busin it obed pretty weind, but there was always competit on to air next to the doct where the cod air came out.

Just to finish the list of companies who helped us out so generously. I would like to thank Dabo Computer Supplies of Melbourne who provided the disalettes to put the Information and programmes onto Wenesded disks that were near builet proof and their Division disks are the beat there is.



One of the Sharp Computers lent by NBS for

Liz Mons of National Business Systems went to great siferto no our behalf and I would hise to acknowledge them specially Australian Industrial Publications (my employers) were good enough provide a petry cash fund for all the various small sepaness involved with this project and the State Emergency Service provided generators to provide on the trees next to the Murray emponts matalist on the trees next to the Murray.

It is impossible to do something like this without the assistance of others and heartfelt thanks go to those people and companies who have heiped so generously

Of course all the above is only the logistics of getting the right gear in the right sizes at the right sizes at the right sizes. If the right sizes is computers won't run without programmes Computing Security Practical way of seeing a Security Practical way of seeing a Computing task and writing particularly practical security sizes and serving particularly practical security sizes and serving security sizes and serving security sizes and serving security sizes and serving s

This allowed him to do some rather cunning things with fake submit files to run a few programmes in a row and and up back at the main menu.

during the race? Another computer was added to the plan. This one was to be used to do printouts, to write.

Page 44 — AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985.



The Computer Centre with David VK3YDF, holding Shorty the dog, Sue, David and The computer language he chose was Microso

Basic This is easy to write with, will allow a programmer to do almost anything, is understandable to the whole team and lets you easily modify programmes as needs arise To print anything you first have to get it in the right

order This is done by sorting it. Peter selected Supersoft because it runs quickly and is a good reliable plecs of software The programming task was still prodigious. A pro-

gramme had to be written to get all the names of the competitors, their cance numbers and their classes Into the computer Another programme had to be

written to be able to change any of the above details of conditions changed. A programme had to be written to allow us to enter daily times and points scored as the race progressed.

Other programmes had to be written to produce the various reports needed by the people who run the race

The people who put the canoes onto the water needed starting lists to tell them which canges to set off at which time. The chap who decided the starting order needed a similar list, but with the names of all the competitors included. The Race information Office needed race result printouts for the competitors - two separate formats depending on whether it was a preliminary result during the race or a final printout at the end of the day he also needed a list of all the cances in the race in absolute fin shing time order, as apposed to print no them out by class. The publicity people needed a list of the fastest twenty cances for the day and another list of the fastest three cances in each class. The finishing line people needed a list of which canoes were not accounted for at the end of the day both for accuracy of results and for safety reasons Everybody needed lats of all the competitors in boat number order and in a phabetical order We needed programmes just to look after a I the other programmes

The ength of a computer programme is measured in K - K stands for 1024 (which is two to the power of ten) Pater wrote 150 K of programmes to do the job This means that he pressed the keys of his computer terminal about 153,600 times as he wrote these programmes in three weeks of his spare time. It is worth mentioning that if you or I tried to write a couple of K of programmes it would probably be full of errors - bugs' in computer terminology. Peter's programmes were error free when we got them to the

Murray So how did it all go? Well 1983 was our first try at do no this lob and we had our troubles. One day we spent the entire night pulling spart every piece of computer gear and extracting the dust from its innards hence the bus in 1984. The rest of the 1983 Masochism Special went increasingly smoothly culminating in our team being able to set up the computer centre in any room anywhere in about seven minutes

In 1984 things went even better, with a couple of minor exceptions. One of our generators went west which forced us to (HORROR!) half air cond tioning. Someone had charged the gearbox in the bus a couple of weeks prior to the race and forgotten to tighten the bolts which hold the driveshaft to the gearbox. Naturally this broke down at an inopportune time. A combination of a couple of our people, one of the Land Patrol people from the Land Rover Club and



some help from the people of Yarrawonga put it right in two and a half hours. The rest of that day passed in a pleasant flurry of action culminating in a mess because someone on the finishing line gave us numbers which didn't make sense. This is where it is appropriate to mention a golden rule of computing -GIGO (Garbage In - Garbage Out) None the less everything was sorted out and final results for the day were duly printed.

At this point it was decided to change the starting times for all the cances but evolution. Having a computer centre allows the marathon officials to change the starting times so that the slowest canoes get onto the water earliest and consequently finish earlier than they otherwise might. This is useful as it lets all the safety people and other officials get back to camp for dinner before 10 pm. This took until almost two the next morning which happily provided us with an excuse to per up lete

Getting up late at the Marathon is not as easy as it sounds. At about 5 am a guy with a nasty sense of humour drives around the whole camp alternatively playing various renditions of 'Morning Has Broken' and cracking jokes about early mornings. We learned two lessons from this. 1 We have all developed an aversion to 'Morning Has Broken' and 2 Any loke is had at 5 am.

Any article about the Red Cross Murray River Cance Marathon is not complete without honouring the especially brave amongst the paddlers - remember them? They're the people we're all there to look alter in 1983 Wendy Asche - s young lass from Melbourne was last every day without fail. We all looked forward to her arrival partly because it means that all the paddlers were in, but mostly because we admired her for doing what we couldn't have. Wendy was back in 1984 paddling a double with her cousin Allison Thank you Wendy for the inspiration that you gave us

The 1983 Marathon raised about \$90,000 towards the good work of the Red Cross organisation. As this is being written the figures are not yet in for the 1984 Marathon, though we hope to have bettered last year





The Fastest Bost.

The Red Cross Murray River Cance Marathon is billed as 'The Great Adventurer' and I commend it to you as one of the most enjoyable and most valuable experiences you could have

USING MORSE As from 1st April 1985 to 31st Merch 1986 United

Kingdom amateurs holding a Class B ficence will be able to conduct QSDs in Morse code. It is hoped that this experiment will encourage

more to pass the ameteur Morse test and upgrade Phoir licences



11, Note new call sign and address of former P29S/X

Nedlands

Sydney

Batlarat.

Brisbere

Busselton

**VK6RBS NEWS FROM VICTORIA** 

VK4R88 432 440

432 159 VKERPR

432 420 VK2RSY

432 425 VK3RMF

1296.171

it's not often I get a letter from Victoria, but one has arrived from Eric VK3BXA who I ves at Thoons, about 35km north of Benalia Eric came on 6 metres first in 1979 with an IC502 but found the lack of a suitable antenna quite a problem Since 11/12/84 he has been able to use a 50 to 600 MHz log period c antenna at 17m, and his first DX on that date was to hear the VKCCK beacon and then called VKCCK at 0639 but no repry! Although hearing many stations in QSO his first successful contact was VK4ZWH at 0112 on 15/12 followed by VK4ALM at 0134 and VK8ZLX at 0612 Somewhat elated with the contacts he was having

Eric took h s IC560 to work made up a d-pole antenna mounted 2m above the ground, and worked VK8ZLX at 0812 Subsequent contacts were 16/12 VK8TM VK4TKA and VK4, E between 0340 and 0400 19/12: VK4ALM at 0016, then VK3APF followed by his livel ZL, ZL1BHX then ZL2AQR at 0529 20/12 VK6ZPG. 21/12 VK2HT, VK3UG, VK5PZ (Frst VK5) at 0347 VKSKPM VK8GB VK4ZWH, VK4ALM VK8VV. VK4AEW 30/12 Z\_2AGR at 0002, ZL2TJX, VK3ANP. ZL2CD ZL2BGE, VK4PG/P and VK4ZKE

Eric is nearing completion of the construction of a QQEO6/40 linear for 6 metres which should help Amongst other things he also lists hearing quite a number of beacons, particularly from New Zealand,

## viii wiii -

## an expanding world

and this has allowed me to confirm that a number of those I have listed are In fact working and on

Eric also listed a number of call signs of 6 motor stations he has heard operating SSB in the CW segment which according to the WIA Band Plan is from 52 000 to 52,050, with the first 10 kHz being for EME only, and accordingly has asked me to list his objections to this useage

My comment. Eric's obsections as a CW operator are valid but he may have a long hard journey trying to enforce compliance. I have been operating on the VHF bands for 25 years and subject to being corrected I believe it has only been of recent years that a band plan for VHF and LIHF has been produced, and wherein it was natural enough to follow the trend of HF and have the lower part of the band for CW operation. However, as in a lot of other areas and fields of endeavour, useage tends to dictate acceptance, and the level of CW operation on 6 metres has been so low and still is after many years, that you ould have a major task achieving compliance

Further, with the now world wide acceptance that 52 050 is the VK calling frequency, which took years to be acknowledged in other countries, it seems unlikely those interested in the band will push for it to be changed. The position is entirely different on HF where the CW segments are in constant use, often or a world wide basis, but it is difficult to justify 50 kHz on 52 MHz for the same reasons. It seems to me that the lower portion of 52 MHz, say below 52.020, is not greatly used by SSB stations and I wouldn't know when I last had a contact down there. If I make a contact by using the calling frequency of \$2 050, and the contact is going to be more than a few moments, I invariably suggest shifting higher up the band rather then going lower, and I note many other stations do this loo

It is interesting to campare the present day with the days when AM operation reigned supreme. Stations then, during a big Es opening, would be spread from 50 000 to 50:600 (later \$2 000 to \$2 800) and you could often identify a station by his frequency. Mainly due to the lack of good VFO's and transceivers, spirt frequency operation was the order of the day. Today with so much commercial equipment in use, the tendency to follow the HF pattern of both stations working on the same Irequency is the norm hence less spectrum space generally is involved. Whilst this may be a pity in some ways when considering the need to use the bands, that's how it is at the moment, if you want a contact you call on the other operators frequency

To round off the discussion, I think it would be unwise to try and change the present 52,050 calling frequency. Some measure of success might be gained by trying to keep say the first 20 or 25 kHz of the band for CW despite what the band plan indicates. Myself, I am not against CW at all, in fact, some of my most prized VHF and UHF contacts have been made using CW I recall successfully working FOSDR once on 52 010 with signals too weak for any hope of SSB getting through. However, generally speaking, I think 6m is still not too cluttered for CW to be unsuccessful wherever used, and the least uscage by SSB stations is certainly towards the zero end of the band. I expect to receive some llak because of the sentiments expressed, but that won't worry me providing views expressed are based upon a realistic approach to the situation and are constructive. A donmatic approach purely based on a set of figures quite out of touch with reality will not receive very much support from the VHF fraternity Thanks for an interesting letter Eric.

NEW VK - ZL CLAIM Wally VK2DEW at Orange would like to lay claim to being the first operator to work both ways across the Tesman on 144 MHz tuneable Before some of you start looking at dates this refers to someone who first of all worked across the Tasman FROM New Zealand and has now worked across the Tasman FROM Australia!

Eric Jamieson, VK5LP

1 Duroes Road Forceston, SA 5233

Waily worked Hughin VK5BC on 23/12/65 when Wally had the call sign of Z\_2TCW (Tea Cup Wa lvf) On 29/12/84 at 0740 Wally, as VK2DEW worked ZL18HX st Ka ta s on 144 100 SSB, which noidentally was the strongest signal Wally had ever heard on 2 metres with the need e of the S metre refusing to leave the stoo

in 1965 the contact was on AM using 30 watts to an 832 and a 4 over 4 slot antenns and a 60W4 Nuvistor pre-amp and a R and H convertor to a homebrew seceiver. The 1984 contact was 30 watts from a homebrewampl fier sol distate to an 11 element swan type yagi, masthead pre-amp and an IC202

The opening lasted only 10 minutes into Orange and Tony called on "Fred" the Orange repeater and Wally worked him again 5 m nutes after the in tial contact. Congratulations Wally Can snybody taxe up the challenge, if so ip ease let me know with relevant dates for verification

#### VK3UM AND EME

Doug VK3UM continues to have much success with his 432 MHz EME setup. All of his contacts have been random QSQ's. This indicates both the high degree of activity which exists on the band and the fact that his large EME antenna array must be work no very well

On 7/12/84 he worked JR4AEP at 1700: 8/12 JA4B\_C at 1756 and again at 1810. On 15/12 at 2325 he was echo testing and was called by G3\_QR, 30/12 HB9SV at 1350 On 2/1/85 JA3:AF at 0817 and JR9AOH at 0845, 4/1 ZL2AQE at 0922; 5/1 N4GUV 0910, JA4BLC 1015, OH2DG 1440, OK1KIR 1500. ISMSH at 1618 with 549 reports both wave, the IS station was using a 35 foot dish 1835 F1FHI 539 and then G3SEK 6/1 K2JYH 0950' at 1600 conditions were rather poor and no echoes were heard 11/1 at 2306 HBSSV and others were very good with reports HBSSV) and reports were 5x3 both ways. 16 yag s were in use at both ends of the contact!

Overall, not a bad effort for random contacts Thanks Doug

#### KURWOUR RUFFERE

A letter to hand from John Moen VK2KA of 6 Gordon Street, Arm date, NSW 2350, raises the subject of possible VHF wave propagation by reflection from teor showers, when, we are to distances of 2000km or more can be covered. He is particularly interested in the Eta Acquarids which come within the limits of 1st and 8th of May and are a type D stream considered to be a major stream but owing to their latitude give very weak displays in north temperate latitudes and the Or on-ds from 15 to 25 October and are considered to be an A stream and giving regular annual meteor showers of good strength. There is evidence that these two streams are associated with Halley's Comet and reference can be found in Dannis Di Cicco's art-cle in 'Sky and Telescope September 1983, page 212

John is hoping to be able to arrange some skeds in advance of May 1985. Even negative results in the way of observation would be important as comparison could then be made with the same period in 1986, which almost coincides with the closest approach of Halley's Comet to the earth at only 0 42 AU distance, on 24th April 1996 Angles of altitude and azimuth would have to be calculated for the observer of his particular longitude and atitude. The opt mum times would occur on 5th and 6th May between 1 30 and 5.30 am local time. Aguar us rises due east at 1.30 am As an example, early on Sunday morning at 1930 LTC udho says he is in regular contact with Cyril Rice VK6MY, Co-ord nator of the WIA Comel Subcommittee, and Mostyn Lower VK5ALH is the representative in SA.

If you are interested in arranging skeds for attempts to make any VHF contacts as a those meteor showers, then it is suggested in view of the rather short notice you contact John direct at the address given above.

THE ANNUAL TWO METRE OFERHINGS

#### For quite a few years now January has provided conditions suitable for an excellent range of contacts

right across the southern portion of Australia on two metres and 70cm. January 1965 was no exception Owing to the lack of a two metre beacon in Mil Gambier it was a little more difficult to ludge the conditions, but the weather maps seemed to show something was about to happen. My first indication was a 5x7 contact with Chris VK5MC at Hatherleigh near Millicent in the south east at 0942 followed later at 1035 by Trevor VK5NC in Mt Gambier at 5x2, the conditions not having got quite as far as Mt Gambier at that time. Weak signals were also heard from VK5ADT, VK3ZHP and VK3ZBJ around 1240 About this time Colin VK5DK was 5x6 with his antenna on Melbourne which probably would have been 5x9 if furned my way. At this time, as far as ( was concerned, there was no sign of any activity from Albany and the two metre beacon from there was not audible, although

Throughout the cast day, 811, a few signate water noted hear from the Melbourne sare but they were wask. It looked to me as a prime example of cosalist ducting because; it was not resching far enough in-and orms to enjoy enhanced signate. Soo VKSZRC at 1120 on 81 worsted Wally VKROW on 1448 158 and state of 1120 on 81 worsted Wally VKROW on 1448 158 and state on 1200 on 1449 158 and 1500 on 1449 158 and 1

with my 30dB hill attenuator this never really surprises

10/11 This seemed when conditions mally peaked at 1045 Bb VK2ETO had a contact with Rb VK2ETO had a contact with Rb VK2ETO had a contact with Rb VK2ETO had so 144.080, and Bob has a very difficult path to VK3. At 105 Bb to worked VK5WG and at cod himse throughout the night whenever he fall his it. signals were so consistent. At 1114 even VKSLE managed to work VK6WG not 146.1 at 16.4P RoV VK3ETO had so 14.0P RoV VK3ETO had been seen consistent.

#### 1200 MHZ FM

A number of contacts have been made between A humber of contacts have been made between Abany and Adjested on 1299 in the past, but on 10/1 at 1219. Watly VK6WG transmitted a uppart to Bob VK52RO on 12961 on Fift and was received at the Adalasic end 5s9 + 80x09 Bob's return angral was also 80 but Wally was unable to adequately resolve the So but Wally was unable to adequately resolve the historians was not according to the control of the source o

#### FIRST TIME INTO PERTH

The next morning still on 10/1 (UTC day) at 2247 VK5ZRO and VK5KBU were still working VK6WG when VK6KRC in Perth was heard calling by Brian VK5XBU They quickly concluded a 144 MHz contact then went over to 70cm and at 2248 VK5KBU worked VK6KRC for the first ever 70cm contact into Perth, the distance being about 2280 km. VK5ZRO worked VK6KZ at 2301 on 144 at 5x6 and then 70cm at 2305 5x7, and at 2310 VK6HK on 1445x7 and 70cm at 2315 5x5 At 2318 VK5ZRO also worked Bernie VK5KJ in Albany on 70cm at 5x7 indicating the band was opto both Perth and Albany at the same time. At 2330 VK6KZ was worked again by Bob on 70cm at 5x5 Others to work into Perth ground those times included VK5ZTS, VK5ATV and VK5ZDR. A though sierted by telephone to what was happening by VK5ZRO there was no sign of any signals from the west on either band at the VKSLP QTHI Later VK5 worked to VK8ZFY at 2334 and 2345 at 5x5. Congratulations to Brian VK5KBU for being the

Congratulations to Brian VKSKBU for being the first to work from VKS to Perth, generally acknowledged as being a fairly difficult path. While all the excitement was going on in the west on

70cm VKSLP had to be content by working Roy VKSAOS at 2306 5x7 and Les VKS2BJ at 2320 and David VKSAUJ 5x3, the latter two being in Melbourne metropolitan area and 55 miles east of Melbourne respectively. But I don't mind, I table what comes?

### PORTABLE OPERATION

In view of all the happenings on 101 and with VMSZRO working VMSR-MS and 1000 on 11/L. It appeared the band might still be in good vhage Accordingly, VMS, dheelded a good portable openport of the property of the property of the property up with 144 and 432 MHz gas and on the evening of 114 a test was made on the myl records he In the sea what transplered A. IZS AM battery supplied 12 and before the property of the property of the property of the search of the property of the internal trees used A. A. 6 element up give an at 15 cold 18,8 year was used on 432 mounted 15 and 20 leet high respectively.

A check with Save VIXSAIN at 0000 confirmed weighting was in order, and Steve egreed to come out and keep me company for the evening. First distance contact was with Traver VIXSAIC and Keep on 1-54 at 549 at 0015. A 1030 order by VIXSEE also on MI Gamber at 55-4. A 1031 worked VIXSCE at Plan P I first and VIXSEE and A 1031 worked VIXSCE at Plan P I first and VIXSEE and VI

All 1112 worked Rey WGADG Se7 on 144, 1130 WGSD Des 25 with VGSD Des 25 with VGSD West MGADG Se7 worked Colon WGSD At 184 Gentlone 142 At 1258 worked Colon WGSD At 184 Gentlone 142 and CS2 and less their fortunate enough to have Se4 contact both weep with within the hast worked on 144 and CS2 met less by mind 452 contact over also VFT as if nothing size the last that short hast been with Junit VGSD MSS at 81 312 enough the injuried operations. Shere VKSDMI was very happy to make your JFC colors unique has one of JFC colors unique ha

What is The means of course is that the Securities Conditions made is worthwhele for me to go to the trouble of going portable (and it is quite a deal of trouble of going portable) (and it is quite a deal of trouble is Seawn you) but it also means that poople is the security of the sec

appeared for most of us so we had to be content working into VK4 on six metres!

#### OTHER SMALL ITEMS

John VKSKLJ phoned me to say he had worked WK6NE on 144 and 432, and that it was exactly 12 months since his less VK6 opening. He also worked VK6XY at 5x5 on 144 running 2% watts, all on 10/1 John atso reported on the remarkable coincidence

when he worked Frank VKSDM on 14/1 from 1354 to 1401. He said it was 12 months to the day and time that he last worked him. It also year the line was 1400 to 1403. You couldn't get much closer than that if you were reality frying! Lance VK4ZAZ was 5x8 on 6 metree on 12/1 st 0101 and mentioned working a FK1 who was running 2 sets from an IC502 VK4LE had worked a ZL on two metres and also P29 on six metres. Mary VK4PZ had worked FK6EM and ZL. The FK8 had been at 1100 UTC on 10/1 which is fairly late for Ex. On 91 VK4FI worked mid Brisbane on two metres.

and the same day Russian TV on 49 750 was observed in VK4. Same day George FK1SB was 5x9 into Sydney around 2300. And ZL2TPY worked VK1VP and a station in Dalby. Old on 2 metres.

### BAND CONDITIONS

Brian VKZAKU at Narrabri, about 430km north of Sydney has sent copies of his log for perusal and as he lives in an area with accept prime DX potential i thought you might like to know the apread of his contacts on air meters starting from November when the band starts to open. 2:11 VK4 and VK8, 6/11 VK2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 7/11 VK2, 5,

8/11 VK2, 3, 5, 12/11 VK2, 12/11 VK3, 5, 7, 15/11 VK3, 5, 7, 16/11 VK4, 2, 1, 14/12 VK3, 5, 7, 16/11 VK4, 2, 1, 14/12 VK4, 7, 14/12 VK4, 1, 14/12 VK4, 14/12 VK4, 14/12 VK4, 1, 14/12 VK4, 1, 14/12 VK4, 1, 14/12 VK4, 14/12 VK

VIGS, 15/12: VIGS, 4, 5, 8, 7, 19/12: VIGS, 4, 5, 19/12: VIGS, 4, 5, 19/12: VIGS, 24, 19/12: VIGS, 24, 19/12: VIGS, 24, 19/12: VIGS, 25/12: VIGS, 25

#### HE AWARDS AND STANDINGS

After the publication of the Two Metre Standings Last awhile back I received a few comments directed towards what could be some reasons for what seemed an apparent fack of interest in submissions for inclusion in the two mere list.

The question was asked of me whether it was allowable for an operator (in this specific case Silver WK4,25%) to invise around Queensland picking what seemed the most flevoursels and/or cissest spoit to other areas and then being sold to cakin having worked all Silver Were there not material or material or could move from his home OTH and sail claim to be in the same rare? in Silver is case in the hald made a contact to VK8 from the western border area of Overendand, also to VK8.

In the back of my mind I seemed to recall years ago that one could only operate within an area of 150 miles of home but not being sure, I wrote to the WIA Awards Manager requesting his views on the matter A subsequent phone call from him brought the advice that there appeared to be nothing laid down to prevent the contacts Steve had made, but generally law practice would tend to indicate one would expect an operator to make his contacts within a fair and reasonable distance from the same point. One might then suggest that 250km (about 150 miles) would allow operators some flex bility and overcome the problems of those people having poor locations and still be seen by others to be a reasonable distance from the home OTH. Just how they view this situation. will be up to Stave and any others concerned, but I do suggest future claimants ought to consider making all their contacts within those limits, or if having moved permanently to another location a dispensation sought for the new location

#### GOOD CONTACTS FROM SYDNEY

Ross VK2ZRU has written to say that on checking the bands on 17/1 he found two metres open to ZL during the afternoon and building up to a peak around 1100 He contacted Bran ZL1AVZ on 70cm at

around 1100 He contacted Brian ZLIAVZ on 70cm at 1040 others who worked Brian included VK2BDN, VK2DFM, VK2YYO and VK2BXT At this time signals were over S9 so they went to 1256.1 MHz and contact was made sround 1050 between ZLIAVZ and VK2ZRU and VK2BDN with signals to 50k9 both ways ZLIAVZ was running 0.5

resitts to a 3m dish and VK2ZRU 15 watts to 4 x 25 element loop yages. MMW transverters at both ends.

AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985 — Page 47

The first such contact was made across the Tasa in February 1983 by Dick VK2BDN and Brian ZL1AVZ The path is most like y open on 1.2 GHz when such conditions exist on 144 and 70 cm. There are at least ax stations active on 1.2 GHz in Sydney Congratuat ons to all the operators, a good effort indeed.

#### END OF THE CARNARYON BEACONS Andy VK6OX has advised that the Carneryon

beacons operated for the last time on Christmas Day 1984 and the reasons for their closure are included in the following statement

"After several years of aimost faultiess operation. the decision to cease operation of the Cernamon beacons came as a result of several factors which I shall briefly describe

"I have nerzonally maintained the beacon equin-

ment for some years, since the Carneryon Amaleus Radio Club exists now only on paper in early 1986. the operation of the OTC Satellite Earth Station, where I am employed, will cause for all practical purposes, and employees will be franzierred to other atations.

"As the number of active amateurs in Carnaryon is extremely low, it would be very difficult to engage the services of a beacon custodian.

'In November 1984, the Carnaryon Shire Council advised that as Council-provided accommodation was at a premium. They had no atternative but to utilise the room in which the beacons were located, for another local organisation. The Council had allowed the operation of the bascons on their premises 'prais' so i screed to the equipment's removal.

"On Boxing Day, the beacons were de-powered, in preparation for removal. Not wishing to see the beacons 'die an un-natural death'. I made enquiries to determine whether any other amateur clubs in the north-west would be inferested in operating beacons. John VKSAFA, of the North West Radio Society. indicated their interest, and arrangements were made for members passing through Carnaryon to pick up the equipment On 14th January, Graham VK6KAE, on route from Porth back to the Pilbara, dropped in. and the equipment was soon after uplifted for delivery to the NWRS.

"I realise many people in the south (and elsewhere) will regret the passing of VK8RTT from Carnervon, as its monitoring resulted in many contacts on 2m. 6m and 70cm. However there is not much to be gained when so many people, reporting VK6RTT signals from far sheld are unaware of the fact that no-one is available at the other end of the circuit, to provide two-way communications. With this in mind, the relocation of VK8RTT will open up new possibilities for propagation experimentation, with at least a few emeteurs at both ends of the path

"Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to thenk all those who reported the reception of VK6RTT beecon signals over the years, and also to those amateurs with which I personally made contact, as a result of the beacon mon-toring. The path between the Pilbara and down south will be a lot more difficult fo work, but that a part of the fun of VHF!

Thankyou for the information Andy, and as representing those people who have been on the receiving end of the VK6RTT signals may I thank you for your efforts in the past to provide a medium which obviously has assisted so many to make contacts on the VHF bands. We wish you well wherever you may firish up, and hope to hear you on the VHF bands from time to time Incidental v. Andy reported six metres was relatively

quiet during 1984, with December providing the only Es contacts to VK2 3 5, 6, 7 plus one ZL

#### CLOSURE oust before closing may I suggest you be vigilant at

least on six metres during March and April as there may st II be a few long distance contacts available. particularly out across the Pac fic.

Closing with the thought for the month. "You can get frict on for nothing - harmony costs courage and self control "

73 The Voice in the Hills AB

## Wicen heavy

### WICEN VK3 ATTENDS "DISPLAN" DISASTER MANAGEMENT SEMINAR AT CROYDON

The format of the seminar was to pose four disaster scenarios over the two days and to solit into syndicate groups to discuss how each part of the scenario ould be handled by all combating authorities The disasters ranged from a rail car carrying LP oas

exploding to bush fires and car accidents and chemical spills with toxic gas release

Groups attending include: Victorian Police, CFA. SES, Forestry Commission, Red Cross, Public Works, Road Construction Authority, Metropolitan Fire Brigade, MMBW, St John Ambulance, SECV, Community Welfare Services, and a number of shire and council officials. Police Superintendent. Don Bossen convened the

sessions and the overall conduct of the seminar was by Inspector Bruce Bingham.

Some films were used to graphically illustrate disester situations. The most horrific one was probably the scene of devastation caused by a "BLEVE" which is the term for a LP gas cylinder which has 'cone-up' We were told that one of these large rail car tanks are highly dangerous at over 304.6 metres! So the name of the game is to evacuate the area. With chemical spills the same procedure is also the best action

One scenario included total loss of roads, bridges power and phones. This one caused considerable discussion as can be imagined! WICEN was asked to but its views on a number of occasions and if was obvious that most of those attending were knowledgeable of WICEN and had a high regard for the role that radio amateurs could play under such circumstances

At the end of the two days, I was asked to brief the meeting on WICEN's role and so I concentrated on

1 we are a large force of volunteer operators 2 we can provide emergency radio links lawly quickly

3 we have access to our own network of VHF and LIHE repeaters 4 we can provide UHF and VHF mobile-portable

stations 5 we also can establish HF radio links for short and longer range communications 8 we have operators trained in message-handling and efficient procedures

#### DO WE LIVE UP TO ALL OF THESE ATTRIBUTES?

Not always, but we aim for them and more, don't What are we doing about it in VK3? Well, we are embarking on a series of training programmes in the

One was conducted at Pakenham in May 1984 There were sessions on message-handling procedures, how to set up a station easily in the field, and practical message-handling exercises using 2 metre hand-held sets

The programme was highly successful and all those attending learned a lot from the experience



### THE ROYAL WE

I know you have to be rich to afford radio amateur equipment these days, but how is it so many amateurs are rich enough to have a staff to run their station? An attempt was made to produce a videotane on

the spot but due to microphone problems it was not considered successful A decision was then made to assess the fessibility

of producing at least four training tapes as it was felt that all regions could use them when conducting training sessions The proposed format was to design each tape for a

playing time of about 10 minutes and to have a response sheet afterwards to recen the key points and to promote discussions. This project has now become a "financial planning" issue to be addressed ID 1085 SOME THOUGHTS WHICH STEM FROM

#### THE MAY EXERCISE. THE OCTORER DISPLAN SEMINAR AND OTHER DISCUSSIONS:

Should WICEN have more portable repeaters for quick deployment when needed? W/CEN should have a central control location from

which stations and operators can be co-ordinated (Phones and other links can then be established with least chaos under pressure! Operators need training in efficient message handling

WICEN needs to define its most important user groups and establish close links with them on a personal basis WICEN stations need to be set up at such pieces as

St John's HO. Red Cross HO We need battery back-up at repeaters as 240 V power can often tail in disasters

Key WICEN personnel need a clear chain of command and relief staff to cope with prolonged disasters such as Ash Wednesday

Should WICEN have scanner receivers to allow it to monitor other services traffic WICEN can encourage general community awareness of what to do in case of ememency - one good

way is to get involved with groups who need communications such as the Alpine rally, bike rides. car railies, welkethons etc. These all provide us with training experiences in establishing portable stations and operating them. As well we get message processing practice and in the process build-up good public reletionel

WICEN should have a plesticised cerd (or cerds) to give each operator for quick reference on such things as, frequencies, prowords, phonetics etc. Should we identify with abbreviated callsigns? eq "WICEN Warburton calling WICEN SES." This would

reduce the length of callsigns and identifies you by ACTUAL location. Then there is NO error in your location! There is a precedent in this procedure. I am told that the Fire Brigade is permitted this type of procedure In conclusion I guess we could use the scouts

motto - BE PREPARED

Contributed by Graeme Scott VK3ZR WICEN (Victoria) Region 13 Co-ordinato

Clearly they have a staff of technicians as they refer to themselves in the plural "we" "We have a tribender Yagi, and our rig is a Fox Tango 107. We should be happy to QSL via the bureau

The other possibility is that they are royals and thus have a legitimate right to the use of the plural. But how can I tell whether to say "73 to a I of you" or "73 your Majesty"?

Contributed by Sidney Bockner, VK5VN/G2DHi

Page 48 - AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985

## EASTERN COMMUNICATION CENTRI

168 ELGAR ROAD, BOX HILL SOUTH, 3128 Phone enquiries: 288 3107 CONTACT Keith VK3ACE or Dovid VK3UD HOURS: Mon.-Fri. 9-5:30 Snr. 9-12 BANKCARD WELCOMF OR WE CAN ARRANGE FINANCE



COMMUNICATIONS, ELECTRONICS AND COMPUTERS





## HAMPACK III MODEM

Turn your APPLE II & IIE or compatible computer into a communications terminal. Send and receive Morse code. RTTY and ASCII at any speed from APPLE peripheral slot. Complete with software and instruction manual. FEATURES ARE

- \* Brag statements \* Auto CQ. ID QTH etc etc.
- \* Many other features too numerous to mention here
  - 2125-2295 Hz + 1300-2100 Hz (1200-2400) opi

### COMPUTERS & ACCESSORIES IBM COMPATIBLE COMPUTERS

Apple Compatible Computers Vectorio 64Z Vectorio 64ZS Do'Lingo 128k Parallel & RS232 outlets RGB & PalColour

Disc drive printers. Green screen monitors plus most Apple peripheral cards and accessories.

KENWOOD TR 2600A

## AOR AR2001 SCANNER



WORLD'S FIRST CONTINUOUS COVERAGE THREE MODE COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER & SCANNER

- 25 550 MHz Continuous NBFM — For
- ommunications • WBFM - For BC8TV
- AM for Air Band
   20 CH Memory
   Clock-Priority CH



\* 10k receive buffer

\* 10k transmit buffer

\* Save buffers to disk \* Retrieve text from disk

TS-711A

a m All mode Transceiver



KENWOOD

TS-4308 HF TRANSCEIVER

### WE SERVICE WHAT WE SELL -

In our fully equipped service department we cater for micro computers, amateur radio equipment, CBs (HF and UHF) Service contracts to trade also.

Car sound components, hand tools, altronic distributors, extensive range of second-hand radios, computers and test equipment.



## LISTENING AROUND

Joe Baker, VK2BJX Box 2121, Mildura, Vic 3500

It's late afternoon Sunday 11 November 1984 (Remembrance Day) and earlier, by invitation, I was at the annual break-up of the Buronga Sunday Schoo, where my special job was to run one of my sugnt films called "The Three Musketeers" it's a job that I take special delight in doing every year as the Burongs Sunday School kindergarten kids, are a wonderful of Their teacher is Mrs Cox. They had been awart ng my arrivat, and as soon as I got there. I was ushered into a classroom and had my Bolex Pall and 18-5 connected up and operative in a fairly short time. And while I was preparing the machine Mrs Cox and her assistants tuned the kids up by getting them to sing "We Wish You a Merry Christmas" and other seasons songs

The E eventh Hour of the Eleventh Month came and went without any significance for the kids, and I must confess that I forgot about it also, yet later when I did remember my mind went back to other places and other years where I have been when Remembrance

Day came around In other years, when doing this show for the kids I ve usually brought a ong a comedy, for no matter how corny these old atlents are, they always gel some really good laughs from the kids. One of the most popular has been one, originally made somewhere about 1928 by Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy called the Christmas "ree." In this low budget slapstick film, Laurel and Hardy decide to make some Christmas cash by becoming door-to-door salesmen selling Christmas trees from the rold slopy. One customer proves to be a bald man who refuses to buy their trees. so they sou if him with a hose (the kids love seeing that bald-headed man getting a "right dousing"). thereupon he chases them out on the road and proceeds to dismember their lalopy while a sleepy headed local policeman tooks on

Not to be outdone saurel and Hardy then proceed to chop his house down with the local constabulary watching with puzzled amazement, it was only a 15 minute film, and its final scene shows a local bobby chasing everyone into a distant horizon. Why don't they make films like that now? We could do with a few Mack Sennett comedies particularly when what we see on the 7 o clock news is all bad Now 've side-tracked myse f - let's get back to the

original thems -- Remembrance Day Remembrance Day and Sundays at Pine Creek in the Northern Territory during World War Two was not much different to any other day We were surrounded at all times with everything

that seemed to be painted khaki in color, with rarely 8 civilian in sight, except for the periodic visit of an area chaptern such as the Catholic priest who occasionally said Mass at Pine Creek. His parish extended from Darwin almost as far south as Katherine. I can remember attending Mass at Pine Creek in the small tent that had been provided for the chaptain. His after was his bed on which he had placed a suitcase, with the chalice and Bible on top. His audience consisted of two soldiers - myself and another and a bicycle bell was used at the Consecration. When the padre was not able to be present, a Corporal held a Bible reading class and all of us - irrespective of religion

The monotony of life in the Territory during wartime is something that would be difficult for anyone to appreciate, so when it came time for a soldier to go on leave, it was tooked forward to months in advance. In wartime, it was said that the only way you could get out of the army was to die, for there was no other way out So the next best thing was not to turn your nose up at a spot of leave

There was this night when I was on duly at the switchboard, when a liroop train carrying some hundreds trundled through Pine Creek station on its way south. Heavy rain was falling, and I didn't take much notice of the train with all those lucky fellows on their way to freedom. The train, trundled through and efter it was gone - I went back to sleep in front of the switchboard, dreaming that perhaps one day I might be on that train also

Several hours passed and about midnight I was awakened again by the sound of a train grinding to a halt. Soon an officer presented himself at the signal office, saving that he was the officer in charge of that train. It was the same train that had passed through some hours earlier. It appears that the train had gone on gsal Pine, to the Ferguson River. On reaching there it was discovered that the river was in flood and the railway bridge impassible. As the line, was a single-track, the train had shunted all the way back to Pine Creek. The officer said that he wanted his troops billeted at Pine Creek, and instructed me to telephone all nearby units to see what could be arranged. The troops were still asleep in the train as it back-tracked to Pine Creek, yet the officer awakened them all requiring them to awake from their peaceful sleep and disembark in the drenching rain so that they could be quartered a sewhere

The local Area Officer was anything but pleased at this situation, which required the troops from the train to be marched in the dead of night to wherever accommodation could be found for them. Many of them dossed down on whatever floor space was available at the Signal Office as we had no extra beds. Within a few days food supplies in the units that had extended hospital ty to the visitors began to run out

and there was much discontent in the area The empty train remained at the Pine Creek station for almost a week, while our lineamen, using rallway trollies, did periodic foravs down towards the Ferguson river to see how the flood position was Eventually one day all nesman climbed a pole and cut in on a circuit to Pine Creek, to ask me to tell the officer in charge that the bridge over the Ferguson was now safe for the train to cross

Did I tell you about the way I used to do a daily check of the phone lines outgoing from Pine Creek? Well it was a routine every morning that the switchboard operator on duty check all 30 lines at 9 am Adetaide River Time, I say Adetaide River Time because we used to have to obtain a daily time check from 17 lines of Communication HO at the River and very often the time as given by them did not colnoide with the time alghals from Radio Australia It was obligatory when doing the daily check, for me to give the Adelaide River time check to the units on the other end of the line, yet I was conscious that Adelaide River Time (official military time) was not a ways right. So I used to solve the problem by saying something like this "The time by Radio Australia is XYZ by Adelaide River time is ZYX" and let them take the r pick

That's all for this time -'ve got one or two more stones about my adventures in the Northern Territory and later there will be much about what happened when I was on Morntel Island in what was then the Netherlands East Indies (now Indonesia) Thanks for all your encouraging remarks, and for those ( haven't yet spoken to - I'm usually on every night round about midnight on or near the Cocktell Net on 3.584 MH

AR

AB

### TONO PRODUCTS The name TONO is well known to radio amateurs amateur station

all over the world Their latest products, the O 5000E and the 9100. are new additions which would be an asset to any

To mention a few of the 5000E features. AMTOR-mode. Offering error free communication

Selca

Pre-load function Automatic CR/LF

Word wrap around "Echa"-function

Morse code practice function Morse code random generator

The last two items are particularly suitable for Morse code classes and individual learners The 9100E keyboard and terminal unit with AMTOR offers the most up-to-date computer technology allowing complete automatic send/receive of Morse code, RTTY (Baudot and ASCII) and AMTOR (ARQ and FEC

The unit can be used as a CRT terminal with RS232C serial interface and can handle up to 9800 Beards in sand/renaive

Using a light pen, graph c patterns can be drawn on the screen and easily sont

Emironics, at 94 Wentworth Avenue, Sydney have these units in stock and will only be too pleased to supply you with further details. Entron as phone number (02) 211 0988

**NEW NAME** 

As of 1st January 1985 the Headquarters of the RSGB will be known as Lambda House Prior to this it was Alma House





Colin Hurst VK5HI 8 Arndell Road Salisbury Park SA 5109

NATIONAL CO-ORDINATOR

INFORMATION NETS AMSAT AUSTRALIA Control VXSAGR

Amateur Chackin, 0945 UTC Sunday Bulletin Commences 1000 UTC Woder 3,680 MHz Summer, 7,064 MHz AMSAT PACIFIC AMSAT SW PACIFIC

Control JAZANG Control WECG 1100 UTC Sunday 2200 UTC Seturds 21.280:28.678 MHz Participating stations and usteners are able to obtain basic

orbits data including Keplerian elements from the AMSAT Austreta net. This information is also included in some WIA Divisional Broadcasts.

OSC	AR-	10 A	POGE	ES					N	IAR	CH 1	984	
					SATE	LLITE		BEAM HEADIN			NES		
	_			APOSEE	CO-089	NATES	SYD	REY	ADEL	AIDE	PER	HTR	
DATE		BAY	GRBIT #	DTU ER:MMKH	LAT BEB	DEG	AZ Deg	EL	AZ UEG		AZ OES		
MARCH		60	1291	2155.41	3	165			67	15	81	-2	
	2	61	1293	2114.45		155	65		73	9			
	3	62	1295	2033:49	3	146	71	12	79	1			
	4	63	1296	0813:21	1 3	321					200	0	
		63	1297	1952-53	3	137	77	4				١.	
	5	64	1298	0732 24	3	312					285	8	
	8	65	1300	0651 29	3	303				١.	291	16	
	7	88	1302	0610:33	3	293			283	12	297 305	33	
	8	67	1304	0529.37	3	284	281	10	299	20	305	35	
	9	68	1306	0448:41 0407.45	3	275	286	12	383	27	326	44	
	11	69 70	1310	0326:49	2	256	300	25	312	38	340	48	
	12	70	1310	0245 53	2	246		1 32	322		356	50	
	13	72	1314	0204 57	2	207	318	38	335		12	50	
	14	73	1316	0124-01	2	228	330	44	349	47	28	47	
	5	74	13.8	0043 05	2	218	344	47	5	47	47	10	
	16	75	1320	0002 09	2	209	359	48	20	46	51	35	
		75	1322	2322:39	2	200	15	48	34	10	60	29	
	17	76	1324	2241 43	2	191	30	34	45	37	67	21	
	18	77	1326	2200 48	1	181	42	39	55	30	74	13	
	19	78	1328	2119.52	1	172	52	33	63	23	79	5	
	20	79	1330	2038:56	1	163	61	26	70	16	85	1 2	
	21	an	1332	1958 00	1 i	153	68	19	76	8		1 ~	
	22	81	1334	1917-03	1 5	164	75	111	82	Ιĩ			
	23	82	1335	0656 35	1 1	319		1	1 ~	1.	279	3	
		82	1336	1836:08	1 2	134	80	i a				1	
	28	83	1337	0615.40	1	310		1	į .		284	11	
	25	84	1339	0534 44	1	300	i		277	-0	290	19	
	26	85	1341	0453 48	1	291	275	ĺз	282	8	297	27	
	27	86	1343	0412.52	0	282	288	5	288	15	305	35	
	28	87	1345	0331 56	0	272	286	13	295	1 23	315	42	
	29	88	1347	0251 00	0	263	292	21	303	30	327	47	
	30	89	1349	8210 64	0	254	299	28	312	37	342	51	
	31	90	35	9129 [8	-0	244	308	35	323	43	360	53	
APR I	1	91	353	0048 2	.0	235	319	12	337	47	17	52	
	2	92	355	0007 16	0	226	331	47	353	50	32	48	
		92	357	2126 20	- 0	216	342	50	9	50	45	42	
	3	93	359	2245.24	0	207	3	51	25	47	56	36	
	4	94	1351	2204 28	1	198	20	49	38	43	64	28	
	5	95	1353	2123 32	1	188	34	45	49	37	71	21	
	6	95	1355	2042 3"	1	179	47	40	59	39	77	13	
	7	97	136	2001 40		1.0	56	33	6;	23	82	5	
	8	98	369	1920 44	1	160	85	26	.3	15	1		
	9	39	13 1	1839.48	1	151	2	18	60	8			
	10	0.1	3.2	0619.70		326					273	1	
		00	3*3	1,758 52	1	142	78	11	85	0		Ι.	
	5.5	10	13 4	0538 25	1	317		1			278	7	
		101	1375	1717:57	-2	132	84	3	1				
	15	0.5	376	045 29	1.	397		i			284	15	
	13	103	1378	0416 33	1 5	298			276	3	290	23	
	14	104	380	0337 83	1 2	289	274	1	385	111	296	31	

### PCB TRANSFORMERS



5/7 & 7.5/10VA

12/15VA

. Manufactured to AS3126 and Telecom approved

### . Suit standard PCB grids and simplify construction POWER TRANSFORMERS



- . Wide range of secondary voltages from 15V to 115V
- . Stock range has ratings up to 1000VA
- . Special types for microprocessors 115V etc.

## AUDIO TRANSFORMERS





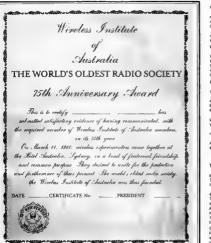
or 600ohm matching transformer

- . Line and Matching transformers up to 150W
- · Power transformers for high power amplifiers
- Transistor drivers . Special C' core transformers Ask for MAL VK2BMS or DOUG VK2BPX

TALK TO FERGUSON - THE AUSTRALIAN COMPANY WITH NEARLY 50 YEARS EXPERIENCE OF MANUFACTURING

IN AUSTRALIA FOR AUSTRALIAN CONDITIONS Ferguson Transformers Pty Ltd. 331 High Street CHATSWOOD 2067 Tel: (02) 407 0261 Telex. AA25728. Melbourne (03) 328 2843





#### ANNOUNCING THE WIA 75 AWARD

A special award certificate has been struck to mark the 75th anniversary of Australia's and the world's oldest national radio society Called the WIA 75 Award it will be sought after by

both award chasers and those who have not gone in for awards previously

The handsome award certificate features a sepia background depicting a radio amateur during the pioneer days of our hobby taken from an actual historic photograph of the late Max Howden VK3BQ

in the early 1920s The cert ficate citation encapsulates the scene, desires and aims of those wire ess experimenters who met at the Australia Hotel, Sydney, on 10 March 1905

Nearly two years planning has gone into the award including input from award chasers and DXers aimed at making it a success. The rules (detailed below) were basically the idea of Gray Taylor VK3JQ/VK4OH - and his daughter Gray-een Taylor used the award artwork as her

school art studies assignment. The W A Victorian Division took on the task of

developing and conducting the award - printing of

the certificate has been paid for federally At the 1984 WIA Federal Convention a motion proposed by the Victoria Division which spelt out the award's concept was passed unanimously

142123

To qualify, radio emateurs (and shortwave listeners) need to contact (log) 75 WIA members during the period 1 March-31 December 1985

A contact will only be valid if the WIA membership number is logged. The membership number carr either be the one on your WIA membership certificate or the special number appearing for the first time this month on Amateur Radio magazine address labels.

MR W.M. RICE 54 MAIDSTONE STREET ALTONA VIC 3018 F 3 00 1 00 VK3ABP

All WIA stations, VK1WI VK2AWI, VK3BWI. VK4WIA, etc, will use 75 as the membership number No more than 30 WIA members may be logged in any one callsign area by radio amateurs permitted to use HF bands and shortwave listeners this restriction does not apply to Limited Licensees

Contacts can be made through repeaters, and this is encouraged to enable maximum participation in the

A log extract of the required contacts and \$2 should

WIA 75 Award Wireless Institute of Australia

412 Brunswick Street. Fitzroy, Vic 3065. Australia

PARTICIPATION: Duration of the award is 10 months which should be

more than adequate for anyone to qualify Every member no matter where they live can actively support the WIA In its anniversary year by being ready to give their membership number over

Exchange your number during rout ne contacts or put out a special cell "CO CO CO WIA 75" to indicate

you're looking for WIA membership numbers Some WIA members intend to chase numbers on nets and during/after divisional broadcast calibacks This is an international award available to all radio amateurs and SWLs - ment on the WiA 75 Award

and its rules during your DX contacts Convibuted by Jim Linton VK3PC

THE QUEENSLAND GOLDEN ATV AWARD This award is introduced to commemorate 50 years of experimental television in Queens and and is for 70 cm contacts made using fast scan, high definition television systems only

Successful applicants will receive a certificate awarded by the South East Queens and Amateur Television Group for the accrual of 50 points according to rules.

Award Year: This award shall be available for contacts made between 1 January 1985 and 31 December 1985. No contact points will be considered outside of Contacts: A station may be worked once only per day

for the purpose of this award. However the same station may be worked many times. Contacts throu repeaters or on other than 70 cm do not count. To encourage portable activity, one contact among those claimed must exceed 50 km Sections. This award is available to both transmitting

and receiving enthusiasts in any part of the world as (a) Transmitting For 70cm pictures transmitted which

have been successfully identified by another station, claim five points. When the transmission path exceeds 50 km, count ten points instead

(b) Receiving For successfully identifying and reporting 70 cm pictures transmitted by another station claim points as for transmitting

Applications: Apol cations for this award should include log details consisting of claimant's call sign call sign and location of station worked (including distance) date and time, points c aimed and -RC's or \$1.00 to ass at with tube postage.

A claim form is available from the SEQATV Group but is not essential provided details as requested above

QSL cards are not required, but the app cation should be checked and signed by another amateu Applications should be made to. The Awards Manager. South East Queensland Amateur Television Group, Post Office Box 3, Chermaide. Old. 4032 Australia.





## RON WILKINSON **ACHIEVEMENT AWARD**

There were two nominations this year from the VK2 and VK3 Div

The Executive decided that the award should be given to LYLE PATISON VICALY.

For well over a decade Lyle has been the driving force behind the filanears Ameteur Radio Society's Moonbounce Group Lye's achievements in the Moonbounce area of our hobby, represents and exemptifies the spirit of achical investigation associated with the late Ron Wilkinson.

The Executive, in making this award, are recognising the high standards set by Lyle.

#### GEELONG "CITY BY THE BAY AWARD" The Geelong Radio and Electronic Society is start

ing an award and hope this effort will be a real success both for the Geelong Club and for amateur radio

The name will be "CITY BY THE BAY AWARD" and will be on a bronze background, the idea behind this is, that there may be a silver award and a gold award sometime in the future CITY BY THE BAY is the slogan for the City of Geelong, with a logo and the necessary permission in writing from the Geelong Regional Commission to use the heading and the logo has been received.

The Geelong Radio and Electronic Society has been going for 21 years, as a teaching club for candidates for the DOC exams. There are also special Interest groups to cover RTTY and computers

#### BIH CC-

SWL Stetions require

Points will be awarded as follows Contact with club station VK3ANR Contact with club members (mobile) Contact with club members (fixed station)

Number of points needed to gain the award Club members require 20 points Non club members require 15 points Overseas station require 10 paints

The award will be worked on all amateur frequencies and include, CW, RTTY, ATV and SSTV. A combination of different modes will be accepted. Each award station can only be logged once. Amateur stations seeking this award, should submit

a copy of their log entry to have their contacts confirmed

SWL stations who wish to pain points towards this award must maintain a record in log form of contacts that they have monitored between the emaleur station seeking the award and the club member or club

Points will only be awarded to SWL stations which monitor smatteur stations actually seaking this award and not ordinary communications between olub

The cost of the award will be \$3.00.

All awards are numbered and the award will finish with the issue of number 500.

Contributed by Roy Whiteside Awards Manage Geelong RES

5 points

2 points

1 point

6 points



AB



## CONTESTS



#### CONTEST CALENDAR MARCH

2-3 ARRL DX Phone Contest

9-10 Commonwealth Contest (rules February) 9-10 QCWA Phone QSO Party

10 WIA 75th Anniversery CW Contest (rules February) 16-17 YL-ISSB CW QSO Party 16 17 Bermude Contest

23-25 BARTG Spring RTTY Contest 30-31 CO WW WPX SSB Contest

#### No firm dates or rutes for contests to hand for this

month. It's anticipated that the Polish CW Contest will be held on the weekend of 6th April and the Phone Section later in the month I note from last years calendar that the DX YL North America phone and CW contests were also held in

#### Anni MATE

28-29 CLARA AC/DC Mystery Contest (rules February)

It's also anticipated that the CQ WW WPX CW contest will be held probably on the weekend of 25th May

#### RULES FOR ARRL DX CONTEST

unfortunately I do not have to hand a copy of the rules produced by the ARRL for this contest, however would like to quote to you from the column produced for CQ magazine by Frank Anzalone W WY Incidentally Frankia most heipful each month as he regularly sends a copy of information contained in his column and I hereby acknowledge his assistance in this

The CW Section of the contest will have been run before you read this and the Phone Section is as listed n the above calendar. Frank writes. "Rules are the same as last year. However, I strongly recommand that you study the announcement in the December

saue of OST for more details "All bands may be used 1 8 thru 28 MHz but not 10 MHz Aeronautical or maritime mobile stations cannot be worked for contest credit. Following is a brief

\*Calegories. Single operator, both single and all band Multi-operator, one transmitter and two transmitters. Also multi-operator, multi-transmitter. ORP all band only. Multi one and two transmitter stations must remain on a hand at least 10 minutes once a contact is made. Multi-transmitter stations no limit. but only one signal per band

\*Exchange RS(T) and state or province for W/VE RS(T) and power input for DX stations. (Three digit number I

"Multiplier Each DXCC country worked on each band for W VEs. DX stations use US States (48) and VE districts VE18, plus VO for their multiplier (9).

(Maximum multiplier of 57 per band., "QSO Points. WrVE stations earn three points for each DX contact DX get three points for each W/VE

Final Score Total OSO points times the sum of the multiplier from each band. Entries with 500 or more QSOs must include QSO Check Sheet "Awards. Certificates given in each category, in each country, and in each ARRL section, plus a wide selection of piagues. Also certificates to DX stations

\*Disquatification regulations will be strictly enforced and are tisted in the official rules. Logs are to be mailed to ARPL DX Contest 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111

#### YL ISSBers QSO PARTY

making over 500 QSOs.

contact

### In this case the phone section will have been held

last month, so for those interested in the CW Section here are the details also from Frank's WIWY column. "CW on 16 17 March. G001UTC Seturday to 2359UTC Sunday Rules are quite lengthy. Therefore

I suggest you send and SASE to KORDJ for a detailed copy. The party is open to all, but the emphasis is on membership perfectation "The same station may be contacted on each band

for QSO points, but it counts only once as a multiplier You are required to take two rest periods of 6 hours each during the 48 hour contest period.

"Exchange, Name RS(T), SSBers Number, US State, VE Province, country and DX/WK partner, (non nbers send no number) "Categories Single operator, DX/WK partners and

OM/YL teams. "Points. Three points for each member contacted on own continent, six points if on a different continent

Non-member QSOs count only one point "Multiplier Only member stations count as a multiplier. One for each of the following both DX/WK partners worked, each US State, VE Province and DX country worked. Two when DX/WK pertners work each other and two if your DC power input is 250 watte or less

"Frequencies: Use the general class portions of the US bands for both phone and CW On 20 metres avoid the net frequencies on 14.313, 14.332 and 14.336 MHz. Check 40 and 80 metres on the hour, VHF and UHF may also be used, but simplex only

"Awards. Special certificates to the overall winners in each category. Regular certificates to the winners in each US State, VE Province and DX country "Logs should be set up as outlined in the "Exchange"

section above. They go to Rick and Minnie Conn KORD and NAOV, Star Route No 1, Crocker MO. 65452 USA."

#### **BARTG SPRING RTTY CONTEST 1985**

The rules for this contest have been forwarded to me by Peter Adams G8LZB who is the BARTG Contests Manager Peter writes also regarding RTTY contests. "At the moment I am preparing my 'RTTY Contest Calendar' for next year, but in order to omplete this, I need to know the dates of the major RTTY Consess

"It would be very much appreciated if you could let me know, as soon as possible the dete(s) of any RTTY contests sponsored by your organisation during the coming year

"For the moment I rust need the title of the contest together with the date(a). Further details and information will be needed later on so that BARTG can give the events as much publicity as possible in our quarterly megazine DATACOM and also via the regular RTTY news - GB2ATG.

"I thank you for your help in this matter and look forward to hearing from you in the near future. In the meantime I close with best wishes to you and the members of your group.

Well, it so happens that whilst the WIA does not directly sponsor any RTTY contests there are at least a couple of HTTY groups operating within Australia. Therefore, if they have not already provided their information to the BARTG as requested above they may wish on the basis of this detail to do so. Any such information may be sent to Peter at the address shown for contest look as listed in the following rules

#### RULES FOR BARTG RTTY CONTEST (As per copy supplied direct from BARTG) WHEN 6200 UTC Saturday 23rd March until 0200

UTC Monday 25th Merch 1985. The total contest period is 48 hours but not more than 30 hours of operation is permitted. Time spent as listening periods counts as operating time. The 16 hours of non

### FEDERAL CONTEST MANAGER

Ian Hunt VK5OX

P 0 Box 1234, GPO, Aderaide, SA 5001

operating time can be taken at any time during the contest period, but off periods may not be less than 3 hours at a time. Times Of the air must be summarised. on the summary sheet There will be separate calegories for single

operator Multi operator and short wave istener stations PANDS 35, 70, 140, 210 and 28MHz amateur hands

STATIONS - Stat one may not be contacted more than once on any one band but additional contacts may be made with the same stat on its different band

COUNTRIES - The ARR. DX CO. NTRIES LIST WIL be used, and in addition each W/K, VE/VO and VK call area will be counted as a separate country NOTE W/K, VE-VO and VK count once each only for QCA purposes MESSAGES - Messages will consist of

(a) Time UTC. This must consist of a full four figure group and the use of the expression "same" or "same (b) RST and Message number. The number must consist of a three figure group and start with 001 for the first contact made

POINTS - Points can be dis med as follows (a) ALL two-way PTTY contacts with other stations within one's own country will earn TWO points. (b) ALL two-way RTTY contacts with other stations outside one's own country will earn TEN points

(c) ALL stations can claim a BONUS of 200 points for each country worked, including their own. Note that any one country may be counted again if worked on a different band but continents are counted once only. NOTE Proof of contact will be required in cases where the station worked does not appear in any other contest lop received or the station worked does not submit a check log.

Spering - (a) TWO-WAY contact points times the total of countries worked (b) TOTAL country points times 200 times

the number of continents worked (Max 6) (c) Add (e, and (b) together to obtain the final score

LOG AND SCORE SHEETS: Use a separate sheet for each band and indicate all times on the air Logs to contain Date Time LTC. Calls gn of each station worked, RST and message number sent. Time, RST and message number received and the points a simed NOTE Logs received from short wave listaners must contain cell sign of station heard, report sent by that station and call sign of the station being worked. ALL LOGS MUST BE RECEIVED BY 31ST MAY 1985 IN ORDER TO QUALIFY

Send your contest or check og to PETER ADAMS GBLZB 484 WH FFENDELL ROAD, WATFORD HERTS, ENGLAND WD1 7P7 If you are one of those readers who take note of just

what is mentioned in this column, and not just scan it through quickly you will have gathered that I seem to be slightly perturbed at the very poor quality of logs which I am receiving for contests. At this stage I would like to retail to you a true story about one occurrence since I began the task of Contest Manager use this story as an example only of the type of thing which happens and which is in some ways somewhat disheartening when one tries to do their ght thing by a contest entrant and with proper motives for the benefit of all other contesters After the Remembrance Day Contest in August

1984 I began to receive logs for that contest. Amongst the logs received early was one the callsign and name for which will always remain pronymous, which did not measure up in a number of ways to what was required and laid down in the rules. I then sought to 'kill two birds with one stone' and wrote the entrants a titler which was worded as follows: "Der". I i received your Remembrance Day Contest log in the mail today! I am however resturing it to you for the reasons explained below I wish to explain to you that under the rules of the contest your log in its probatom is unacceptable and would be direquished." The rules for the contest appeared in the July save

of Amateur Radio magazine with corrections to mataxes contained in an insert to the August issue. (I would hasten to point out that I have only just stapped into the post of Federal Contest Menager.) The sections of the rules with which your log is not

in compliance are however quite clear.

"Rule 9. Cyphers. The serval number will consist of THREE ligures that will be incremented by one for each successive contact, etc. in other words no RS(T) fluxes, should be inclead. You have in first land.

seen successive context, etc. In citize words no risk 17 figures should be added. You have in fact listed YK5QX in two places in your log and claimed that he provided you with 5 figure sarral numbers, I can seave you that this was not the case. The same applies to your listing of contacts with YK and YK.

"This may appear to be a minor point, and I agree that it is, however a couple of principles apply here. Firstly if I wish to be pedentic I could simply say that the rules as written should be complied with, (and that also is probably a fair enough requirement) however secondly, and more pointedly I would say that the addition of the extra figures printed amongst a mass of figures simply complicates the issue and makes it somewhat harder when it comes to cross checking of the logs entered for the contest. I will also admit that i heard a number of stations using 5 figure serial numbers, so I guess that I can expect other offenders in this regard. You may well have also used the example Tx log shown in the July issue. This example was definitely incorrect, both as pointed out in the insert referred to and as can be observed by reading the rules. "Aule 13. ALL LOGS shall be set out as in the

"Rule 13. ALL LOGS shall be set out as in the example shown and, in addition, MLST CARRY A FRONT SHEET showing the following information in this order. Section, score, calleign, mode, name address and page tally Declaration." I hereby certify that i have operated in accordance with the rules and spirit of the contest." Signed. Dated.

"It is marnly with respect to the statter rule that your flog does not conform and I meiting that with his information specified out so clearly in the rules it should reasonably be expected that people stable by same Further, you claim if i contacts on the \$50 mode and than a pointer score of \$0.35 point. How you obtain that a carnot imagene as the rules quiet clearly indicate that seek consist on the rule of seek produce that the contact on this mode a worth Otto." The rule of the

you're west the very first log which I opened and fooked at. It is in it is basic form see and nicy and probably in a humber of ways superior to quite a humber of lag which sind anocument when I opening other entres. I had decided though to write to you dood you are not a compiled. I decided though to write to you had not compiled a discussed the matter with a which is write the matter with a which I have formed and they agreed itself oil that your log could be ruised intelled, and one member and properties of the training of the compiled that of all that the country of the country of

Now I wish to entiat your co-operation, having seemingly been somewhat hard on you to this point with some criticism implied.

You can imagine that as the new Federal Consist Managar if on year lot page with he hard to unlied to enrichts: i might also point out though, that if everybody or even a few proportion of enternal felt to observe the rules, particularly with respect to their log entres. I can make the Contest Managers job so much more difficult.

I would thus request that you compiles the neces-

any extra paperwork for your entry correct the log as necessary and return it to me so that I can accept it as a valid entry.

I would then propose that I publish a copy of this letter to you with any item which would lend to identify you removed from the context in Amateur

Radio megazine. This I would intend as a warning and a meens of pointing out to others that IF THEIR LOGS DO NOT COMPLY with the rules I will be quite

ruthless and disqualify such logs without further ado.
"Whilst I have smigled you out for special treatment I can assure you that I have no infention whatsoew to write to each individual who submits a log which is not according to the miles of

according to the rules.

Tamply task that those who enter contests PLEASE read through the rules properly, do liber best to understand and comply with them and ensure that their log entires are correct. This will make the job of myself and my assistants so much easiev Yours.

faithfully etc. "PS: I realise that I am not aware of your personal attuation and that such coold perhaps have some bearing on the above situation. So please don't think me loor rude in taking this action. I have elso made a copy of your log as so far provided by you." I did receive a moyth row letter, however the person.

concerned apparently did not properly recogness my mortives in writing to him and did not take the opportunity offered to her and nobody sites in this opportunity offered to her and nobody sites in this way to send back a corrected for Je seemed to all bitams both myself and AR for the mustakes which were originally made in the publication of the rules suggested that as he had not compiled with anme the best closure of action I could take set to depaulity him to go and immension that if he seer went in another logs and minimists that if he seer went in another SS, obviously one of my aims, that of offering an

So, obviously one of my alms, that of olfering an opportunity for him to correct the situation as far as had to good control for him to correct the situation as far as had to gwas concerned, was not achieved. My second and example to others was only partially successful. However ideocided that myselfor would not go entirely to waste as I could still use my letter to him as an example to entire yet to what can go on in the matter of logs. Plasse allow me just a couple more comments in the way of explanation and to make a few firing point he way of explanation and to make a few firing point.

The log submitted in this instance was apparently done with the aid of a complet. In three prefit jack understanding of the capability of computers in general altitudgl laic presile that not everybody cast stored to buy, for their own use, the most expensive units 160 see from use, the most expensive units 160 see from the flow, but have been computer generated, that there are some excel-very programmes switch produce besterful origin which we have also many which do not.

The suggestion here is that come extend the contraction of the cont

The suggestion nere is unit some entrains may not be as good all programming litter computers as are others therefore I suggest that they keep working at the problem but keep their computer generated logs until they get them right. If your computer is not up if please send ensisted a properly laid out manually produced log and just use your computer for your own duplicate contact checks etc.

My PS to the letter incidentally was due to the fact that 1 realised the possibility that the operator concerned may have had some disability unknown to me which may be the reason for his log not fitting the rules. In any case I feel that in this instance I was more than fair in my actions. I hope that by providing this story I may have been I hope that by providing this story I may have been

able to awaken on the minds of all of you who enter consists, and not just contest organised by myellor for Australian contestes but contests which are conducted and agroanced by overlases organisations, an understanding of the need for flogs submitted to be in accordance with the nules and format fail down After all. I have yet to see rules published for any contest where a log format has not been included as part of same.

good reasons otherwise why bother having any rules at all. Once again my plas, PLEASE DO READ PROPERLY the rules for all contests, make sure that you understand them thoroughly and then follow through by carrying them out to the letter

If any rules seem to you to be capable of misinterpretation by all means bring such fact to the attention of the applicable contest manager I amount that he will be most happy at your show of interest

### VK NOVICE CONTEST 1984 In this issue is contained the results of the VK

Newco Contest for 1984. I would like perincularly to makes some comments regard for ledgs submitted for this contest. We WS-RGX assisted me greatly by going through the logis in tall a yeal pointing out for a ledge and the logis in tall a yeal pointing out for a ledge areas where a number of operators had slipped up Mary of the logis in tall a year doubt lot be desired and came wery close to receiving disquar-ficultion by not adhering to the format land down in the risss. I will describe some of the problems encountered along

One log the operator will recognise my description was set out in such a complicated manner that it made it most diff cuit to check. This operator had gone to a great deal of trouble too. He had a different section of the log for each band and mode and then had split the log up further by breaking each of these sections down into separate pages for each call area. All this was done in a very next fash on too Such a log whilst perhaps well intentioned simply does not comply with the rules and although I was loath to do so I decided that I had no recourse other than to disqualify same Incidental v. this loo did not show the full RS(T) number exchange either. Another log was a moly a carbon copy, in blue, and so smudged that in some places it was all but liegible. This log was almost disqualified. Another listed times as infrequently as up to 53 minutes apart and some mixed both modes together in the one log despite the fact that the contest rules showed each mode as being a separate section in the contest. Perhaps the need for separate loos for each section must be spelled out more fully although almost everyone else seemed to have recognised this fact

At least two operators completely ignored the requirement for a front sheet containing details of the entry and the dec aration called for One station incorrectly claimed points for the contacts made totally different to the method laid down 1 find it embarrassing to have to disqualify logs but unless the rules are adhered to I have no other alternative except to do so it certainly would pay for you dibe contesters to read the rules more carefully and make sure that their log formats do agree with that laid down. As per the disqualifications for the Remembrance Day Contest and again with this contest I am virtually serving notice that if entrants do not conform to the rules their logs will be disqual fied. Those concerned this time may perhaps be able to console themselves with the thought that they are simply being made examples of without any snimosity, and perhaps are victims of a situation which has been allowed to develop over the years where contest managers seem to have been prepared to accept almost anything Again I would re-iterate my opinion that a comm standard log sheet made availab a by the WIA would go a long way to alleviating this problem It would appear to be disappointing that so few logs

st would appear to be balappointing that so rear logs were seed in a local of only 40 m Hs quite a number more did operate in the contest period schranging numbers. The number is considerably down on last years entity of 8 and 5 should this state of affairs years entity of 8 and 5 should this state of affairs onlied it is all all worth the throuble of organising. Rentage if this contest can be changed to a date such that the proposed from other contests as I have been living to ask for it may become much more popular. Only time we find

### KEITH HOWARD VKZAKX TROPHY The winner of the contest as top Novice scorer for

1864 is WSA/CD with a total score of 807 joins to 7 cell-week the score he operated consistently for somewhall in excess of 19 hours of the Iosiz 47 hours of several control of make 251 contracts. Her to be control set in excess of 19 hours of the Iosiz 47 hours of 19 h

Amateur Radio Group at Mt Gambier
One other most mentionous entry and extremely
neat and tidy was that of VKSPFG who was runner up
in the contest. He deserves a special ment on Whist

not attempting to take away anything from any of the past winners of the VK Novice Contest I would like to

brough the good builty of the same to the same to the Read no unio the rules the extent to promete the est of CW Operation as well as provide a contest basically for Novice operators if would seem to me that the trophy woner should also have to a self-s for some his have no submitted a log for both the CW and Phone rections of the contest I would not that what when several of the pos which were disallowed for this vear's contest included both CW as well as abone opport a co

### MUNICIPAL COORES NO MONICE CONTROL

PHONE/NO	VICE	CW/NOVICE	
VK2PZC VK3PFG VK3PSA	333 points 743 points 197 points	VK3PSA VK5NOD	134 points 10 points
VKSNOD VKSNMR VKSNMR VKSNLD VKSNOX VKFNAI	104 points 797 points 463 points 290 points 88 points 431 points	VK1XX VK2PS VK2DID VK3DNC VK3XB/P	73 points 79 points 53 points 96 points 60 points
PHONE/FU	LL CAUL	VK48RZ VK5AQX	88 points 82 points

PHONE/CLUB

enn -----

184 0010

Lero'h

-----

VK4WIC/P 450 ponne

.....

VKILE AMERICA MASOC WEER INTERNA MACHIN

1 EWI Grend Total 40

VK6C\*

484 points Of paints 538 points 279 noints NO PO NIS 730 points 101 points

71 1114 The following logs were disallowed for reasons duff ned above: VK2KGX, VK2VZB, VK3NLS, VK4NUN

TOTAL CONTEST SATRIES 25 phone, 12 CW (7 combined Phone/CW), 2 Club

## ELECTRONIC HOBBYIST

We carry a comprehensive range of electronic components at very keen nrices including Amidon Toroidal Cores and Reads

Recollers of Dish Smith Jines Altronics products

Stockists of: Ariec range Rerauson transformers

Amidon Ferrite heads and toroids

Univolt multimeters Extensive range of semiconductors

(inc new 74HC high speed CMOS late family Instrument onese Video leade

Wite. Multinin Connectors IC exchets and mireurans Complete range of car stereo and

accessames Specialists in UHF CR radio We also stock: % watt resistors, % watt resistors (1%), Chirnside 10m-80m

Trapped Vertical Antennes. Ian I. TRUSCOTT

FLECTRONICS Car Lacey Street and Windsor Road, Croydon. Victoria 3136

TELEPHONE (03) 723 3860



## RETTOK KOTTADIUTE

Brenda Edmonds, VK3KT FEDERAL EDUCATION OFFICER 56 Baden Powell Drive, Frankston, Vic 3199

## ATTENTION TO ALL INSTRUCTORS IN PARTICULAR

Last month I passed on a few hints to those wishing to run classes for novice or AOCP students. Many experienced instructors would be able to add cons derab y to those ideas. LET'S SWAP IDEAS

#### If its very easy to decide that one slown methods and

connices are the best if we have not considered any others. We do not often get the chance to sit in on someone else's class and see their different approaches of explaining a technical point or interpreting a section of the syllabus

#### FORTY CLASSES - NO MORE? Lhave on record the addresses of about forty clubs

or and viduals involved in some sort of radio class, and there must be many more of which I am unaware.

#### LET'S HELP NEW INSTRUCTORS TO HELP **WOULD BE AMATEURS**

t seems to me that there must be a vast store of knowledge and expensive around the countryside which could be put to good use, and which would be of great benefit to those trying to set up their first

It may be my natura faziness showing through or it

may be my personal indebtedness to those who have helped me, but I cannot help feeling that the newcomers should be given as much assistance as nosuNe Instructors are not competing against each other —

there is no pre-arranged pass rate of say 35 percent of candidates setting. So anothing we can do to improve the quality of instruction available can only benefit the students as individuals and the amateur body as a

#### REGULAR CONFERENCE ONCE A WEEK Ideally. I would like to be able to hold regular conferences of all instructors to discuss syllebus

interpretation, exam procedures and midual problems but I realise this is hardly possible with such a number of volunteers scattered throughout Australia However as the majority of our teachers are licensed

ampleure we have a communication resource to which no other group of teachers has access. It is with this in mind that I have been trying to establish a weekly Education Net on 80m, but I have been disappointed with the response

Thave been calling 'CO Education Net' at 1130 UTC on about 3 685MHz each Thursday evening for some time now

In response to several comments I have a so tried calling near the top of the novice section - 3 610-3 625MHz wherever I can squeeze in - at 1030 LTC. but have had very few replies on either frequency is this just a sign of poor publicity? Are the

enstructors uninterested in sharing ideas? Or am I just too over optimistic?

#### DON'T WHINGE

This net could also be valuable when I need some informal input on matters such as syllabus revision. text books to recommend or exam procedures. It is a chance for those who are most concerned with such matters to be heard cannot act on secondhand or overheard WHINGESIN

#### JOIN THE EDUCATION NET AND ADD YOUR POINT OF VIEW

It is also an easy way for you to let me know of classes being run I would greatly appreciate ANY information about classes for 1965 as soon as possible. In return, you will be rewarded by having your club or class put on the mating list for sample examination papers as they are produced SURELY AN OFFER TOO GOOD TO MISS.

## SPOTLIGHT

.

017

## SWLing

Robin Harwood, VK7RH 5 Helen Street, Launceston, Tas 7250

Severa DXes were recently surprised to her As an and African-signals come ing through at around 6200 JTC, which corresponds to middley in the eastern states, over the Ciri strains-New Year genod. Naturally reception only asset for a thori period, but ormary DX is given as an absent at that time. The where very few signals let alone any from these areas, can be saily heard.

#### STRANGE PROPAGATION

Naturally, several theories have been advanced excitating why. Dir from these regions have been observed They all ever credibility but the low sunspot countifigures prominantly in all fever credibility but the low sunspot countifigures prominantly in all feveries; boilises with promagnition from Articles center from the Anistrator prominant on from the Anistrator paths All this details as the normal transmission paths All this details as the normal transmission paths All this

Over the summer months, I was unable to receive any worthwhile OX, perticularly on the lower frequence as, because of the incessant levels of strong-heric state and noise. Fortunestry propagation opened up on the higher frequences to give some witeresting insteading, especially around 1300 UTC. This more than compensated for the loss of the hard the state of the compensation of the c

## FREQUENCIES SHIFT Don't forget that the M-85 period commenced on

osi on

Sunday 3rd March That is when there is a major shift of frequencies to take account of seasonal fluctuations. A so, I have frequently noted that the Utility Services after their schedules to take account of other

veriables. This is primarily because they are engaged in point to prior senice and not designed for the general or casual listener. You will have noted that stations are beginning to come in from different locations from that during the summer months. On the 60 motre band in particular, you will begin to observe Latin American as well as Indonesian low prowered senders.

### SUMMERTIME COMMENCES

Also don't longet that Summer Time commences on Sunday 31st, March throughout Europe and in the USSR on the 1st April Programmes for audiences within Europe will be one hour earlier, which will meen some frequency re-arrangement. Traditionally the USSR makes extensive frequency alterations on the 1st April and the 1st October as well.

#### **NEWS AROUND THE WORLD**

I would surmise that the majority of listeners to shortways broadcasts would mainly type in for news programmes. Many who have emigrated wish to keep in touch with developments in their homelands. But many others are listening to gain a wider perspective than is prouded by their local madia sources. One can readily come to an accurate assessment of a situation by comparing coverage of the news from a variety of sources. As the output from the local media sources does somewhat tend to auclusively concentrate on local rather than international issues, it is becoming mandatory to gain a wider base of information before forming an opinion. We do have a wide variety of news and information at our fingertips, instantaneously, instead of relying exclusively on a very narrow, brief encapsulation of what the news is from your local Now with the advant of RTTY demodulators inter-

facing with your home computer and TV set, more are funing in to press services to print up the news before it is broadcast over the electronic media, or later see it included in the print media. But alsa, these services are relying more on satellite or cable facilities to

Interest their detail Only about 35 per cent of ATTY signals currently being monitored on HF will easily print out, for increasingly the traffic servicing of a encoded However have are at it a number of press where the present out to the control of the present out to the control of the cont

Also the French News Agency (AFP) recently discontinued their newscasts from their Hong Kong relay, although reportedly still util sing a tes from France and elsewhere. The Korean Central Newsagency (KCNA or ATCC) in Pyongyang, North Korea is a prolific source with several senders comparatively close to the 20 metre amateur band. Try either 13.790 or 13 580 MHz at around 0900 UTC or 14,350 MHz at 1130 UTC. They are usually at the standard 50 Baud rate with a shift of 525 Hz. The Soviet TASS agency can also be frequently observed on a number of channels simultaneously. Try 14,700 MHz around 1200 UTC They are at 50 Baud with a 425 Hz shift Other smaller newsagencies are occasionally observed from time to time, yet , find the broadcasting news sources far more reliable than expensive demodurators or VDUs as one's ears are less expensive and more reliable

## ANTENNA WORKING Radio HCJB has recently begun to utilise the rinew

48 metre antienns array Signals to Europa and the South Pacific bit Inpedicity improve with the state addition 1 have noted MoJB on a new frequency of 6205 MHz. broadcesting to Europe n English As well, the station has continued the "Open Line Programmas" where the labelmes can phone in and participates. The "Open Line" this month will be on the 225 Mischael 2010 UT Cond 13.02, 450 or 11 923 MHz 255 Mischael 2010 UT Cond 13.02, 450 or 11 923 MHz 465 MHz to Europe Signal Signal Signal 465 MHz to Europe Signal Signal Will that at 36 or the amonth, until east time, the Well that at 36 or the amonth, until east time should will state at 56 or the amonth, until east time should will state the signal signal signal 465 MHz to Europe Signal 465 MHz to Eu

best of 73 and good intening - Robin VK7RH. AR

Bill Martin, VR2COD

FEDERAL INTRUDIER WATCH CO-ORDINATOR
33 Somerville Road, Hornsby Heights 1.5W 2017

As I type this column the temperature in the shack is 35 degrees celsius. As a matter of fact, it's so hot that the fan on the FT107 came or, and the rig isn't even switched on' I look forward to winter for cooler

over an total on it look to want to writer for cooler weather, and for foliants conditions on 80 metres. Was waring ast night to check into a net, and like noise was so bad on 80 metres, that the signal only improved about one 'S' point in haif an hour, which brought it up to \$11 ident get into the net.

Not much in the way of reports on 5AN. Adelaide lately so can I assume that the harmonic is no longer being heard? Rad o Budapest came up on 14.180 MHz, but am of the opinion this was an inonest mistake.

Radio Moscow seems to be having trouble with heer spuringan, this time on 7 070 MHz. It's about time the regimeers looked to their lauries SGI is still operating on 7 060 with CW, inspire of ARRL professis Am also receiving more and more reports on apparently cordiess phone operations, which are causing a problem.

R sp te of a well-planned and exhaustive campaign

against USSR intruder UMS, the DOC has not replied to my correspondence on the matter Have been using the newly-acquired personal

computer to assist with Intruder Watch paperwork, which is a help, but an not reading the full potential which is a help, but an not reading the full potential, the full potential is a help, but a find the computer yet, as the operator, fire alread, is a bit hopefels so fair! However, intruder reports are puth the computer as received, which nicely does away with the 12 hour typing job at the end of each month as was the case before the computer.

Rocaved a letter from ZL1BAD recently, and, amongst other function between the 60 meter band, and repeats that "in Region 3, the band 3.5 to 3.9 Mitts a allocated to the fixed mobile and ameleur services on an equal fooding, mutual now interference, beaux. THE ONLY INTRUDER THAT CAR EXECT ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD ARE STATIONS OF THE BROADCAST SERVICE "(Bob is Region 3 IW Co-ordinator).

Incidentally, saw a pecture of Bob's shack, and am green with envy! Just in passing, this was nearly the tast column by this amateur as only his morning whilest working on an osci oscope. I flook 240 volts across the cheat Left me with sore arms for a while Lest this be a sesson to us all ill observe her one-than in the pocket rule?, and never become based about memis-supplied gear. It doesn't often give you a second chance.

Been hearing quite a lot of activity on SSTV lately on 14.231 MHz. Don't in stake these strange is grid a for infruders, as this is a common frequency for this mode, and I know at least Z. 18T and VX4ZG won't appreciate any deliberate ORM

Better wind-up now, or the AR Editor will get upsat, so 73 for now please keep the intruder reports coming, and, next time you are CRM/ed by an intruder don't mumble to yourself in the shack make a note and send in an intruder report. All reports are welcomed and help us to help at other Amateur Operators. See you next morth.

AR

## LUB CORNER

#### LEPARC INCORPORATED

The Lower Eyre Peninsula Amateur Radio Chub are nianning ahead for South Australia's "Sequi -Centerary" Celebrations They have acquired a twin city in Texas, USA - the

There are two amateur radio clubs in Orange and it is intended to have scouts and guides from the Port Lincoln area speak to their counterparts in Orange during JOTA '85

Contributed by Jack Kleinrahm VKSAJB Honorary Secretary — LEPARC Inc

#### EASTERN AND MOUNTAIN DISTRICT DAY OF THE

The Annual General Meeting of the EMDRC will be held at 8 pm on Friday the 1st of March 1965 in the Wills Room at the Nunawading Civic Centre. Margandah Highway. Nunawading

### SOUTH WEST AREA CONVENTION

The South West Area Convention which was held at Young Showground in the Central West of NSW on





L to R - Jeff VK2EJJ, Slan VK3BSR and Norman Lange at the Bail Electronics trade display.

A good attendance, and weather on the Sunday was an oyed by all with keen interest shown in the various fox and hidden transmitter hunts. An interest-



Returning from the Fox Hunt.

ing incident being that one of the hidden transmitters was felt behind on the outskirts of Young near where it was hidden. Luckily enough it was still there when Peter VK2APP, went to pick it up 2 weeks later The evening dinner was held at the Guide Hall and enjoyed by all who attended.



From left - Peter VK2APP, Rose VK2BRC and Peter VK2DBI





From left - Jeff VK2KBK and Rod VK2DNF

## **NEW** in Australia

Super Stick II + 9db 5/8 wave Telescopic Plus a 2 Metre Duck for only

#### \$30.00 THE WORD IS OUT!

The SSII 2 metre five-eighth wave antenna exhibits 9dB gain over a short rubber duck when fully extended and 3dB when collapsed to a quarter wave The SSII is the solution to many of those fringe area problems that plague every repeater system. With the Tuned Antenna's exclusive modular construction you can replace or exchange any of the fifteen types of base conactors plus the telescopic section may be replaced for only \$9. The tuned loading coil/spring is soldered to the machined end caps not swedged ... And there are no ticky tacked capacitors or leads in the SSII loading coll to break

## PLUS

-SLIM DUCKS-VHF/UHF STANDARD DUCKS -VHF/LIME

THIN STICKS-VHF All with the same multiple base

YOUNAMETHE SET-WECANFITITU



This Multi-Based System available for any HT BNC, TNC, "F" Type PL 259 or Motorpia-Tempo

DEALER ENQUIRIES. WELCOME

Distributed by:

naeme Electronics

Ald Gormerly Redio Marine) Rear of 552 Whitehorse Road. MITCHAM, Vic 3132 Phone: (03) 873 4142 APS

## WORK THE WORLD WITH NO ANTENNA \$158 plus p&p



- No Antennal
- No Radio Required!
- No TVII
- No Landlord Problems!
- Operate Anytime You Want!

## DOCTOR DX<sup>TM</sup>

For the active CW operator, there is nothing more fun than operating with the "Doctor DX" CW DX simulator. For the person who has never liked CW, Doctor DX will show you what real fun is, Doctor DX has something for everyone from the aspiring novice to the experienced amateur licensee. And you need no DOC licence to operate Doctor DX!

With Doctor DX, al. you need is a Commodore 64 computer, a key (or keyer), and a TV set or

monitor. There is no need for an expensive transcerver, amplifier and antenna farm to enjoy the thrill of working "rare DX". No more TVI or dead bands! Doctor DX is more than the most sophisticated CW trainer ever developed, it is your DXpedition ticket to anywhere in the world at a very affordable

Dactor DX simulates real HF CW band conditions. All the stations you will work are generated by the computer. As you tune up and down the particular band you have selected, you will hear realistic sounding stations in contact with other stations (some within your skip zone). There is also the normal GRN and GRM one would expect to hear in the real world. All call letters heard are totally normal QRN and QRM one would expect to hear in the real world. All call letters heard are totally random (sub-get to the country's callisign assignment rules). The prefixes are weighted according to the amaleur radio population density, with 504 possible countries represented. The speed of sta-tions aperating in the lower portion of the bands is much laster than those operating in the upper band segments. The "operators" are also more polished in the lower portion of the bands. Radio propagation (programmed for each band) represents what you would expect to hear on a good propagation day at the peak of the sunspot cycle. The propagation follows the internal real-time clock that you set before beginning operation. All the simulated stations you hear (with proper

prefixes) are at distances you would expect to hear for the time of day and band selected.
You can learn and enhance your CW operating skills with Doctor DX, Doctor DX will not reward

bad habits Advanced Electronic Applications even offers an awards programme to owners of Docfor DX that work all zones, 100 countries, 5 band Dr DXCC, or Doctor DX Honor Roll.

The Doctor DX CW trainer is a totally new concept in amateur radio. See what all the excitement is about Send for full details.

BUILDING 51. ARCHERFIELD AIRPORT, QLD 4108 Ph. (07) 277 5624 Telex 43318



## JIM LINION, VK3PC VIX3 WIA MOTTES DIVISIONAL PRESIDENT





#### **NEW MEMBERS**

A warm welcome is extended to the following who have recently joined the WIA, Victorian Division. Reace Baines VK3KPB, Joseph Elinit Pater Hamilton VK3XFO Christopher Mortey VK3YSS, Trevor Paul, Stephen Pierrehumbert vK3XSP Steven Price. Alan Robinson Heinz Ruef, VK3DWO, Daniel Vita, C Walton VK3PWA K West VK3PKW, R Young VK3BIC Kraus Brandt VK3DUX Hartmut Budde VK3DYD.

Chinese Radio Sport Association RY4AA, Max Cold bourn VK3KMD, Mark Exchler, Harry Groot VK3PHB Neil Hartley VK3RIII S Heath VK3VSH Ren Jones John Read, Neil Watt VK3XNW, Valene Watts VK3PVW, Alma Webster VK3PIP, Jan Zukowski VK3X.17

R Fenn WOLXQ, Timothy Adams, Michael Bisak VK3XAS, Paul Bradbury VK3XGP, Paul Butler VK3DBP. David Byrne, Joseph Chan, Christopher

Chapman, Frederick Elvott VK3ZAQ, John Ellrott VK3PEX, Alan Foulstone VK3VAF, Athert Gracosrine VK3ZZX, Ivanhoe Grammar School Radio Club VK3IE David Milner VK3KJN Frederick Nevror VK3AQN Barry Nolan, Maurice O Keefe VK3KO, Viviag Ryag VK3VRM. Ross Swinton VK3ZNR. A Verbove VK3YVJ

New members are always welcome so join a friend now

> Guy Minter VK4ZXZ FEDERAL COUNCILLOR Box 638, GPO, Brisbane, Qld 4001



## VKA WIA ROTES

respected, and as such, this proposal will receive the support of all operators

This year for the first time in a few years VK4 have forwarded two motions to be considered at the Federal Convention The motions are as for ows —

MOTION

Moved VK4 that ail Australian Amateur Radio Contests be frequency restricted such that scoring contacts be limited to no more than two-thirds of each of the amateur bands, with specific frequency limits on each hand to be determined by the FCM. Supporting Comments

1 Contests encourage the use of our Amateur Red o Rende and therefore must be supported by the majority of operators. However the right to use noncontest spectrum by those who do not wish to partic pate in contest operation should at all times. be respected and as such reasonable spectrum allocation should be made for each group.

2 Participation in Amaleur Radio Contests does improve the skills of contecting, operating, log keeping and QSLing and in the best traditions of amateur radio must therefore be supported 3 It is known that a significant proportion of

Amateur Radio Coerators anioy lengthy QSOs, and do not wish to be involved in time-efficient contesttype QSOs. These operators do not fully enjoy their chosen hobby during contest periods. The specifying of at least one-third of available spectrum/per band for non-context use will ensure that amateurs who are not isynhed in contacts will still be able to enjoy their

4 For some time now radio amateurs throughout the world have been requesting some contest-free operating spectrum space. Whilst the WIA strongly supports the concept of contests, the rights and privileges of the individual must, at all times, be

MOTION 2 Moved VK4 that an Australian Standard on packet radio be established, such protocols to be widely circulated to ensure full Australian participation in this aspect of our hobby

Supporting Comments 1 Through the use of satelvite systems, a I such user systems should be fully compatible with recog-

mend interretional standards 2 Unattended operation is now a vital part of our hobby so repeaters and as 1 a an integra part of packet rad p sullable protocols should be established by user groups (to be further co-ordinated by FTAC)

to ensure efficient use of our spectrum

WA BULLETIN Fred Parsonage VK6PF Acting Secretary Box 10, West Perth, WA 6005

NOTICE OF AGM Notice a hereby given that the AGM of the West

Australian Division of the Wireless Institute of Australia will be held on Tuseday the 16th April 1985 at the Institute of Engineers 712 Murray Street, West Perth a) the conclusion of the General Meeting, Business to be transacted will be

1 Consideration of Councils Annual Report 2 Election of Office Bearers vis

a President

b Vice President c 7 Other Councillors

2 6 Inches of two Auditors 4 Approximent of a Patroc

5 General Business which has been duty notified. Apenda tems will be advised on the Divisional news broadcast on the three Sundays prior to the

Members unable to attend may appoint a proxy in writing in the following form

1 ..... being a member of the

Institute hereby appoint . also a member of the Institute to act for me as my proxy and in my name to do all things which I myself being present could do at the AGM of the institute to be held at the Institute of Engineers, West Perth on Tuesday the 16th April 1985.

Signature . . . . . . . . Witness . .

Date ... Nominations for Council must be tendered in

The VK2 Mini Bulletin, usually on these pages. has been incorporated into the special Seventy-Fifth Anniversary Feature. See pages 27 to 37.

writing to the Secretary, signed by two members and the nominaled members ecceptance 42 days prior to the AGM General Business Agende items must be tendered

in writing to the Secretary signed by three members 42 days prior to the AGM

TASMANIAN MEMVS

NOTICE OF MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Tasmanian Division of the Wireless Institute of Australia will be held on Saturday, 18th March 1985, commencing at

The venue will be the Beaconsfield Council
Chambers in Eden Street Riverside Launceston Ail welcome. Come along and have your voice heard to your Institute.

NOTICE



All copy for inclusion in May 1985 Amateur Radio must arrive at Box 300, Caulfield South. 3162 no later than midday 22nd March.

Pasa 60 AMATEUR RADIO, Murch 1985



Standing L to R — Dick Boxell VKSARZ, Janet Builing VKSNEI, John Builing VKSKX.
Seated L to R — Pat Boxell and Gillian Wardrop at the WIA Plonic, November 1984.



From left — Trevor Wrigley VKSATW, John Butler VKSNX, Ian Flak VKSIF and Mitch Hamilton VKSAZM at the Pionic.

the business looks like going over time, then it will have to be postponed until later that night or some other appropriate time.

DIARY DATES

28th MARCH General Meeting (specker unknown,

listen to the Broadcast for details) (and don't forget seem to the encodest for desiral (encoded and transfer those nominations for Council positions). 18th-23rd MARCH Jubilee 150 Launch in Rundle Mail. Listen to the Broadcast for details. 23rd APRIL. AGM (not 25th as published in the Events Calendar).

## PRESTIGIOUS AWARD FOR AWARD CUSTODIAN





At the November General Meeting we were unable to conduct a business meeting after the speaker because everyone (or most) left with the speaker and we were unable to reise a quorum. As we cannot not

the Division without the business side it has been decided to start the meetings at 7.45 pm in future, and to hold the business first. The speaker will start

around 8.30 pm (earlier if there is less business) and if



Dr Peter Barday VK3FR, was the recipient of a préssigous Australia Day inscribed médallion présented by Dr John Zilfmen, Director of the Bureau of Meteorology, al a galhering in excess of 150 staff members on the 25th January, 1965

The award was instigated by the Australia Day The award was insignated by the Australia DNA Committee in 1994 for ones leadership and dedication to their chosen profession. In presenting Peter's mediation, the nonly one presented within the Meteorological Bureau this year, Dr Zillman praised the work of Peter and his colleagues on a specific project over the last few years and stated "Write! I know you see that these are very much team achievements, 1 am mat these are very much issum acreevements, I am sure there is a universal agreement that the most significant confliction over the years has come from your personal leadership and high professional sten-dards whach have set an excellent example to your colleaguest throughout the Buneau."

Peter, well known in amateur circles, including being custodian of the Keith Roget Memorial National Parks Award, has been with the Bureau for 22 years. In that time, apart from being with many departments, he has seen service overseas, firstly as an exchange circles for based receives in the 100 for 1000 and produced for the produced of the 1000 and produced for the 1000 and 1000 later in Pakietan in 1978.

Congratulations Peter.





eter (L) receiving the Medallion from Dr ohn Zillman, Director of the Bureau of

AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985 - Page 61



## LETTERS TO THE RIDITTOR



#### MUBE RBIAL IN UR

We, as licensed Novices, wish to raise a few ideas which we be seen if addressed could ead to an legranes in WIA membership and more on mable partic pation of amateurs who are striving to broaden their knowledge

In the June 1984 AR it was stated that we need to get new members or there will be an increase in subscription. Again in January 1985 ARI we find the Federal Office offenna incentives to roin or re-new subscriptions to WIA - vet another plea for member-

I is contended that the greatest potential area for new members is the "new novice" and especially one who is from "outside the electronic world. These people wish to learn and enjoy their new hobby and one or two componentary copies of AR could help

encourage these people to become members To do this there is a definite need to cater to his bands What good is VHF, UHF RTTY, Satelfiles Computers Competitions and the many aspects of advanced (Full Call) activities if the reader fails to understand ferms like Keplerian elements. Points and Multipliers, or the time variations between satellites They may have some passing interest but do not help the new or old Novice who finds the full call beyond his aptitude and time available with other commitments of family and possibly even finances. Look at est year's issues of AR and work out the percentage of articles directed to the Novice or SWL who is fee ng his way into their chosen hobby. What we ask is that the experienced remember that they were once new, when maybe the pace was slower - your problems, aspirations and quenes are ours today Help the many new or outside Novices because we are the membersh p of the future

We realise the cost of running the WIA and these costs must be paid by the members, but give the I lusion of providing something more than a \$35 pa magazine subscription. Perhaps the possibility of extra benefits to members could be explored for example, perhaps the retail price of the call book should be more (\$10) with a reduction (half price) for WIA members The figures clearly show that many do not consider

the WIA worthwhile as they have either left or not joined because nothing of interest was offered, or they were to rill was of no value. Obtaining articles is an acceptable and real problem which will require some effort Both of us are office holders in our local amateur

radio club and support the WIA so we hope this will be taken in the spint in which it is written because we have thought about this for many months. At a recent club meeting we outlined to members the points govered in this letter and those present could accept the points raised In this 75th Anniversary Year there could well be a

renewal of interest that could give the WIA the opportunity to bring new members to the fold Yours in radio

Concerned Navices. VKSNIK VK5PWA Signed fan Phillips YK5NtK Box 425. Port Lincoln, SA, 5606 ..

### POLARISED SOCKETS

horizontal s negative

May I congratulate VK2BZC on bringing up the subject of orientation of pins on C ipsal 495 polarised sockets in WICEN News AR, Jan 1985 I have had I po nted out to me, rightly or wrongly,

over many years, that in the world of amateur radio. the vertical portion of the T is positive and the Would someone care to give the amateurs, present and future, a definite and authoritive ruling so that ar Amateur Radio Operators Standard, may be applied In the interests of equipment salely, and otherwise

the standard for radio use of 2 nin notarised Extra Low Voltage plugs and sockets should be recorded under Data Sheets in catalogues and handbooks and be given far more publicity More and more of these filtings are coming into use

with the construction of heavy duty 13.8V regulated power supplies. Bone Commit WARD

53 Festing Street Albeny, WA 6330

#### REPEATER MOUNTAINS In the north east of Victoria there are two 2 metre

recenters, one at Mount Wombat VK3RGV Channel 6650 and much further up into the mountains to the east of Wangaratta and south of Wodonga on Mount Big Ben is VK3RNE Channel 7000. Mount Big Ben will he initial by another repeater on Mount Mittamatile which may even be coupled to Mount Big Ben providing approval is given

Mount Big Ben repeater, uses a Philips FM-828 transceiver has an Effective Radiated Power over a 1 wave dipole of about 35 to 40 watts. In the near future an improved antenna will be placed on a new lower about 30 metres higher than at present and will have on FRP of about 120 watts

All of the above work is expected to give the repeater a better range and make copy solid in some doubtful areas. As most would be aware the north east of Victoria is mountainous and as such many areas do suffer with weak signals. The use of efficient antennae on vehicles and all least 10 waits is desirable if you want to be heard. A handheld sitting on the seat of a car with a rubber ducky antenna is not the way to work this repealer. When climbing mountains on foot however, handhelds have proved very useful and have featured in rescue artuations. Yours faithfully RD Chempness VK3UQ

(Sec/Trees NE Zone Repeater Group) 31 Holms Court Benella, Vic. 3672

#### CONGRATULATIONS I was sorry to see just recently that Tony Treos

VK3QQ was relinquishing his post as Federal EMC Co-ordinator From what I have seen of Tony's efforts I believe we have been most fortunate in having someone as enthusiastic as he has been, over what is probably one of the most critical periods in the on going battle to achieve reasonable Electro-Magnetic Compatibility between various electronic equipment eg Video Recorders and radio transmitting stations Congratulations Tony on the work you have done.

hope that we can find another keen and capable person to fill your shoes. Yours laithfully RD Champness VK3UG 31 Helms Court

Benalla, Vic. 3672.

AB

THANK YOU AMATEUR OPERATORS AND RADIO CLUBS: 1984 has come and gone, and with it the 27th Jamboree on the Air, which once again, has been an outstanding success. Thanks to the support of amateur

radio operators and radio clubs 27,800 Scouts, Guides, Leaders and supporters took part in the 27th Jamboree on the Air from just over 500 amateur radio stations, thanks to the generosity of 1,050 operators who gave so freely of eur time and facilities. 5,700 contacts were logged, of which 1,000 were DX, down 50 percent on last year. and due no doubt to the poor propagation conditions this year However ever resources, and orangred the Scouts and Guides turned these conditions to their own advantage by enjoying longer contacts with Australian stations and some extreme y long QSOs were reported

Some idea of the contribution by amateurs in Australia can be gauged from the results of a survey conducted last year by the World Scout Bureau into participation in JOTA in the various scouting nations Not surprisingly Austra is ported very well as will be seen from the following figures given by the Bureau with amateur station involvement indicated in paranthesis peach case When one looks at the population of some of the other countries, particularly the USA and the UK. Austral-a did very wel. Figures for the five leading countries were as follows - United States 75,000 (2,500). Australia, 20,000 (460). Netherlands, 15.500 (210) Brazil 15.000 (650) and United Kingdom 12.500 (455) The National Opening Ceremony from the grounds

of Government House. Canberra again played a significant part in this year's Jamboree, with technical facilities again provided by the Royal Naval Amateur Badio Society under the direct on of Bear Admiral Jim Lloyd (Ret) - VK1JL Again Their Exce encies gave the Opening Addresses supported by the Aus-Irakan Chief Commissioners of Scouts and Guides Some operators were again confused by the oper-

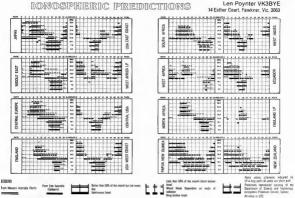
ating procedures during the call backs effer the Opening Ceremony Perhaps it should be pointed out that to provide the widest possible coverage and to include facilities for novice operators, the National Opening Ceremony and call backs go out a mu taneupsly on three separate trance vers ( ve) on three separate frequencies - 7 090 14 190, and 21 190 MMz. There does not appear to be any problem with the Opening Ceremony itse! but when all the call backs are accepted they are acknowledged on the three frequencies but accepted on as no efrequency when the Official Guests reply. The science on the other two frequencies apparently causes some concern and we will be looking at ways in 1985 of keeping the listening stations on the quiet" frequencies informed as to what is happen no at that time However despite all that the call backs in 1984 were the best ever and we were in fact, nundated being able to accept only a representative number from each State in the limited time available The Report on the participation in the 27th Jamboree

on the Air was my last report as Nationa Coordinator After 21 years in that appointment. I tendered my resignation as from 31st December 1984 I am very pleased to be able to announce that my successor is the Branch Commissioner for Radio Activities in the Western Austra an Scool Branch -Peter Hughes VKSHU a well respected Scouter and well known amateur radio operator in the VK6 Division Like myself. Peter has been associated with JOTA since the first one in 1958 and is Australia's longest serving Branch JDTA Organiser having held that appointment since 1969 Peter takes over my appointment from 1st January 1985 while continue an my support role only unt I after the next National Opening Ceremony So let me express once more my apprec abon for

the efforts of the amateurs in supporting not only the 27th JOTA but for the invaluable help and support since my appointment as National Co-ordinator in 1964 and for the 6 years prior to that when I was associated with JOTA at state and scoul group level in Queensland Please continue to give Peter Hughes the same support in the years ahead! Noel Lynch VK4BNL.

National Co-ordinator 27th JOTA, 15 Noefine Street, Dorrington, Qtd, 4060

Page 62 - AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985





building housing the famous Richard Smith

establishment and felt happy with anticipa-

tion as he wedged his ancient Holden into

the car park. In his pocket he had a list of

things he wanted and he had even remem-

bered to bring some money. He hadn't

forgotten that argument last time about the

He entered the swing doors and almost

immediately found himself trapped in the

revolving turnstile. Pushing this vigorously

aside, he instantly discovered himself out

in the street again. Another attempt and he

been in the place. He hadn't been game

enough to return since that unfortunate

incident with the loudspeaker unit. It had

been standing on the floor and Bill had, quite inadvertently, put his size nine boot

through it whilst wandering around gazing

It was quite some time since he had

succeeded in entering the shop.

out of date Bankcard!

Bill Goes Shopping

him. Luckily for him, nobody was quite sure what had really happened and Bill, of course, was all innocence.

This time most of the assistants seemed to be new. All, that is, except one. He spotted Bill, frowned, and came over to

"Can I help you, sir?" he enquired politely. But his eyes never left Bill's boots. "Looking for a few bits," said Bill, handing over his now crumpled list.

The assistant took out his glasses and read it. Then he went to some shelves and pulled out some boxes, taking components out as he did so.

"There we are, sir," he said. "Anything else?" It was obvious that he wanted Bill out of the place as rapidly as possible. but Bill had other ideas.

"Think I might have a wander round," said Bill, handing over his money and collected his tightly stapled plastic bag of bits

The assistant said nothing, Instead, a grey ashen look came over his normal healthy features and he turned and he turned and whispered something to a fellow assistant. The latter reached down

Ted Holmes VK3DEH 20 Edmunds Street, Parkdale, Vic. 3195

and switched on a surveillance camera and both gazed fixedly at a TV screen as the overhead camera followed Bill's progress around the store.

However, the camera couldn't follow Bill everywhere and it was whilst he was out of camera view behind some shelves that there was a sliding sound, followed by a heavy thump. Assistants rushed from all directions and they found Bill staring down at the remains of an expensive oscilloscope draped over one of his boots. Whilst they watched, almost paralyzed with amazement, a piece of the tube fell from the number 9 with a gentle tinkle.

"Didn't touch it," Bill declared firmly. "Damned near broke my toes. Lucky for you it didn't!" Indeed this would have been a miracle, since Bill's boots were lined with steel toecaps.

Then he strade decisively out, with numerous sets of eyes following him. A brief struggle with the turnstile and he was out in the street again. He felt slightly annoyed. What was the matter with them all? Couldn't a fellow just look at things and occasionally try some of the knobs and switches? Damn it all! they never seemed to worry in disposal stores. . . .

skywards. The speaker had sailed through the tair, as though propelled from a gun, and demolished a plate glass display cabinet. The result had been rather spectacular. Crashing glass fragments flew in all directions and the silence afterwards could be felt, as all eyes turned towards

## Silent Keys

It is with deep regret we record the passing of -

the passing of —
MR ALFRED ISAACS VK2AVI
15-01-85

## ECLAMATE

PLEASE NOTE: If you are advertising items FOR SALE and WANTED please write each on separate sheets, including ALL details, og Name, Address, on both. Please write copy for your Hamad as clearly as possible.

preferably typed.

• Please insert STD code with phone numbers when you advertise.

• Eight lines free to all WIA members. \$8 per 10 words

Eight lines rea to all wis members, 3e per 10 words minimum for non-members.
 Copy in typescript please or in block letters double spaced to PO Box 300, Caulfield South 3162.

Repeats may be charged at full rates.
 QTHR means address is correct as set out in the WIA current Call Book.
 Ordinary Hamads submitted from members who are

deemed to be in the general electronics citall and wholesale distributive trades should be certified as referring only to private articles not being resold for merchandising purposes. Conditions for commercial advertising are as follows:

Conditions for commercial advertising are as follows: The rate is \$22.50 for four lines, plus \$2 per line (or part thereof) minimum charge \$22.50 pre-payable. Copy is required by the deadline as stated below indexes on page 1.

AMIDON FERROMAGNETIC CORES: Large range for all receiver and transmitter applications. For data and price list send 105 x 220 SASE TO: RJ & US IMPORTS. Box 157, Mortdale, NSW 2223. (No enquiries at office: 11 Macken Street, Oakley, 2223).

"FROM PASTURES GREEN TO THE SILVER SCREEN"
A 20th century suckloopseph completing 156 excessed
and 275 silversections by John W Gerned WCARON (pince
and 275 silversections by John W Gerned WCARON (pince
original Pictures shows Mark (Lewersect) Persing 1 in 1564 and
became a radio amateur in 1586 and an eclive member of
Lions international since 1585. And a solive member of
Lions international since 1585. And a solive member of
Lions international since 1585. And a solive member of
memorises of a series of exciting experiences and markets
able events to paper. Price \$14.68 plus 25.50 postage and
practicaging. A radiable from John W Gerned, East Bomiles

## ☐ WANTED — ACT ☐ CATSWHISKER CRYSTAL DETECTOR. Prefer barrel type. Ted VK1AEP, QTHR. Tel: (082) 41 7376.

ICOM HF LINEAR AMPLIFIER, solid state. Berry VK1ABR, QTHR. Tel. (062) 72 4172 BH or (062) 85 5652 AH.

TOWER, A 35-45' tith-over or crank-up tith-over tower for HF Yagi installation. Details of condx, age, price and estimate freight costs to Canberra are requested. Also any of the following valves wanted. 6A.28, 6BNs, 6CLB, 6CDG, 6EBs, (2AT), 5COB, 64JS and 811. Info to Dan VKIST,

#### D WANTED - NSW D

OTHR. Tel: (062) 58 5664 AH.

COMMERCIAL LOW BAND FM TCVR — converted to or suitable for conversion to 6m. Also Kenwood SP-520 or SP-620 spkr unit. Peter VK2APJ, QTHR. Tel: (047)

59 1651.

KENWOOD 2400 HANDHELD or similar unit. Also
Kenwood 590 tv WK2RVK, CTHR, Tel: (047) 71 4205.

SOLID STATE LINEAR AMP — 200/250W. Needed for RTTY contacts. Exchange "Microbee" IC32 computer, stacks software. Cash either way or purchase outright. Quote price to VK2BBD, Longford, Bendemser, NSW. 2552

YAESU QTR 24 CLOCK, in good condx. R Murphy

#### □ WANTED — QLD □

CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS of AMR-300 rx, 62 and A-510 tx/rx, AT-21 tx, Type 5 per supply for ex-serviceman/restorer. Pay good price. VK4EF, QTHR. Tet. (07) 38 1803.

FR-1088/FL-2008 — FRDX-400/FLDX-400 or FTDX560 or similar. Also Eddystone GC rx EG-880. State price and condx to VK4CB, GTHR. Tel: (07) 202 6566.

VALVE TESTER, old valves (any condx) for collection. Old radios, JR collear TV circuits publications, Dick Smith 27MHz rx and ix tester for CB radios, VK4DY, QTHR. Tol: (071) 96 1186.

#### □ WANTED — WA □

ANY INFORMATION on Heelthkit general purpose CRO, Model 10-21. Arthur VK6SY, QTHR.

## □ FOR SALE — ACT □ COLLECTOR ITEMS: Crystal ast a good example of

home-brew, probably 1920s violage. Has variousple home-brew, probably 1920s violage. Has variousple honeycomb colls, equier bushar, Hiz phones els: WWI army relephones. One sech JAP, Austract 17\* MKII, telesor 10\* MKIV, Philips bett charger type 1016/1017, probably 1920s or sarry 30s vinlage. Prices negotiable. Ted VK1AEP, CITHR. Tel: (060) 41 7376.

COM 748 INSEN with 455HE SSS and CWI narrow filter.

\$860 ONO. Barry VK1ABR, QTHR. Tel: (052) 72 4172 BH or (052) 96 5552 AH.

FT-901 WITH MEMORY, CW filter and YD-148 deak mic. \$795. FL-21009 linear amp. \$300. VK2AAB. Tel: (02) 487 1428. DECRARED ESTATE OF VK2ETV — Kenwood PS-90

power supply, Kenswood TR-1800/2m tour, Kanswood 5305 tour, Kanswood TR-200 2m tours, Kanswood TR-200 ant turer. Kanswood HC-10 digi world clock, Kenswood MM-81 dig meter, Kanswood MC-30 mic. Yasau YM-38 mic. Clipab brass kay, Centron "Big Dummy" IXW dummy lowd, National DR-48 comm r.: Black CTW all bend ant. Rob VKZEPA. Tei: Cito 980 0898.

KENWOOD TR-5890 Im PNI h held complete with access 240° charges, the art. LH-2 leader shrifflis case, P8-25 bet peck, 81°-1 belt case, MS-1 mobile stand, SMC-2891/mic, Nobole 5396 (MO VP-5200 25W lines army to sail. 85 GNO. TNI-201A compact 2m FNI 25W mobile stand, SMC-07 mobile stand, NbC-07 mobile stand, SMC-07 mobile stand, SMC-07 mobile stand, SMC-07 mobile stand, NbC-07 mobile st

KENWOOD TS-1305 TCVR — power supply, deak mic and headphones. \$595 ONO. Fred Jenkins VK2BFJ. KENWOOD TS-\$265 TCVR. Very good condx with CW lilter, ext VFC, digit redout, micand menual. \$575 the lot. John VK2MV, QTVRT, Tel. (92) 525 4652.

MICROSEE IC-32 COMPUTER — lots cassetie software.

All manuels plus working RTTY decoder, \$375 post paid.

Will exchange 2m all mode tx/rx, VK2BBD, Longford.

Bandemeer, NSW, 2352, All mail answerted.

OSCAR 10 ORBITAL DATA FOR YOUR QTH, 1 mth \$10, 2 mths \$18, 3 mths \$25. Send SASE for sample printout. FT-243 xtals. 20 dtff freq between 3.5 and 6MHz. \$10. lan VK2ZIO, QTHR. Tet. (02) 680 2112.

SHACK CLEARANCE, Hustler LBTV with 80m resonator \$85. Kenwood TH-2200G 2m, 12 ch and MC-10 mic \$90 MFJ-410 professor Mores \$110. Random CW and keye \$110. MK-701 sideswiper CW paddle \$25. Denis VK2AOO. Tel: (053) \$2.5977.

SWAN 240 SSB TCVR — 80, 40, 20m with ext VFO, power supply and spkr. Menual Included, \$150 ONO. Commo rx DX-1504, 0.5-50MHz. Ex counts \$100. Calculator Howless Packard HP-38E with power supply. Faulty display. Also 2 incomplete AWA MR-6A low band levris with circuit diagram. What others? Bruco VK2BHN. EE, (62) 45 3706.

#### D FOR SALE - VIC D

IAMBIC KEYER — MFJ-408 delux, as new. Full lambic or semi-auto modes. 8-50 WPM, speed meter, weight control, practice side-tone. \$150. Graeme VICSBGH. Tel: (03) 870.4373. AH

IC-251A — 144MHz all mode tovr. 12 mths old and little used. Mutek frontend for IC-251A, new and boxed. Belcom 70A 428MHz tovr, all mode base station. Have worked 67 countries on Oscar 10 with that rig. VKGMEX,

CULMB

ICOM IC-580 6m FM/SSE/CVI tov \$300. Yeaso F7-901D ICOM IC-580 6m FM/SSE/CVI tov \$300. Yeaso F7-901D ICOV. IIIGM with MA/CVI Sheep. 10-200. The Tice Argonaut 509 Icov \$240 OND. Icom IC-2000. Am FM/SSE/CVI for \$350. This 0-8950 or \$30. Yeaso FM/V-700 116-150, 140-150, 50-56MHz converter \$25. Netroy MA/I Dask power indicator. 2009 model \$50. Hid-Mound HK-702 Morra key (martiel base) \$2, Type 51 Intellypes \$15. Sees. Conc. Told 15 Intellypes \$25. Cvi over 4 (XXX500 value for 4 XXX500 value or self for \$20. Eric VICERAC, CTIPSE ICI, (IST) \$5.250.

ICOM 225. As new, no mods. \$200. Hy-Gain TH3 jnr. Good condx \$170. VK3EC, QTHR. Tet: (03) 541 2598 BH.

SHACK CLEARANCE. Superb DXrig. FT-102 as new 1.8. kité SSB narrow filter. Full vorkhop pranuals. Will demo \$750. FT-1012D as new, used only as stby fig. Full shop manuals 550. Yeary VM-3646 kird 530. Show 464 depk mile \$75. Barry VKSXV, OTHR. Tel: (03) 527. 4029 after 5 pm. SYSTEM 80 COMPUTER — w/expansion unit. monitor. 2

disk drives. NEWDOS-LDOS-many programmes. \$900. John VKSWZ, Tel: (03) 557 1771 AH.

## □ FOR SALE — QLD □ ICOM 502 in good conds with h/book. Home brew

transverter 52-144MHz. Lin amp 20%, 52MHz. Lin amp 25W 144MHz. All transistorised, next clean units. All for \$225. New 888A valves. Many others new and used. Enquiries welcoms. VK4ZAL, QTHR. Tel: (07) 269 6832.

mobile. No mods. 13.8V. \$400. VK4UQ, QTHR. Tel: (078) 45 1708 evenings.

□ FOR SALE — SA □

#### COMPUTER - TRS 80 - MOD 1 - LEV II - 15k and

monitor: Exconds \$20.0 Siemens printer in exconds \$50.0 Self-contained portable (spewirder Mr). Ow generator: FIFO mam/buffer. 8-80 WPM \$100. FRG-7 gen com rx \$200. ALI ONO, Sundry components (new and usefy all in good condx with other items. Tom VKSNTJ. Tel: (08) \$30.00 MID (19) Tel: (19) Tel:

control and rx preemp fitted, \$200 ONC. Good condx Trevor VK5ZTJ, Tel: (08) 254 7876.

### advertisers' index

AM-COMM COMMUNICATIONS ... 8 **AUSKITS** BAIL ELECTRONIC SERVICES ..... DATON ELECTRONICS DICK SMITH ELECTRONICS EASTERN COMMUNICATION CENTRE ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL .. 3 & 10 EMTRONICS . FERGUSON TRANSFORMERS PTY LTD ......51 GES ELECTRONIC IMPORTS GRAEME FLECTRONICS PTY LTD ..... HIGH TECHNOLOGY COMPUTER SYSTEMS PTY LTD .....13 HY-TECH DISTRIBUTORS 59 IAN J TRUSCOTT ELECTRONICS ..... 56 ICOM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD ..... K BRUCESMITH & G SCOTT ..... PARAMETERS PTY LTD ....IBC TRIO-KENWOOD (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD .... ...8 W & M DEVELOPMENTS PTY LTD ..... WECAM

WIA (NSW DIVISION) Novice Licence ......

WII I JAM WILLIS & CO PTY LTD .....

WILLIAMS PRINTING SERVICES

PTY LTD ...

VK2EAM. Tel: (075) 38 4915.

Page 64 — AMATEUR RADIO, March 1985



## MARCH SPECIALS KENWOOD QUALITY AT AFFORDABLE PRICES





### TS-530SP HF Transceiver

with built-in power supply





## TR-7950 2 metre FM TRANSCEIVER

45 watts output, 21 memory channels





## R-2000 COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER

worlds leading all mode receiver Receives 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Sold and supported by PARAMETERS PTY LTD

Melbourne Office: 53 Governor Road, Mordialloc, Victoria 3195. Phone: (03) 580 7444 Postal: PO Box 122, Mordialloc, Victoria 3195 Australia Telex: AA 33012 (Incorporated National) Offer valid until 31/3/85 or until stocks are sold



1865

# ICOM IC-27A The Most Compact 2 Meter Mobile!

Now ICOM presents on important breathrough in Neumeter mobile communications. the IC-27A. The smallest two-meter mobile available, the IC-27A measures only 38 millimeters high by 140 millimeters wide. As an added bonus, the IC-27A, Brough ICOM engineering, is able to contain an Internal splitoker to provide ease of mourning and compact compact compact promote promoters.

Internal

Conches





32 Pt Frequencies Option.
The C27A is available with optional 32 Pt Irequencies ready to go and controlled from the frost ponel knob. Each Pt Irequency may be selected by the main living knob and stored into memay for easy access along with frequency.

10 Memories. The IC-27A has 10 funable memories available to store receive frequency, transmit offset, offset Memories are backed up by a lithium backup battery, which will store memories for up to seven years.

Speech Synthesizer. As an added plus, the IC-27A features an opliand is speech synthesizer t verbally announce the receiver frequency of the lians selver through the simple posth of a bloom what frequency he is operating on without leading the lians of the law that frequency he is operating on without leading at the

Scanning, included with the IC-27A is a scanning system which allows scanning of memories or scanning of the band. Each memory may be scanned between programmable limits.

Priority Scan. Priority may be selected to be either a memory channel or a VFO channel. By using sampling techniques, the operator can determine if a frequency he is interested in using is free or busy.

Microphone, Each IC-27A
comes complete with a
microphone which includes a
16-button touchtone pod for
access to your favourite repeater
or for dialiting through an
autopotch.



THE ICOM 27A is a superior piece of amaleur equipment engineered and built by ICOM to provide superb performance in the mobile radio environment. See the IC-27A of your local ICOM dealer.

28 Welft. In such on incredibly into Dipockage the C-27A is dole to provide 28 cere in C-27A is dole to provide 28 cere in Dought Bef. (2-27A is the smallest available two-matter mobile and this possibilities of the C-27A is the smallest available two-matter mobile and this possibilities of the C-27A is the smallest available two-matter in C-27A is the smallest available two-matter in C-27A is the smallest available two-matter in C-27A is the smallest available to the C-27A is the smallest available to the control of the C-27A is the smallest available to the control of the C-27A is the smallest available to the control of the C-27A is the smallest available to the control of the control









Discover a new deal with ICOM AUSTRALIA PTY, LTD.

7 DUKE STREET WINDSOR 3181 VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA TEL: (03) 529 7582 TLX: AA 35521 ICOMAS

